

KB 建



公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Cheung Kwok Wing (陳國榮)
Mr. Chan Wing Kwan (陳永鏗) resigned as the Managing Director and an executive Director and re-designated as a non-executive Director on 11 January 2011.
Mr. Cheung Kwok Kwan
Mr. Chang Wing Yi
Mr. Ho Yin Sang
Ms. Cheung Wai Lin, Secretary
Mr. Mok Cham Hong, Chadwick
Mr. Chen Maoheng (陳茂盛) resigned on 11 January 2011.

Non-Executive Director

Mr. Chan Wing Kwan (陳永鏗) resigned on 11 January 2011.

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Dr. Cheng Wai Chee, Chairman
Mr. Henry Tan
Mr. Lai Cheung Wing, Robert
Mr. Tse Kam Hong

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Lo Ka Leung

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of America, N.A.
Bank of Communications Co., Ltd.
China Construction Bank Corporation
Citibank, N.A.
DBS Bank Ltd., Hong Kong Branch
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited
Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation

AUDITOR

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu
Certified Public Accountants

董事會

執行董事

張國榮先生(主席)
陳永鏗先生(於二零一一年一月十一日
辭任董事總經理兼執行董事，
並調任為非執行董事)
張廣軍先生
鄭永耀先生
何燕生先生
張偉連女士
莫湛雄先生
陳茂盛先生(於二零一一年一月十一日獲委任)

非執行董事

陳永鏗先生(於二零一一年一月十一日調任)

獨立非執行董事

鄭維志博士
陳亨利先生
黎忠榮先生
謝錦洪先生

公司秘書

羅家亮先生

主要往來銀行

美國銀行
交通銀行股份有限公司
中國建設銀行股份有限公司
花旗銀行
星展銀行香港分行
香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司
渣打銀行(香港)有限公司
三井住友銀行

核數師

德勤 關黃陳方會計師行
執業會計師

LEGAL ADVISORS

A h % Hong Kong
King & Wood Malleson

法律顧問

亞司特律師事務所
金杜律師事務所

REGISTERED OFFICE

Caledonian House
69 D'Almeida Street
P.O. Box 1043
Grand Cayman KY1-1102
Cayman Islands

註冊辦事處

Caledonian House
69 D'Almeida Street
P.O. Box 1043
Grand Cayman KY1-1102
Cayman Islands

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

2nd Floor, Haikwei
No. 12 Science Park East Avenue
Phase 2 Hong Kong Science Park
Shatin
Hong Kong

總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港
沙田
香港科學園第二期
科技大道東十二號
海濱大樓一座二樓

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR

Belfield Financial Group (Cayman) Limited
Belfield House
68 Fildes Road, P.O. Box 609
Grand Cayman KY1-1107
Cayman Islands

股份登記處總處

Belfield Financial Group (Cayman) Limited
Belfield House
68 Fildes Road, P.O. Box 609
Grand Cayman KY1-1107
Cayman Islands

BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR IN HONG KONG

TruSec Limited
26/F, Telford Centre
28 Queen's Road East
Wanchai, Hong Kong

股份登記處香港分處

卓佳秘書商務有限公司
香港灣仔
皇后大道東二十八號
金鐘匯中心二十六樓

財務摘要

	7,373.11	Year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年 十二月三十一日止年度 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Year ended 31 December 2010 截至二零一零年 十二月三十一日止年度 HK\$'million 百萬港元
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33,891.54

60% a *

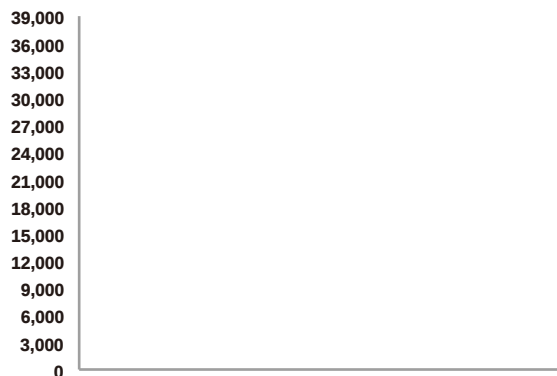
5,201.01
EBITDA*

the Company

Financial Highlights 財務摘要

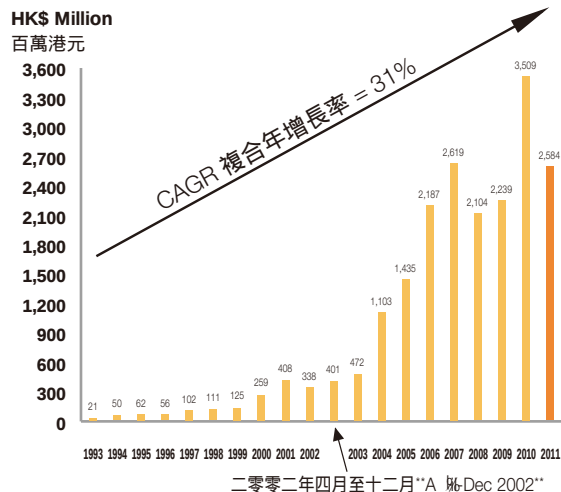
Revenue

營業額



Profit Attributable to Owners of the Company

本公司持有人應佔溢利



Note: Changed financial year end to December from March 2002 on and

** Ann ali ed

2000 E cl ding he gain from he in off of c e b line of HK\$178.4 million

2006 E cl ding he gain from he in off of lamina e b line of HK\$4.8 billion and di c n n ac i i i n of HK\$49.7 million

2007 E cl ding he gain n fail% al e change of c n e b n and b d e m i n n d e l a i e of HK\$182.4 million; i n n di al and deemed di al of in e b n in an a c i a e of HK\$23.7 million and di c n n ac i i i n of HK\$1.0 million

2008 E cl ding:

- (1) i n n di al of c n e b l e b n d and in e b n in an a c i a e of HK\$189.7 million
- (2) im a i n n i n a a i l a b l e - f % a l e in e m e n of HK\$253.2 million
- (3) di c n n ac i i i n of HK\$45.1 million

2009 E cl ding:

- (1) n e i n n di al of b i d i a b l e of HK\$82.6 million
- (2) gain n n di al of a l a l in e b n b i d i a b l e of HK\$340.0 million
- (3) im a i n n i n a a i l a b l e - f % a l e in e m e n of HK\$111.8 million (n e of he b l e n h a b d b m i n % h a b h d e %)
- (4) di c n n ac i i i n of HK\$11.4 million (n e of he b l e n h a b d b m i n % h a b h d e %)

2010 E cl ding he gain n n di al of a i l a b l e - f % a l e in e m e n of HK\$111.8 million (n e of he b l e n h a b d b m i n % h a b h d e %)

2011 E cl ding:

- (1) im a i n n i n a a i l a b l e - f % a l e in e m e n of HK\$83.2 million (n e of he b l e n h a b d b m i n % h a b h d e %)
- (2) gain an fail% al e change of in e m e n b e l a e of HK\$306.8 million (n e of d e f e d a)
- (3) h a b - b a e d a m e n of HK\$212.9 million (n e of he b l e n h a b d b m i n % h a b h d e %)

附註： 自二零零二年三月起，財政年度年結日改為十二月

** 按年度基準計算

二零零零年 不包括分拆銅箔業務所得之178,400,000港元之收益

二零零六年 不包括分拆覆銅面板業務所得之4,800,000,000港元之收益及收購折讓49,700,000港元

二零零七年 不包括可換股及贖回選擇權衍生工具之公平值變動收益182,400,000港元，出售及視作出售一間聯營公司權益之虧損23,700,000港元及收購折讓1,000,000港元

二零零八年 不包括：

- (1) 出售可換股債券及一間聯營公司權益之虧損一億八千九百七十萬港元
- (2) 可供出售投資之減值虧損二億五千三百二十萬港元
- (3) 收購折讓四千五百一十萬港元

二零零九年 不包括：

- (1) 出售附屬公司之虧損淨額八千二百六十萬港元
- (2) 出售附屬公司部份權益之收益三億四千萬港元
- (3) 可供出售投資之減值虧損一億一千一百八十萬港元（扣除少數股東所佔份額）
- (4) 收購折讓一千一百四十萬港元（扣除少數股東所佔份額）

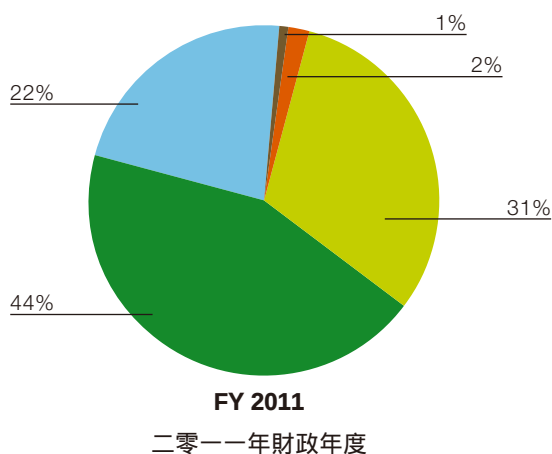
二零一零年 不包括出售可供出售投資之收益一億一千一百八十萬港元（扣除少數股東所佔份額）

二零一一年 不包括：

- (1) 可供出售投資之減值虧損八千三百二十萬港元（扣除少數股東所佔份額）
- (2) 投資物業公平值變動之收益三億零六百八十萬港元（扣除遞延稅項）
- (3) 以股份形式付款二億一千二百九十萬港元（扣除少數股東所佔份額）

主席報告

Revenue Breakdown by Product 營業額分佈



Laminates
覆銅面板

Chemicals
化工產品

Printed Circuit Boards
印刷線路板

Properties
物業

Others
其他

BUSINESS REVIEW

Kingboard Chemical Holdings Limited (the Group) delivered solid financial performance ended 31 December 2011 despite an extremely volatile and difficult operating landscape. Despite the demand a hit by the impact of the European debt crisis in the second half of the year, the Group's performance in Thailand in the last quarter of 2011 (FY11 Q4) showed a significant improvement in the electronic component chain. As a result, electronic product manufacturing made significant contribution to the overall performance of the Group. Backed by a strong performance in the first half of 2011, the Group's revenue increased by 8% to HK\$36,559.1 million while net profit (excluding non-recurring items) declined by 26% to HK\$2,583.5 million and basic earnings per share to HK\$3.026.

業務回顧

本人欣然公佈，建滔化工集團(「集團」)於截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止財政年度內雖然面對充滿挑戰的營商環境，依然取得理想的業績。由於市場需求於二零一一年下半年受歐債危機惡化所影響，出口訂單需求疲弱，加上電子零部件供應於二零一一年第四季受到泰國內訌影響，電子產品產量下降，集團於二零一一年研

業績

蘇不

二十酌墳拔強 釀皇青 月隨 抄 執 耳 醺 蔡尊薩

Chairman's Statement 主席報告

Despite being headwind in the second half of 2011, our experienced management team managed to lead us to achieve a deliverable profit from all core business segments. Driven by robust and domestic demand for chemical products in China, the Group's chemical division delivered a strong performance in both sales and profit. The Group's real estate division continued to generate a stable rental income from its investment properties during the year.

On the back of our solid financial strength and proven management team, the Group has built an excellent business model with a balanced portfolio yielding diverse income stream. This has created a competitive edge for the Group against economic downturn and enabled the Group to maintain a robust financial position. The Board has declared a final dividend of HK25 cents each share, together with the interim dividend of HK40 cents each share paid in September 2011, constituting a total dividend of HK65 cents, representing a 21% increase.

儘管下半年經營環境比上半年困難，集團經驗豐富的管理團隊帶領全體員工，上下一心，迎難而上，核心業務仍然錄得理想的盈利貢獻。化工部門受惠於中國市場的強勁增長，二零一一年表現亮麗，營業額及利潤均錄得增長。房地產業務方面，各投資物業亦於回顧期內為集團帶來穩定的租金收入。

憑藉雄厚的財政實力及優秀管理團隊帶領下，集團建立多元化業務組合的策略，在面對經濟低潮時，成功發揮強大的抵禦能力。集團財政狀況維持穩健，董事會建議派發每股末期股息25港仙，連同於二零一一年九月已派發每股40港仙之中期股息，全年派息總額為每股65港仙，派息比率達21%。







LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our financial and liquidity position continued to be solid. As at 31 December 2011, net cash and cash equivalents of the Group were a record HK\$12,347.5 million (31 December 2010: HK\$11,274.2 million) and 1.8 (31 December 2010: 1.9) times respectively.

The net working capital cycle shortened from 65 days as at 31 December 2010 to 40 days as at 31 December 2011 on the following key metrics:

Inventories, in terms of stock held, decreased by 35 days. Total inventory amount decreased by 27% as the Group tightened control over inventory and recalled HK\$712.7 million of inventory in terms of held inventory in line with the 2-year licensing arrangements with independent third-party announced in the announcement released by Kingboard Chemical Holding Limited («KBCF») on 3 August 2011 (31 December 2010: 55 days).

Trade receivable, in terms of debt held, had decreased by 52 days (31 December 2010: 56 days).

Trade and bill payable, in terms of credit held, had decreased by 47 days (31 December 2010: 46 days).

The Group's net gearing ratio (ratio of interest-bearing borrowings net of cash and cash equivalents to total assets) was a record 40% (31 December 2010: 23%). The proportion of bank borrowings between short-term and long-term was 37%: 63% (31 December 2010: 43%: 57%). During the year ended 2011, the Group raised about HK\$2.82 billion and HK\$4 billion in new bond financing activities and completed several projects respectively. With a streamlined and professional management team controlled by independent board members and good balance sheet, the Group's confidence has been maintained generally and a record 7% has been achieved in the first half. About 7% of the Group's bank borrowings are denominated in RMB and the rest in Hong Kong and US dollars.

流動資金及財務狀況

集團的財務狀況持續保持穩健。集團於二零一一年十二月三十一日之流動資產淨值為一百二十三億四千七百五十萬港元(二零一零年十二月三十一日:一百一十二億七千四百二十萬港元),流動比率為1.8(二零一零年十二月三十一日:1.9)。

淨營運資金週轉期由二零一零年十二月三十一日的六十五日,減少至二零一一年十二月三十一日的四十日,細分如下:

- 根據二零一一年八月三日集團發出之公告,集團之附屬公司建滔銅箔控股有限公司(Kingboard Chemical Holding Limited) («KBCF»)與獨立第三方訂立為期兩年之授權使用協定,根據協定條款,相關存貨價值七億一千二百七十萬港元因實行授權使用而重新分類至其他非流動資產,加上集團於期內嚴格控制庫存,因此庫存金額比去年年底減少27%,存貨週轉期減少至三十五日(二零一零年十二月三十一日:五十五日)。
- 貿易應收款項週轉期減少至五十二日(二零一零年十二月三十一日:五十六日)。
- 貿易及票據應付帳款週轉期為四十七日,與去年相若(二零一零年十二月三十一日:四十六日)。

集團之淨負債比率(扣除現金及現金等值後之附息借貸與資本總額比率)約為40%(二零一零年十二月三十一日:23%)。短期與長期借貸的比例為37%:63%(二零一零年十二月三十一日:43%:57%)。回顧年度內,集團投資了二十八億二千萬港元添置新的生產設施及四十億港元於房地產發展項目。憑藉管理團隊專業豐富的經驗、穩固的業務基礎及雄厚的財政實力,集團深信此等投資將為股東帶來長遠穩定及理想的回報。銀行借貸中約7%為人民幣貸款,其餘則為港元或美元貸款。



前景

二零一二年農曆新年假期後，客戶訂單明顯增加，覆銅面板售價亦因商品價格較去年年底上升而調高。覆銅面板部門於二零一二年二月份之出貨量及設備使用率均有所回升。儘管出口市場訂單短期內仍會受全球經濟增長放緩所影響，集團對中國市場未來的增長動力充滿信心。隨著國內宏觀調控緊縮政策逐步放寬，預計中國整體經營環境將二零一二年會逐步改善。國家政策大力推動內需及致力改善人民生活水平，電子產品於中國本土市場的需求將持續暢旺，尤其是智能手機及電腦相關產品，肯定有助推動覆銅面板業務增長。集團將持續優化產品架構及積極拓展內銷市場，以增加中國市場份額。集團計劃於今年內增加華南及華東之薄板產能，以捕捉中國薄板及高效能覆銅面板市場之商機。

印刷線路板部門方面，集團位於江蘇省揚州儀征工業園的線路板廠預計於今年第二季投產，至二零一二年年底，年產量將增加約六百萬平方呎。此外，江蘇省昆山廠及廣東省開平之HDI印刷線路板廠亦計劃在今年內增加產能，以進一步優化集團產品組合去滿足客戶的需求。

化工部門方面，位於江蘇省揚州新增年產量三十萬噸的苯酚 丙酮廠預計於今年第二季度投產。而廣東省惠州的苯酚 丙酮廠計劃於二零一二年內完成產能優化計劃。

Leading activities in the main business. Guangzhou Dong Zhai Building has made good progress. Another commercial project, Guangzhou Kingboard Plaza located at a prime location in Zhongjiang Xincheng, Guangzhou is expected to be completed by the end of 2012. The project will further enhance income growth in China. The new office building in the Central Garden is also expected to be completed by the end of 2012. The Group will adjust the existing land development plan to meet the change in market conditions. A cash flow and liquidity plan will be adopted on the financial and bank activities. The Group has also land a considerable piece of land by the Group. Overall, the identification project Shanghai Y Garden in Kunshan, Jiangsu since has received 99% of the initial cash received in the case of RMB1.1 billion. On the other hand, the project is also the largest project from the company, making in connection with this project also expected to be booked in the first half of 2012. In addition, completion of another identification project Qiantang Kingboard Y Garden in Kunshan, Jiangsu since has commenced the large completion by the end of 2013. To date, about 30% of the available land has been sold under Phase I of the project.

Overall land cash flow of the Group in 2012 remain challenging. Nevertheless, the experienced management team will maintain a prudent financial management strategy and continue to enhance the competitive edge of the company. The Group will also continue to change in the market and an objective decision in the decision. We are confident that the Group will continue to deliver a satisfactory performance in the future.

房地產部門方面，廣州東照大廈招租進展理想。另外，位於珠江新城的廣州建滔廣場，預計於二零一二年年底落成，未來兩年將進一步推動集團於中國國內投資物業租金的增長。中央政府對房地產市場的調控預計將持續，本集團會因應市場形勢，按步就班開發現有土地儲備，並會秉承審慎的原則增加優質且價錢合理土地儲備。位於江蘇省昆山市的上海裕花園為集團首個住宅項目，預售超過九成九單位，現金收入逾十一億人民幣。因辦理房產證需時，相關項目收益延至二零一二年上半年財政年度入賬。另一住宅項目昆山千燈建滔裕花園已開始動工，預計於二零一三年內落成，第一期已預售約百分之三十的單位。

展望二零一二年，集團面對的經營環境仍然充滿挑戰，管理團隊將維持一貫量入為出的審慎理財策略，持續加強各核心業務的競爭力，務求在變化多端的市場環境中，把握隨時出現的機遇，繼續為股東帶來理想的回報。



Chairman's Statement 主席報告

APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I would like to take this opportunity to express our sincere appreciation to our shareholders, creditors, banks, the management and employees for their contribution to the Group in the past year.

Cheung Kwok Wing

Chairman

Hong Kong, 29 March 2012

致謝

本人謹代表董事會藉此向各位股東、客戶、銀行、管理人員及員工過去一年對集團毫無保留的支持致以衷心感謝。

主席

張國榮

香港，二零一二年三月二十九日

董事及高級管理人員之資歷

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. CHEUNG K. W. Wing, aged 56, is the chairman and a co-founder of the Group, and the chairman of Elec & Elec International Company Limited (EEIC), which is a subsidiary of the Company listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (SGX) and delisted on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the Stock Exchange). Mr. Cheung is the chairman and director of KBCF, which is a subsidiary of the Company listed on the SGX since 3 January 2012. Mr. Cheung is the brother of Mr. Cheung Wai Lin, Secretary, the co-owner of Mr. Cheung K. W. K. and the brother-in-law of Mr. Chang Wing Yi and Mr. Ho Yin Sang. Mr. Cheung had over 13 years' experience in the sale and distribution of electronic components including laminates for the employees of the Group. Mr. Cheung is responsible for the overall strategic planning of the Group and is the general director and goal for the Group. Mr. Cheung is the Young Industrialist Award of Hong Kong 1993, which is a organized by the Federation of Hong Kong Industries and awarded a distinguished, energetic, and having in high in the business. Mr. Cheung is the member of the DHL/SCMP Hong Kong Business Award, accredited with the Oneworld Award in 2006. In 2011, Mr. Cheung had been awarded the Honorary University Fellowship of The University of Hong Kong.

Mr. CHEUNG K. W. K. an, aged 47, is the co-owner of Mr. Cheung K. W. Wing and Mr. Cheung Wai Lin, Secretary. He joined the Group in 1988 and has been working in the PCB industry since 1984 with a rich laboratory experience in making components and materials related to PCB.



董事會報告

The directors of the Company (the Directors) have held the annual general meeting and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. The activities of its subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are detailed in the notes 49, 22 and 25 respectively of the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The profit of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2011 attributable to the consolidated income statement is age 65.

An interim dividend of HK40 cents per ordinary share amounting to HK\$341,867,000 in aggregate was paid to the shareholders during the year. The Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK25 cents per ordinary share to the shareholders on the register of members of the Company on 5 June 2012, amounting to HK\$213,667,000 in aggregate, and the retention of the remaining profit in the Company.

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Details of the movements in investment properties of the Group during the year are set out in note 17 of the consolidated financial statements.

PROPERTIES, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in properties, plant and equipment

物業、廠房及設備

本集團之物業、廠房及設備於年內之變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註18。

股本

本公司已發行股本於年內之變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註35。

年內，本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

公司可分派之儲備

於二零一一年十二月三十一日，本公司可向股東分派之儲備包括保留溢利214,487,000港元(二零一零年：1,001,060,000港元)。

除本公司之保留溢利外，本公司之股份溢價及特別盈餘賬目亦可向股東分派，惟於緊隨建議進行上述分派當日後，本公司必須仍有能力償還在日常業務中到期支付之欠款。

於二零一一年十二月三十一日，本公司之保留溢利及股份溢價之總額約為4,700,000,000港元。

DIRECTORS AND DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

The Directors during the year and the date of his/her election:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Cheung K. W. Wing (Chairman)
Mr. Cheung K. W. K. Chan
Mr. Chang Wing Yi
Mr. Ho Yin Sang
Ms. Cheung Wai Lin, Secretary
Mr. Mok Cham Hong, Chadwick
Mr. Chen Maikeng (appointed on 11 January 2011)

Non-executive Director:

Mr. Chan Wing K. (has signed a letter of resignation as a non-executive Director on 11 January 2011)

Independent non-executive Directors:

Dr. Cheng Wai Chee, Chairman
Mr. Henry Tan
Mr. Lai Cheung Wing, Robert
Mr. Tse Kam Hong

In accordance with Article 92 of the Companies' Articles of Association, Ms. Cheung Wai Lin, Secretary, being an executive Director, Mr. Chan Wing K. Chan, being a non-executive Director and Mr. Henry Tan and Lai Cheung Wing, Robert, being the independent non-executive Directors, will be disqualified from being a director and will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

Biographical details of the above Directors are given in the section 'Directors' and Senior Management' Biographies' on page 16 to 19.

No Director has stood for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company has a place on his/her non-executable by the General Meeting of the Company to be confirmed in a resolution (which has been confirmed in a resolution).

董事及董事之服務合約

年內及直至本報告日期止之董事如下：

執行董事：

張國榮先生(主席)
張廣軍先生
鄭永耀先生
何燕生先生
張偉連女士
莫湛雄先生
陳茂盛先生(於二零一一年一月十一日獲委任)

非執行董事：

陳永鋸先生(於二零一一年一月十一日辭任
董事總經理及執行董事及調任為非執行董事)

獨立非執行董事：

鄭維志博士
陳亨利先生
黎忠榮先生
謝錦洪先生

執行董事張偉連女士、非執行董事陳永鋸先生及獨立非執行董事陳亨利先生及黎忠榮先生將依據本公司之公司組織章程細則第九十二條於本公司應屆股東週年大會上輪席退任，並願意膺選連任。

上述董事之履歷詳情載於第16頁至19頁之「董事及高級管理人員之資歷」一節。

擬在本公司應屆股東週年大會重選連任之董事概無與本集團訂有任何不可於一年內毋須賠償(法定賠償除外)而終止之服務合約。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES

As at 31 December 2011, the interests of the Directors and their associates in the shares, including shares debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (SFO)), as recorded in the register maintained by the Company and as required by Section 352 of the SFO, are hereby notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange and as the Model Code for Securities Transaction by Directors of Listed Companies, are as follows:

Long position

- (a) Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company ("Shares")

董事之股份權益

於二零一一年十二月三十一日，董事及彼等之聯繫人士於本公司及其相聯法團（定義見證券及期貨條例（「證券及期貨條例」）第XV部）之股份、相關股份或債券中，擁有本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條存置之登記冊所記錄之權益，或根據上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則已知會本公司及聯交所之權益如下：

長倉

- (a) 本公司每股面值0.10港元之普通股（「股份」）

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES (續)

Long position (續)

(a) Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company ("Shares") (續)

Note:

- (1) Owned 1,910,250 Shares, 1,850,250 Shares held by Mr. Chan Wing Koon and 60,000 Shares held by his wife.
- (2) Owned 4,115,274 Shares, 3,397,074 Shares held by Mr. Chang Wing Yi and 718,200 Shares held by his wife.
- (3) Owned 4,167,729 Shares, 2,485,229 Shares held by Mr. He Yin Sang and 1,682,500 Shares held by his wife.
- (4) Owned 2,940,000 Shares, 2,830,000 Shares held by Mr. Mo Cham Hong, Chadick and 110,000 Shares held by his wife.

(b) Share options of the Company ("Share Options")

董事之股份權益(續)

長倉(續)

(a) 本公司每股面值0.10港元之普通股(「股份」)(續)

附註:

- (1) 於該1,910,250股股份當中，其中1,850,250股股份乃由陳永錫先生本人持有，而60,000股股份則由其配偶持有。
- (2) 於該4,115,274股股份當中，其中3,397,074股股份乃由鄭永耀先生本人持有，而718,200股股份則由其配偶持有。
- (3) 於該4,167,729股股份當中，其中2,485,229股股份乃由何燕生先生本人持有，而1,682,500股股份則由其配偶持有。
- (4) 於該2,940,000股股份當中，其中2,830,000股股份乃由莫湛雄先生本人持有，而110,000股股份則由其配偶持有。

(b) 本公司優先購股權(「優先購股權」)

Name of Director 董事姓名	Capacity 權益性質	Interest in underlying Shares pursuant to Share Options of the Company 本公司優先購股權 相關股份權益
Mr. Cheung Koon Wing 張國榮先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	2,800,000
Ms. Cheung Wai Lin, Secretary 張偉連女士	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	2,600,000
Mr. Mo Cham Hong, Chadick 莫湛雄先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	2,600,000
Mr. Chang Wing Yi 鄭永耀先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	2,600,000
Mr. He Yin Sang (Note) 何燕生先生(附註)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	5,040,000
Mr. Cheung Koon Koon 張廣軍先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	2,600,000

Note: Owned 5,040,000 Shares, 2,600,000 Shares held by Mr. He Yin Sang and 2,440,000 Shares held by his wife.

附註：於該5,040,000份優先購股權當中，其中2,600,000份優先購股權乃由何燕生先生本人持有，而2,440,000份優先購股權則由其配偶持有。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES (續)

Long position (續)

(b) Share options of the Company ("Share Options") (續)

The Company adopted a share option scheme on 11 May 1998, and has since then adopted a scheme to replace the share option scheme (2002 Scheme) on 2 July 2002. The share option scheme (2002 Scheme) has a term of 10 years. In line with the change of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the Listing Rules) in 2009, a new share option scheme (the Scheme) was adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company at the extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 23 March 2009. The 2002 Scheme was accordingly terminated on the same day without affecting the rights of holders of any share options granted and outstanding under the 2002 Scheme.

(c) Warrants of the Company ("Warrants")

董事之股份權益(續)

長倉(續)

(b) 本公司優先購股權(「優先購股權」)(續)

本公司於一九九八年五月十一日採納其首個優先購股權計劃，其後該優先購股權計劃於二零零二年七月二日因採納第二個為期十年之優先購股權計劃(「二零零二年計劃」)而終止。由於聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)於二零零九年之改變，本公司股東已於二零零九年三月二十三日召開之本公司股東特別大會上批准一項新優先購股權計劃(「該計劃」)。二零零二年計劃亦因此而於同日終止，惟二零零二年計劃項下任何已授出及尚未行使之購股權持有人權利並不受影響。

(c) 本公司認股權證(「認股權證」)

Name of Director 董事姓名	Capacity 權益性質	Interest in underlying Shares pursuant to to the Warrants 認股權證項下 相關股份權益
Mr. Cheung K. W. Wing 張國榮先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	165,222
Mr. Chan Wing K. (Note 1) 陳永鋈先生(附註1)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	78,025
Mr. Cheung K. Tung K. an 張廣軍先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	111,320
Mr. Chang Wing Yi (Note 2) 鄭永耀先生(附註2)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	335,527
Mr. Ho Yin Sang (Note 3) 何燕生先生(附註3)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	379,412
Mr. Mok Cham Hong, Chadick (Note 4) 莫湛雄先生(附註4)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	182,000

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES (續)

Long position (續)

(c) Warrants of the Company ("Warrants") (續)

Note:

- (1) Of the 78,025 Warrants, 72,025 Warrants are held by Mr. Chan Wing Kian and 6,000 Warrants are held by his wife.
- (2) Of the 335,527 Warrants, 267,707 Warrants are held by Mr. Chang Wing Yi and 67,820 Warrants are held by his wife.
- (3) Of the 379,412 Warrants, 102,662 Warrants are held by Mr. Ho Yin Sang and 276,750 Warrants are held by his wife.
- (4) Of the 182,000 Warrants, 181,000 Warrants are held by Mr. Mok Cham Hong, Chadick and 1,000 Warrants are held by his wife.

(d) Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each ("KLHL Shares") in KLHL, a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company

董事之股份權益(續)

長倉(續)

(c) 本公司認股權證「認股權證」(續)

附註：

- (1) 於該78,025份認股權證當中，其中72,025份認股權證乃由陳永鋸先生本人持有，而6,000份認股權證則由其配偶持有。
- (2) 於該335,527份認股權證當中，其中267,707份認股權證乃由鄭永耀先生本人持有，而67,820份認股權證則由其配偶持有。
- (3) 於該379,412份認股權證當中，其中102,662份認股權證乃由何燕生先生本人持有，而276,750份認股權證則由其配偶持有。
- (4) 於該182,000份認股權證當中，其中181,000份認股權證乃由莫湛雄先生本人持有，而1,000份認股權證則由其配偶持有。

(d) 本公司非全資擁有附屬公司建滔積層板每股面值0.10港元之普通股(「建滔積層板股份」)

Name of Director 董事姓名	Capacity 權益性質	Approximate percentage of the issued share capital of KLHL 佔建滔積層板已發行股本之概約百分比	
		Number of issued KLHL Shares held 所持已發行建滔積層板股份數目	
Mr. Cheung K. Wing 張國榮先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	453,500	0.015
Mr. Chan Wing Kian (Note 1) 陳永鋸先生(附註1)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	100,000	0.003
Mr. Chang Wing Yi (Note 2) 鄭永耀先生(附註2)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	100,000	0.003
Mr. Ho Yin Sang (Note 3) 何燕生先生(附註3)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	540,000	0.018
Mr. Mok Cham Hong, Chadick (Note 4) 莫湛雄先生(附註4)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	60,000	0.002

董事之股份權益(續)

長倉(續)

- (d) 本公司非全資擁有附屬公司建滔積層板
每股面值0.10港元之普通股(「建滔積層

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES (續)

Long position (續)

- (f) **Non-voting deferred shares of HK\$1 each in the share capital of Kingboard Laminates Limited, a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company**

董事之股份權益(續)

長倉(續)

- (f) 本公司非全資擁有附屬公司建滔積層板有限公司股本中每股面值1港元之無投票權遞延股份

Name of Director 董事姓名	Capacity 權益性質	Number of non-voting deferred shares held (Note) 所持無投票權 遞延股份數目 (附註)
Mr Cheung Koon Wing 張國榮先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1,904,400
Mr Chan Wing Kan 陳永鋸先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1,481,200
Mr Cheung Koon King 張廣軍先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	846,400
Mr Ho Yin Sang 何燕生先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	529,000
Mr Chang Wing Yi 鄭永耀先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	423,200

Note: None of the non-voting deferred shares of Kingboard Laminates Limited are held by the Group. Such deferred shares carry no right to receive notice of, or to attend or vote at any general meeting of Kingboard Laminates Limited and have no right to dividend or to participate in any distribution of assets.

附註：本集團概無持有建滔積層板有限公司之無投票權遞延股份。該等遞延股份並無附帶可收取建滔積層板有限公司任何股東大會通告或出席股東大會及於會上投票之權利，亦沒有收取股息或於清盤時獲得任何分派之實際權利。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES ()

Long position ()

(g) Ordinary shares ("EEIC Shares") in the share capital of EEIC, a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company

董事之股份權益(續)

長倉(續)

(g) 本公司非全資擁有附屬公司EEIC股本中之普通股「EEIC股份」)

Name of Director 董事姓名	Capacity 權益性質	Number of issued EEIC Shares held 所持已發行 EEIC股份數目	Approximate percentage of the issued share capital of EEIC 佔EEIC已發行股本 之概約百分比
Mr Che ng K k Wing 張國榮先生	Beneficial ne% 實益擁有人	1,507,200	0.807
Mr Chan Wing K an (Note) 陳永鋈先生(附註)	Beneficial ne% 實益擁有人	1,050,000	0.562
Mr Ho Yin Sang 何燕生先生	Beneficial ne% 實益擁有人	486,600	0.260
Mr Mok Cham H ng, Chad ick 莫湛雄先生	Beneficial ne% 實益擁有人	1,120,200	0.600
Mr Chang Wing Yi 鄭永耀先生	Beneficial ne% 實益擁有人	486,600	0.260

Note: Of the 1,050,000 EEIC Shares, 1,010,000 EEIC Shares are held by Mr Chan Wing K an and 40,000 EEIC Shares are held by his wife.

附註：於該 1,050,000 股 EEIC 股份當中，其中 1,010,000 股 EEIC 股份乃由陳永鋈先生本人持有，而 40,000 股 EEIC 股份則由其配偶持有。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES ()

Long position ()

- (h) Ordinary shares ("KBCF Shares") of US\$0.10 each in the share capital of KBCF, a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company

董事之股份權益(續)

長倉(續)

- (h) 本公司非全資擁有附屬公司KBCF股本中每股面值0.10美元之普通股(「KBCF股份」)

Name of Director 董事姓名	Capacity 權益性質	Number of issued KBCF Shares held 所持已發行 KBCF股份數目	Approximate percentage of the issued share capital of KBCF 佔KBCF 已發行股本 之概約百分比
Mr Che ng K k Wing 張國榮先生	Beneficial ne% 實益擁有人	1,000,000	0.1380
Mr H Yin Sang (Note) 何燕生先生(附註)	Beneficial ne% 實益擁有人	2,000	0.0002
Mr Lai Ch ng Wing, Robe% 黎忠榮先生	Beneficial ne% 實益擁有人	72,000	0.0100

Note: The 2,000 KBCF Shares held by the e e Mr H Yin Sang.

附註： 何燕生先生之配偶持有該2,000股KBCF股份。

Other than as disclosed above, none of the Directors or the Company had an interest in any shares, debentures or other securities of the Company or in a subsidiary or associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as at 31 December 2011.

除上述披露者外，於二零一一年十二月三十一日，概無董事或彼等之聯繫人士於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之任何股份、相關股份或債券中擁有任何權益或短倉。

SHARE OPTIONS

Particulars of the share option scheme of the Company, EEIC and KLHL (including their exercise and exercise period) are set out in note 37 of the consolidated financial statements.

The following table discloses movements in the Share Option under the 2002 Scheme and the Scheme during the year:

優先購股權

本公司、EEIC及建滔積層板之優先購股權計劃詳情(包括其行使期及歸屬期)載於綜合財務報表附註37。

下表披露二零零二年計劃及該計劃項下優先購股權於年內之變動：



主要股東(續)

除上述披露者外，本公司概無獲知會於二零一一年十二月三十一日之本公司已發行股本於證券及期貨條例第336條下須予披露之任何其他相關權益或短倉。

企業管治

董事認為，截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度內，除非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)並非根據守則第A.4.1段按特定任期委任之偏離情況之外，本公司一直遵守上市規則附錄14所載企業管治常規守則(「守則」)之守則條文。儘管有上述偏離情況，所有非執行董事及獨立非執行董事均遵照本公司組織章程細則輪值退任，並可於本公司股東週年大會重選連任。因此，本公司認為已採取足夠措施，以確保本公司的企業管治守則不會寬鬆於上市規則。

本公司已採納條款不寬鬆於上市規則附錄10所載規定標準(「標準守則」)之有關董事進行證券交易之操守守則。經向全體董事作出特定查詢後，各董事確認，彼等於截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度內一直遵守標準守則所載規定標準及本公司所採納有關董事進行證券交易之操守守則。

盧世良 盧度世 布所勘鞞髻鏽暴鏗欸擊鉅餘燭雨鉦獺鋤 蔘磧翽

關連交易

二零一一年，本集團有以下上市規則第14A章所界定的不獲豁免持續關連交易(亦屬於有關連人士交類

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (續)

(b) Former KLHL Supply Framework Agreement and KLHL Supply Framework Agreement

On 22 December 2009, KLHL and Hallgain entered into a framework agreement (the Former KLHL Supply Framework Agreement) pursuant to which KLHL and its subsidiary (the KLHL Group) agreed to purchase from the Hallgain Group from 1 January 2010 to 31 December 2012. On 1 April 2011, KLHL and Hallgain entered into a framework agreement (the KLHL Supply Framework Agreement) pursuant to which the KLHL Group agreed to purchase from 1 April 2011 to 31 December

關連交易(續)

(b) 原建滔積層板供應框架協議及建滔積層板供應框架協議

於二零零九年十二月二十二日，建滔積層板與Hallgain訂立供應框架協議「原建滔積層板供應框架協議」，據此，建滔積層板及其附屬公司（「建滔積層板集團」）同意於二零一零年一月一日至二零一二年十二月三十一日向Hallgain集團供應銅。於二零一一年四月一日，建滔積層板與Hallgain訂立供應框架協議「建滔積層板供應框架協議」，據此，建滔積層板集團同意於二零一一年四月一日至二零一三年十二月三十一日向Hallgain集團供應銅及覆銅面板。根據原建滔積層板供應框架協議及建滔積層板供應框架協議，將供應之數量並非固定，而是由訂約方不時釐定及同意。建滔積層板原建滔積層板供應框架協議及供應框架協議項下之產品實際數量、規格及價格（參考現行市價）將視乎Hallgain集團向建滔積層板集團作出之個別訂單而定。

由於Hallgain為本公司之主要股東，根據上市規則為本公司之關連人士，而建滔積層板則為本公司之附屬公司，故根據上市規則第14A章，原建滔積層板供應框架協議及建滔積層板供應框架協議項下之交易構成本公司之持續關連交易。

原建滔積層板供應框架協議及建滔積層板供應框架協議項下之交易截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度之年度上限及實際交易額載於下表。原建滔積層板供應框架協議及建滔積層板供應框架協議之詳情已於本公司日期為二零零九年十二月二十二日之公告及二零一一年四月二十六日之通函中披露。

原建滔積層板供應框架協議於二零一一年四月一日由建滔積層板供應框架協議取代。

關連交易(續)

(c) 建滔積層板購買框架協議

於二零一一年四月一日，建滔積層板與Hallgain訂立購買框架協議(「建滔積層板購買框架協議」)，據此，建滔積層板集團同意於二零一一年四月一日至二零一三年十二月三十一日向Hallgain集團購買鑽咀及機器等生產覆銅面板的材料。根據建滔積層板購買框架協議，將購買之原建滔積層板購買框架協議及數量並非固定，而是由訂約方不時釐定及同意。建滔積層板購買框架協議項下之實際數量、規格及價格(參考現行市價)將視乎建滔積層板集團向Hallgain集團作出之個別訂單而定。

由於Hallgain為本公司之主要股東，根據上市規則為本公司之關連人士，而建滔積層板則為本公司之附屬公司，故根據上市規則第14A章，建滔積層板購買框架協議項下之交易構成本公司之持續關連交易。

建滔積層板購買框架協議項下之交易截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度之年度上限及實際交易額載於下表。建滔積層板購買框架協議之詳情已於本公司日期為二零一一年四月二十六日之通函中披露。

訂立建滔積層板購買框架協議向建滔積層板集團購買鑽咀及機器等生產覆銅面板的材料。根據建滔積層板購買框架協議，將購買之原建滔積層板購買框架協議及數量並非固定，而是由訂約方不時釐定及同意。建滔積層板購買框架協議項下之實際數量、規格及價格(參考現行市價)將視乎建滔積層板集團向Hallgain集團作出之個別訂單而定。

關連交易(續)

(d) 建滔化工銅球協議及建滔化工鑽咀協議(續)

由於Hallgain為本公司之主要股東，根據上市規則為關連人士，故建滔化工銅球協議及建滔化工鑽咀協議項下之交易構成本公司之持續關連交易。

建滔化工銅球協議及建滔化工鑽咀協議項

下之交易截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止之交易截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止

關連交易(續)

(e) 建滔積層板機器協議及建滔積層板鑽咀協議(續)

由於Hallgain為本公司之主要股東並因此根據上市規則為本公司之關連人士，而建滔積層板則為本公司之附屬公司，故根據上市規則第14A章，建滔積層板機器協議及建滔積層板鑽咀協議項下之交易構成本公司之持續關連交易。

建滔積層板機器協議及建滔積層板鑽咀協議項下之交易截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度之年度上限及實際交易額載於下表。建滔積層板機器協議及建滔積層板鑽咀協議之詳情已於本公司日期分別為二零零九年十二月二十二日及二零一零年五月

關連交易(續)

(f) Shirai供應協議(續)

Shirai供應協議項下之交易截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度之年度上限及實際交易額載於下表。Shirai供應協議之詳情已於本公司日期為二零零九年十二月二十二日之公布中披露。

(g) Shirai購買協議

於二零零九年十二月二十二日，科惠與Shirai訂立購買協議(「Shirai購買協議」)

據此，科惠集團同意於二零一二年一月一日至二零一二年十二月三十一日向Shirai集團購買覆銅面板及就生產印刷線路板向Shirai集團分判分包服務(即Shirai集團向科惠集團提供鑽孔服務)。根據Shirai購買協議，將購買之覆銅面板及分判分包服務之

殘隅覬蛎啣虧褊鄺璵獐霰鞞遑祛鏹蚬崑鍋諗趙鋤鐳類鞞鞞鍤逵ヲ獐鎔

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (續)

關連交易(續)

		Amounts 金額 HK\$'000 千港元	Annual caps 年度上限 HK\$'000 千港元
Purchase of copper balls and drill bits from the Hallgain Group by the Group	本集團根據向Hallgain集團購買銅球及鑽咀		
(i) the KBC Copper Ball Agreements;	(i) 建滔化工銅球協議;	73,731	75,625*
(ii) the KBC Drill Bit Agreements; and	(ii) 建滔化工鑽咀協議; 及	25,241	29,040*
(iii) the Purchase Frame Agreements	(iii) 購買框架協議	352,709	388,000
Sale of copper and laminae by the Hallgain Group to the KLHL Group	建滔積層板集團根據向Hallgain集團出售銅及覆銅面板		
(i) the Formosa KLHL Supply Frame Agreements; and	(i) 原建滔積層板供應框架協議; 及	49,001	49,500*
(ii) the KLHL Supply Frame Agreements	(ii) 建滔積層板供應框架協議	789,255	901,000
Purchase of drill bits and machines from the Hallgain Group by the KLHL Group	建滔積層板集團根據向Hallgain集團購買鑽咀及機器		
(i) the KLHL Drill Bit Agreements;	(i) 建滔積層板鑽咀協議;	5,338	7,023*
(ii) the KLHL Machine Agreements; and	(ii) 建滔積層板機器協議; 及	2,008	2,100*
(iii) the KLHL Purchase Frame Agreements	(iii) 建滔積層板購買框架協議	163,446	168,000
Sale of finished circuit boards by the Shihai Group to the Tech i e Group under the Shihai Supply Agreements	科惠集團根據Shihai供應協議向Shihai集團出售印刷線路板	103,915	411,840
Purchase of laminae from the Shihai Group by the Tech i e Group under the Shihai Purchase Agreements	科惠集團根據Shihai購買協議向Shihai集團購買覆銅面板		110,880
Drilling service provided by the Shihai Group to the Tech i e Group under the Shihai Purchase Agreements	Shihai集團根據Shihai購買協議向科惠集團提供鑽孔服務		3,960

* Based on the highest amount in 1 January 2011 to 31 March 2011.

* 基於二零一一年一月一日至三月三十一日三個月止。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (續)

The amount of the above transaction did not exceed the company's ending annual capital of the financial year ended 31 December 2011 as announced by the Group.

Pursuant to Rule 14A.38 of the Listing Rules, the Directors have engaged the auditor of the Company to evaluate certain aspects of the transaction connected with the Group. The auditor of the Company has also issued a conclusion on the aspects of the board of Directors. The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the transaction connected with the transaction and the auditor of the company and have confirmed that the above said transaction connected with the transaction has been entered into by the Group in the ordinary course of its business, on normal commercial terms, and in accordance with the terms of the agreement governing the transaction has also fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

Other than as disclosed above, the Company has also provided a guarantee of financial institution to secure the general credit facilities for a non-related subsidiary, namely Tech Tie, in the amount of a limit of HK\$50 million during the year.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The emoluments of the executive directors of the Group are determined by the Remuneration Committee on the basis of their performance, qualification and experience.

The emoluments of the Directors have been decided by the Remuneration Committee, having regard to the Company's performance, individual performance and contribution to the company.

The Company has adopted a share option scheme as an incentive to Directors and eligible employees. Details of the scheme are set out in note 37 of the consolidated financial statements.

關連交易(續)

上述交易的金額並不超過本集團所公布截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止財政年度之相關年度上限。

根據上市規則14A.38條，董事已聘請本公司核數師就本集團之持續關連交易履行若干程序。本公司核數師已向董事會提交其對該等程序的結論之報告。獨立非執行董事已審閱持續關連交易及核數師報告，並確認上述持續關連交易乃由本集團於一般業務過程中訂立，且按一般商業條款及就該等交易所訂協議之條款進行，有關條款屬公平合理，並符合本公司股東之整體利益。

除上文所披露者外，本公司年內亦為一間非全資擁有附屬公司 - 科惠取得一般信貸額而向財務機構提供擔保，涉及款額約50,000,000港元。

薪酬政策

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

優先權

The Company has no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Companies' Articles of Association although the Company has no intention again to change the Company law in the Cayman Islands.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

The Company has maintained a sufficient public float throughout the year ended 31 December 2011.

DONATIONS

During the year the Group made charitable and other donations amounting to HK\$3,558,000.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There are no significant events occurring after the reporting period and the year ended 31 December 2011.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year the aggregate sales of the Group are attributable to the Group's five largest customers combined sales of the Group are less than 30% of the Group's sales of the Group.

AUDITOR

充任 羅力 鯊 鯊

A resolution will be submitted to the annual general meeting of the Company. Deloitte Touche Tomhata is a director of the Company.

On behalf of the Board
Cheung Kwok Wing
CHAIRMAN

29 March 2012

企業管治報告

The Board of Kingboard Chemical Holding Limited (the Company), together with its subsidiaries, the Group, recognise the importance of corporate governance practice for a listed company. In line with the role of the shareholders and shareholders' representatives as a key element in a sound manner with the adoption of appropriate self-regulatory policies, robust risk and monitoring mechanism and a clear definition of accountability of directors and management.

D uring the ea%rly 19%90s, he Board ha% com% mitted i% the
 p%r i%on of the Code on Co% mpliance Prac% tice (the
 Code) a% contained in A%r ticle 14 of the Re% gulating
 the Li% ng of Sec% rities on The Stock E% change of Hong
 Kong Limi%ed (the Li% ng Re%) to ce% tify a% de%ia%on from
 a%r ticle 4.1 of the Code. Under a%r ticle 4.1 of the
 Code, non-ec% i% d%ic% h%ld be a% n%ed for a% ec%fic
 em% , b%ec% of the elec% ion. D uring the ea%rly 19%90s, he
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A. DIRECTORS

The Board

The Board is the ultimate responsible for the leadership and control of the Group and is entrusted with the responsibility of overseeing the management of the business and the affairs of the Group. The Group has adopted in the strategic guideline in the long term, namely, the Board's overall strategy. A key factor in the overall strategy is, the Board's role in the Group's strategic plan, annual budget, key operational initiatives, major investments and funding decisions. In addition, the Group's financial performance, identification of financial risk of the Group's business and environmental management of a business are also managed by the Group. Daily business operations and administrative functions of the Group are delegated to the management.

The Board meets regularly and a detailed business cycle management. Notice and agenda are prepared by the Company Secretary as delegated by the Chairman of the Board and distributed to the Board members within a reasonable time before the meeting. Relevant meeting materials are sent to the Directors well before the meeting, informing them of the background and giving them an opportunity to be briefed before the Board. All Directors are given the opportunity to include matters in the agenda for Board meeting. Then, the Directors make decisions on the subject and in the interest of the Company, the Company's article of association provides that the Directors shall abstain from voting on any resolution in which they have a direct or indirect interest. The Board's decision is subject to the majority of the Board meeting. Draft and final version of the minutes of Board meeting are sent to all Directors for their comment and record. The decision is subject to a reasonable time after the Board meeting and are kept by the Company Secretary.

A. 董事

董事會

董事會負責領導及監控本集團，同時亦授責監督本集團之業務及事務管理事宜。本集團已採納內部指引訂明需經董事會批准之事項。除法定責任外，董事會亦負責批准本集團之策略計劃、年度預算、主要營運措施、重大投資及集資決定。董事會同時審閱本集團財務表現、識別本集團業務之主要風險及確保實施適當措施以管理有關風險。本集團日常業務運作及行政職能之職責已委派予管理層負責。

董事會定期及於特定情況所需時舉行會議。召開董事會會議之通告及議程由董事會主席委派公司秘書負責編製並於會議前合理時間內派發予董事會成員。相關會議文件亦會於開會前盡早送交董事，令彼等獲知將提呈董事會之事項之背景資料及說明。各董事可於董事會會議議程上加入討論事項。為確保董事作出客觀及符合本公司利益之決定，本公司之組織章程細則規定，倘董事會會議上任何決議案涉及董事或其聯繫人士的重大權益，有關董事必須放棄投票，且不得計入會議法定人數。董事會會議記錄初稿及最終定稿將於董事會會議後合理時間內發送予全體董事，分別作表達意見及記錄之用，並由公司秘書存檔。

The Board ()

During the early 1960s, he had held
for me and he died a pauper.
c 1960-1970: in edC 1970-1980



**A. 董事(續)
董事會成員**

董事會現由十二名成員組成，其中一名為非執行董事及四名為獨立非執行董事，彼等之身分均於所有載有董事姓名的公司通訊中明確說明。其中一名獨立非執行董事具備上市規則規定之適當專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專業知識。於報告日期董事會由下列成員組成：

執行董事
張國榮(主席)
張廣軍
鄭永耀
莫湛雄
何燕生
張偉連
陳茂盛

A. DIRECTORS (董事)

Board composition (董事會成員)

On 11 January 2011, the Board announced that Mr Chan Wing Kwan has been designated as a non-executive Director and appointed as the chief consultant of the Company and ceased to be the Managing Director and an executive Director with effect from 11 January 2011. Mr Chan Wing Kwan has notified the Board of his resignation as a non-executive Director and in respect of his resignation of his office and election as an annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with the Article of Association of the Company. His resignation is in accordance with the provisions of the Code. As a result of his resignation, Mr Chan has been appointed as the Managing Director with effect from 11 January 2011. Under the Code, the role of chairman and chief executive officer should not be performed by the same individual.

The Board will keep reviewing the composition of the Board from time to time. If a candidate with suitable knowledge, skill and experience is identified, the Company will make a decision to fill the position of Managing Director as a whole.

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of his independence as required under Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

The Board comprises Directors who collect a wide range of experience, skills and knowledge in finance and technical knowledge in laminate, bonded fibre board, polyethylene and chemical products, administration and management experience in the PRC factories, financial and accounting skills, as well as in-house advice from the international and regional. The Board is of a diverse background with a balance of skill and experience in a broad range of effective decision making, taking into account the nature and scope of the operation of the Company.

A. 董事(續)

董事會成員(續)

二零一一年一月十一日，董事會宣佈，陳永鋐先生已調任為非執行董事及獲委任為本公司首席顧問，並已終止出任董事總經理及執行董事，自二零一一年一月十一日起生效。陳永鋐先生出任非執行董事並無與本公司訂立特定任期，惟須根據本公司組織章程細則，遵守於本公司股東週年大會告退及重選連任之相關條文。其委任並無特定任期偏離守則條文第A.4.1條。於本報告日期，自陳先生辭任以來，本公司並未覓得替任董事總經理。其辭任董事總經理偏離守則條文第A.2.1條。根據守則條文第A.2.1條，一名人士不應兼任主席及行政總裁。

董事會將不時檢討董事會架構。倘物色到具備適合知識、技能及經驗的候選人，本公司將加以委任，以填補董事總經理一職（如適用）。

本公司已按上市規則第3.13條的規定，取得每名獨立非執行董事之年度獨立性確認書。

董事會由多名董事組成，共同提供有關覆銅面板、印刷線路板、房地產發展及化工產品之核心能力、銷售及市場推廣經驗及技術知識、中國工廠之行政及管理經驗、財務及會計技巧以及有關遵守國際法律及規例之內部意見。董事會有十二名成員，擁有不同資歷及經驗，考慮到本公司之業務性質及規模，董事會成員人數對其決策效率而言實屬合適。

A. DIRECTORS (董事)

Responsibilities of Directors (董事責任)

Each newly appointed Director shall receive a comprehensive, formal and tailored induction on his first occasion of his appointment. All Directors shall be briefed and briefed on continuing professional development and training and the business of the Company and have the ability to fill a gap of his responsibility under the applicable law and regulation. The Board has a policy of Directors, especially individual, to agree, in the presence of his, to take independent professional advice, if necessary, as the Company's interests are enabled and facilitate the Directors to make well considered decisions. A Director in breach of his 'Director's' and 'Office's' liability has been changed again to liability of legal action to be taken against the Director and the management.

Supply of and access to information

The management of the Company has an obligation to provide the Board with complete, adequate and accurate information in a timely and comprehensive manner to enable them to make an informed decision and discharge his duties and responsibilities as a Director of the Company. All the Directors are given the ability and independent access to the Company's information management.

All the Directors are given the ability and independent access to the Company's Secretary, who is included in the Board's policy of being able to be briefed and

A. 董事(續)

董事責任(續)

每名新委任董事於首次獲委任時均會獲得一份全面兼特為其而設的正式就任須知。全體董事於有需要時將參與持續專業發展計劃，以確保彼等清楚了解本公司之營運及業務，且充分明瞭彼等於適用法律及規定下之責任。董事會設立既定程序，董事於履行職務時，在有需要的情況下可個別或共同徵詢獨立專業顧問意見，以作出充分考慮的決定，有關費用由本公司承擔。本公司已就董事及管理人員可能面對之法律行動而為董事及管理人員安排適當責任保險。

資料提供及使用

本公司管理層有責任及時向董事會提供完整、充足及適當形式和質量的資料，以便董事會作出知情決定及履行作為本公司董事之職務。全體董事均可個別地及獨立地接觸本公司高級管理人員。

全體董事均可個別及獨立地接觸公司秘書。公司秘書之職責包括確保貫徹遵循董事會程序，同時遵守適用規則及規例。公司秘書出席董事會及董事委員會所有會議，負責編寫及存檔會議記錄，以供董事查閱。

B. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (續)

The level and make-up of remuneration and disclosure (續)

Recommend to the Board the remuneration for independent non-executive Directors (including non-executive Directors, if any), taking into account factors such as effort, time spent and responsibilities.

When recommending the remuneration package for each individual Director, the Remuneration Committee will consider his qualification and experience, specific duties and responsibilities assigned to him by the Board and the failing make package available for similar position. The members of the Director on a named basis for the year 2011 are listed in pages 156 to 158 in Note 14 of the financial statements. Review and comparison in relation to Directors' remuneration package and performance of the Group are made from time to time in accordance with the company's remuneration policy of the Group. Considering all factors, the Remuneration Committee would make recommendation on the remuneration package for each Director at each financial year to the Chairman.

During the year 2011, the Remuneration Committee had convened 3 meetings during which, among other things, the remuneration package for all Directors were considered.

B. 董事及高級管理人員薪酬(續)

薪酬及披露的水平及組成(續)

參考獨立非執行董事(包括非執行董事(如有))所付出之精力、時間及職責,就彼等之薪酬向董事會提出建議。

薪酬委員會為個別董事建議薪酬待遇時,將考慮彼之資格及經驗、董事會指派予彼之特定職責以及市場現行給予同類職位之待遇。於回顧年度內,每名董事之酬金按姓名詳列於第156至158頁財務報表附註14。本公司不時就董事薪酬待遇及集團純利狀況,與本集團市值相若之上市工業公司進行檢討及比較。考慮上述因素後,薪酬委員會經諮詢主席意見後將就每名董事之薪酬待遇提出建議。

於回顧年度內,薪酬委員會召開兩次會議,並已考慮(其中包括)所有董事之薪酬待遇。

C. ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Financial reporting

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the Company's accounts which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group. The Company has a robust and efficient system of internal controls and half-yearly accounts and audited annual accounts. Senior management is involved in the review and explain the financial reporting and management has made all affected management make all impact on the financial performance and position of the Company to the Audit Committee and the Board and conduct the review and controls laid by the Audit Committee and the Board in this regard. The Chairman of the Board of the Company also acknowledges his responsibilities on the financial statements in the Independent Auditor's Report on page 63 and 64 of this annual report.

Internal controls

The Group has in place a system of internal controls, the key elements of which are as follows:

formal policies and procedures in place, including the documentation of key processes, policies and roles relating to the delegation of authority. The establishment of monitoring controls and the maintenance of the Group's assets;

established and qualified staff take responsibilities from an independent function. Annual internal controls have been established to maintain standards of performance;

monthly business and financial performance, including sales, income, liability and - data financial and other information; budget variance analysis; and

an internal audit function, which is directed by the Audit Committee, in place to evaluate the effectiveness of the internal controls.

C. 問責及核數

財務匯報

董事確認編製能真實及公平反映本集團的財務狀況之賬目乃彼等之責任。本公司調配合適及足夠的資源編製未經審核半年度賬目及經審核年度賬目。高級管理層須向審核委員會及董事會呈報及闡釋對本公司財務表現及營運構成或可能構成重大影響之財務匯報及事宜，並就審核委員會及董事會提出之查詢及關注作出令彼等信納之回應。本公司核數師就其對財務報表承擔之申報責任作出之聲明載於本年報第63及64頁之獨立核數師報告。

內部監控

本集團已設立內部監控制度，其主要要點如下：

設立正式政策及程序，包括有關授權之主要過程、程序及規則。上述措施令本集團得以監控及防止未經授權而挪用本集團資產；

由具備經驗及合適資格之員工擔任重要業務職責。本集團已設立每年評審程序，以維持表現水準；

編製每月業務及財務報告，提供相關、適時、可靠及最新財務及其他資料，並於適當時調查預算偏差；及

設立內部核數職能，直接向審核委員會匯報，以確定上述程序已適當地予以執行。



C. ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT (問責及核數)

Audit Committee 審核委員會

The Board has established the Audit Committee with specific responsibilities of reference and advice, recommendations and a hereby delegated to them by the Board. The major duties and responsibilities of the Audit Committee include the following:

to review the external audit plan;

to review the external audit fee and the remuneration of internal accounting control;

to review the cost and benefit of the external audit;

to review the statement of financial position and income statement of the Company and the consolidated statement of financial position and income statement of the Group and submit them to the Board;

to nominate external auditors;

to review the internal and external audit findings on the internal control of the Company and the remuneration of internal control of the Board in dealing with the findings and enhance the control and managing of the Company; and

to connect the action and examine the adequacy of internal control of the Group and the standard of the internal control.

C. 問責及核數 (續)

審核委員會

董事會已設立審核委員會，並已書面訂明其具體職權範圍，載列董事會委派予其之職責及權力。審核委員會之主要職責包括下列各項：

與外聘核數師審閱核數計劃；

與外聘核數師檢討彼等對內部會計監控制度之評審；

檢討內部核數程序之範圍及成效；

審閱本公司之財務狀況表及收益表以及本集團之綜合財務狀況表及收益表，並呈交董事會；

提名核數師；

與內部及外聘核數師檢討彼等對本公司內部控制制度之評審結果，以協助董事會制訂有助提升本公司監控及運作制度之政策；及

作為標準程序之一部分，審閱關連交易及審查本集團內部監控是否足夠。



C.

D. DELEGATION BY THE BOARD

Management function

The Company's articles of association set out the powers which are specifically delegated to the Board for its decision. Executive Director normally meet on an informal basis every week and participate in senior management meeting on a regular basis to keep abreast of the latest information and performance of the Group and to monitor and enhance the management capabilities of the director and to agree the Board's policy and strategy. Clearly, the Board is responsible for the management of the company which should be the responsibility and be determined by the Board on behalf of the Company.

Board committees

The Board has three Board committees, namely Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee, each chaired by a different independent non-executive Director. Each Board committee has its own terms of reference setting out the scope, powers and arrangements which are within the remit of the Board.

The Nomination Committee comprises three members who are independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Henry Tan (Chairman), Mr. Lai Ching Wing, Robert and Mr. Tse Kam Hong. According to the terms of reference of the Nomination Committee, the major responsibilities of the Nomination Committee include:

to regularly review the composition and composition of the Board and make recommendations to the Board in regard to any adjustments that are deemed necessary;

to review the performance of independent non-executive Directors and to make recommendations to the Listing Rules on annual basis;

D. 董事會權力的轉授

管理功能

本公司之組織章程細則載列指明須由董事會決定之事項。執行董事一般每兩星期舉行非正式會議，並定期參與高級管理層之會議，以便掌握本集團近期之營運及表現，且監察及確保管理層正確及恰當地執行董事會制訂之指示及策略。管理層已獲清晰指示，得知須提呈董事會垂注並由董事會代表本公司作出決定之事宜。

董事委員會

董事會已設立三個委員會，分別為審核委員會、提名委員會及薪酬委員會，分別由不同獨立非執行董事出任主席，以協助董事會履行各委員會獲委派之特定職能。各董事委員會均書面訂明其特定的職權範圍，所載列之原則、程序及安排均與董事會之原則、程序及安排大致相同。

提名委員會由三名獨立非執行董事：陳亨利先生(主席)、黎忠榮先生及謝錦洪先生組成。根據提名委員會書面訂明的職權範圍，提名委員會之主要職責包括：

定期就董事會之架構、人數及組成作出檢討，並就任何認為需作出的調整向董事會提供推薦建議；

就上市規則而言，每年檢討獨立非執行董事是否屬獨立人士；



獨立核數師報告

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF KINGBOARD CHEMICAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Kingboard Chemical Holdings Limited (the Company) and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the Group) for the year ended 31 December 2011, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2011, and the consolidated income statement, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of change in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements, which give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such information as the directors deem necessary to enable the shareholders of the consolidated financial statements to make informed decisions, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control systems to mitigate the risk of material misstatement.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements based on the audit and other procedures performed by us, in accordance with the applicable standards of engagement, and to report to you. We do not assume any liability for the consolidated financial statements or for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control systems of the Company. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. These standards require us to plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

Our audit was conducted in accordance with the standards of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The audit was conducted in accordance with the standards of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The audit was conducted in accordance with the standards of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Our audit was conducted in accordance with the standards of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The audit was conducted in accordance with the standards of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The audit was conducted in accordance with the standards of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

An audit is designed to obtain reasonable assurance about the accuracy and completeness of the consolidated financial statements. The audit is conducted in accordance with the applicable standards, including the accounting standards of the UK for financial statements of the consolidated financial statements, the Hong Kong Auditing Standards. In making these judgments, the auditor considers the internal control in the entity, the reliability of the consolidated financial statements, the nature and complexity of the transactions, the risk of fraud, and the risk of material misstatement. The auditor also considers the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes the evaluation of the accounting policies and the appropriateness of accounting estimates made by the directors, a review of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group as at 31 December 2011, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

Chartered Accountants
Hong Kong
29 March 2012

審核涉及執程序以獲取有關綜合財務報表所載金額及披露資料的審核憑證。所選定的程序取決於核數師的判斷，包括評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存有重大錯誤陳述的風險。在評估該等風險時，核數師考慮與該實體編製及真實而公平地列報綜合財務報表相關的內部控制，以設計在該等情況下適當的審核程序，但並非為對實體的內部控制的效能發表意見。審核亦包括評價董事所採用的會計政策的合適性及所作出的會計估計的合理性，以及評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式。

吾等相信，吾等所獲得的審核憑證是充足和適當地為吾等的審核意見提供基礎。

意見

吾等認為，該等綜合財務報表已根據香港財務申報準則真實而公平地反映貴集團於二零一一年十二月三十一日的事務狀況及貴集團截至該日止年度的溢利及現金流量，並已按照香港公司條例的披露規定妥為編製。

德勤·關黃陳方會計師行

執業會計師

香港

二零一二年三月二十九日



綜合收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2011

綜合全面收益表

附錄一 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit for the year	本年度溢利		4,650,117
Other comprehensive income:	其他全面收益：		
Cash flow hedge:	現金流對沖：		
Gain (loss) on cash flow hedging in year	現金流對沖工具之收益（虧損）		(44,088)
Deferred and recognised in relation to change in cash flow hedge	就現金流對沖變動而確認之遞延稅項		8,373
Reclassification adjustment relating to cash flow hedge	就現金流對沖調動而作出之重新分類調整		111,774
Reclassification adjustment relating to deferred and recognised in relation to cash flow hedge	就現金流對沖調動而作出之重新分類調整之遞延稅項		(18,443)
Investment revaluation reserve:	投資重估儲備：		
Fair value change of available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資之公平值變動		405,831
Reclassification adjustment relating to disposal of available-for-sale investments	就出售可供出售投資而作出之重新分類調整		(296,012)
Reclassification adjustment relating to impairment losses on available-for-sale investments	就可供出售投資之減值虧損而作出之重新分類調整		
Property revaluation reserve:	物業重估儲備：		
Fair value change on property transferred to investment property at fair value	物業轉撥至投資物業時之公平值變動		7,268
Translation reserve:	匯兌儲備：		
Exchange difference arising on translation of foreign currency and balance sheet	因折算外地經營至呈報貨幣而產生之匯兌差額		633,786
Share of change in equity of associate	應佔聯營公司儲備變動		18,785
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax)	本年度其他全面收益（除稅後）		827,274
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額		5,477,391
Total comprehensive income attributable to:	全面收益總額應佔份額：		
Owners of the Company	本公司持有人		4,323,205
Non-controlling interests	非控股股東權益		1,154,186
			5,477,391

綜合財務狀況表

於二零一一年十二月三十一日

			2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Investment properties	投資物業	17		2,130,210
Properties, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	18		17,574,362
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃款項	19		919,313
Other non-current assets	其他非流動資產	20		
Goodwill	商譽	21		2,288,149
Interests in associates	於聯營公司之權益	22		564,447
Held-maturity investments	持有至到期投資	23		
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資	24		2,299,936
Interests in jointly controlled entities	於共同控制實體之權益	25		1,075
Non-current deposits	非流動訂金	26		1,715,339
Deferred tax assets	遞延稅項資產	34		

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2011 於二零一一年十二月三十一日

			2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延稅項負債	34		73,378
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	31		50,755
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	33		7,086,134
				7,210,267
				31,582,335
Capital and reserves	股本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	35		84,950
Share premium and reserves	股份溢價及儲備			25,685,224
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司持有人應佔權益			25,770,174
Non-controlling interests	非控股股東權益	38		5,812,161
Total equity	資本總額			31,582,335

The consolidated financial statements on pages 65 to 239 are approved and authorised by the Board of Directors on 29 March 2012 and are signed on its behalf by:

第65頁至第239頁之綜合財務報表已於二零一二年三月二十九日獲董事會批准及授權刊發，並由下列董事代表簽署：

Cheung Kwok Wing

張國榮

DIRECTOR

董事

Chang Wing Yiu

鄭永耀

DIRECTOR

董事



Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

Attributable to owners of the Company														
本公司持有人應佔權益														
Share capital	Share premium	Capital redemption reserve	Warrant reserve	Share options reserve	Goodwill reserve	Special surplus account	Statutory reserve	Hedging reserve	Property revaluation reserve	Investment revaluation reserve	Translation reserve	Retained profits	Total	Non-controlling interests
股本	股份溢價	贖回儲備	認股權證儲備	優先購股權儲備	商譽儲備	盈餘賬目	法定儲備	對沖儲備	物業重估儲備	投資重估儲備	匯兌儲備	保留溢利	合計	股東權益
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
						(附註a)	(附註b)		(附註c)					
						(附註a)	(附註b)		(附註c)					

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

Note :

附註：

(a) Special reserve represents the difference between the nominal amount of the shares issued by the Company and the nominal amount of the issued share capital of the subsidiary which is accounted by the Company under the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance in 1993.

(a) 特別盈餘賬目指本公司發行的股份面值與本公司於一九九三年根據集團重組收購之附屬公司已發行股本面值之差額。

(b) Statutory reserve represents the amount of the profit and General Reserve of the subsidiary in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations of the People's Republic of China.

(b) 法定儲備指若干附屬公司根據中華人民共和國相關法律及法規撥出之企業擴充基金和一般儲備金。

(c) The fair value adjustment reserve of the Group represents the gain on fair value adjustment of certain assets of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2011, and the fair value adjustment of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2010.

(c) 本集團物業重估儲備指由於將若干物業由自用之物業、廠房及設備轉撥至投資物業所產生之重估收益。

(d) During the year ended 31 December 2011, the Group acquired additional shares in Kingboard Laminate Holding Limited ('KLHL'), a non-listed subsidiary of the Company listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the 'Stock Exchange'), and Elec & Elec International Company Limited ('EEIC'), a non-listed subsidiary of the Company listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited and delisted on the Stock Exchange. As a result of the acquisition, the difference of HK\$17,097,000 (2010: HK\$248,486,000) between the consolidated and HK\$106,724,000 (2010: HK\$508,396,000) and the amount of non-controlling interest adjusted of HK\$89,627,000 (2010: HK\$259,910,000) is directly recognized in equity.

(d) 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度內，本集團增持建滔積層板控股有限公司(「建滔積層板」)本公司於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市的非全資擁有附屬公司)及依利安達集團有限公司(「EEIC」)本公司於新加坡證券交易所有限公司上市及於聯交所雙重上市的非全資擁有附屬公司)的額外權益。此等增持導致已付代價106,724,000港元(二零一零年：508,396,000港元)與已調整非控股股東權益89,627,000港元(二零一零年：259,910,000港元)之間的差額17,097,000港元(二零一零年：248,486,000港元)直接於權益確認。

(e) During the year ended 31 December 2010, the Group disposed a share in KLHL and a share in the subsidiary, the difference of HK\$1,031,712,000 between the consolidated and HK\$1,665,386,000, the recognition of non-controlling interest of HK\$706,517,000 and de-recognition of share in the subsidiary of HK\$72,843,000 is directly recognized in equity.

(e) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度內，本集團出售部份建滔積層板權益。出售導致已收代價淨額1,665,386,000港元與已確認非控股股東權益706,517,000港元及在匯兌儲備剔除確認之72,843,000港元之間的差額1,031,712,000港元，直接於權益確認。

綜合現金流量表

Financial Statement 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit before taxation		5,166,338
Adjustment for:		
Share of profit of associate		(200,873)
Share of profit of jointly controlled entities		7,035
Amortisation of intangible assets		696
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		2,058,419
Impairment loss recognised in respect of trade and other receivables		108,164
Impairment loss recognised in respect of inventories		
Impairment loss recognised in respect of property, plant and equipment		
Dividend from available-for-sale investments		(29,785)
Interest expense and other finance charge		304,040
Loss (gain) on disposal of available-for-sale investments		(296,012)
Gain on fair value change of investments		(68,824)
Gain on disposal of subsidiary		
Release of prepaids and other assets		20,832
Interest income		(38,639)
Impairment loss on available-for-sale investments		
Loss on fair value change of commodities and contracts		33,493
Loss on disposal of plant and equipment		13,259
Share-based payment expense		303
Operating cash flow before movement in working capital		7,078,446
Decrease (increase) in inventories		(682,152)
Increase in trade and other receivables and prepaids		(1,967,558)
Increase in bill receivables		(670,758)
Increase (decrease) in trade and other payables		(165,949)
(Decrease) increase in bill payables		408,053
Net decrease in derivative financial instruments		(11,628)
Increase in property held for development		(2,566,128)
Increase in deposits from sale of identified intangible assets		1,061,578
Cash generated from operations		2,483,904
Hong Kong Profits Tax paid		(14,922)
Hong Kong Profits Tax refunded		3,930
Other income		(336,522)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		2,136,390

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

	Note 附註	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of available-for-sale investments			(1,662,638)
Purchase of held-to-maturity investments			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment			(1,035,389)
Deposit in advance for property, plant and equipment			(1,209,885)
Contribution in advance for additional shares in an associate			
Increase in pledged bank deposits			(16,014)
Payments made in advance for purchase of investment property			(135,205)
Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale investments			(585,987)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment			975,402
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment			97,124
Proceeds from disposal of prepaid lease payments			172,973
Dividend received from an associate			153,530
Interest received			38,639
Dividend received from available-for-sale investments			29,785
Net cash flow from acquisition of subsidiary	39		(109,939)
Net cash inflow (outflow) from disposal of subsidiary	40		(23,023)
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES			(3,310,627)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
New bank borrowings			4,846,072
Proceeds from disposal of shares in subsidiary			1,665,386
Proceeds from exercise of share options			17,465
Proceeds from exercise of warrants			3,527
Repayment of bank borrowings			(4,105,556)
Contribution in advance for acquisition of additional shares in subsidiary			(508,396)
Dividend paid on ordinary shares			(804,700)
Dividend paid on minority shares of subsidiary			(473,322)
Interest and other finance charges paid			(313,173)
Capital contribution from minority shareholders of subsidiary			163,500
NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			490,803

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表
 For the year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等值項目減少淨額		(683,434)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	年初之現金及現金等值項目		5,546,587
EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES	匯率變動影響		158,869
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	年末之現金及現金等值項目		5,022,022
ANALYSIS OF THE BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等值項目結餘分析		
Bank balance and cash	銀行結餘及現金		5,143,658
Less: Pledged bank deposits	減：已質押銀行存款		(121,636)
Balance of cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目結餘		5,022,022

綜合財務報表附註

Financial Statements 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

1. GENERAL

The Company is a public limited company incorporated in the Cayman Islands and is wholly owned by the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the Stock Exchange). The address of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the Corporate Information section of the annual report.

The functional currency of the Company and its operating subsidiaries is Renminbi (RMB) while the consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars (HK\$), which the management of the Company believes is the most appropriate currency for the presentation of the financial statements.

75

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) ()

The Group has not early adopted the following new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

Amendments to HKFRS 7 and HKFRS 9	Disclosures of financial assets and financial liabilities ¹ Disclosures of off-balance sheet financial assets and financial liabilities ² Mandatory effective date of HKFRS 9 and transition disclosures ³
HKFRS 9	Financial instruments ³
HKFRS 10	Consolidated financial statements ²
HKFRS 11	Joint arrangements ²
HKFRS 12	Disclosures of interests in other entities ²
HKFRS 13	Fair value measurement ²
Amendments to HKAS 1	Presentation of items of other comprehensive income ⁵
Amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred tax related to intangible assets ⁴
HKAS 19 (as revised in 2011)	Employee benefits ²
HKAS 27 (as revised in 2011)	Separate financial statements ²
HKAS 28 (as revised in 2011)	Interests in associates and joint ventures ²
Amendments to HKAS 32	Off-balance sheet financial assets and financial liabilities ⁶
HK(IFRIC) Int 20	Selling an interest in the production phase of a lease mine ²

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011.

² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013.

³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015.

⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012.

⁵ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012.

⁶ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014.

2. 應用新增及經修訂之香港財務申報準則(「香港財務申報準則」)

(續)

本集團並無提早應用以下已頒佈但尚未生效的新增或經修訂香港財務申報準則：

香港財務申報準則第7號之修訂及香港財務申報準則第9號	披露 - 轉讓金融資產 ¹ 披露 - 抵銷金融資產及金融負債 ² 香港財務申報準則第9號及過渡性披露的強制生效日期 ³
香港財務申報準則第9號	金融工具 ³
香港財務申報準則第10號	綜合財務報表 ²
香港財務申報準則第11號	共同安排 ²
香港財務申報準則第12號	披露於其他實體的權益 ²
香港財務申報準則第13號	公平值計量 ²
香港會計準則第1號之修訂	其他全面收益項目之列示 ⁵
香港會計準則第12號之修訂	遞延稅項 - 收回相關資產 ⁴
香港會計準則第19號 (二零一一年經修訂)	僱員福利 ²
香港會計準則第27號 (二零一一年經修訂)	獨立財務報表 ²
香港會計準則第28號 (二零一一年經修訂)	於聯營公司及合營企業之投資 ²
香港會計準則第32號之修訂	抵銷金融資產及金融負債 ⁶
香港(國際財務申報準則詮釋委員會) - 詮釋第20號	地表探礦生產階段的剝採成本 ²

¹ 於二零一一年七月一日或其後開始之年度期間生效。

² 於二零一三年一月一日或其後開始之年度期間生效。

³ 於二零一五年一月一日或其後開始之年度期間生效。

⁴ 於二零一二年一月一日或其後開始之年度期間生效。

⁵ 於二零一二年七月一日或其後開始之年度期間生效。

⁶ 於二零一四年一月一日或其後開始之年度期間生效。

2. 應用新增及經修訂之香港財務申報準則(「香港財務申報準則」)

(續)

香港財務申報準則第7號之修訂披露 - 轉讓金融資產

香港財務申報準則第7號之修訂增加涉及金融資產轉讓的交易的披露規定。該等修訂旨在就於金融資產被轉讓而轉讓人保留該資產一定程度的持續風險承擔時，提高風險承擔的透明度。該等修訂亦要求於該期間內金融資產轉讓並非均衡分佈時作出披露。

本公司董事(「董事」)預期，應用香港財務申報準則第7號之修訂將會影響本集團涉及日後金融資產轉讓之披露。

香港會計準則第32號之修訂 抵銷金融資產及金融負債及香港財務申報準則第7號之修訂 披露 - 抵銷金融資產及金融負債

香港會計準則第32號之修訂釐清有關抵銷規定的現有應用問題。特別是，該等修訂釐清「目前有法律權利可抵銷」及「同時變現及清償」的涵義。

香港財務申報準則第7號之修訂規定實體須就可執行的總淨額結算協議或同類安排下的金融工具披露有關抵銷權利及相關安排(如抵押過賬規定)的資料。

經修訂的抵銷披露規定於二零一三年一月一日或以後開始的年度期間及4漂獎間內汶卅朝期鳴應廿、奴可誅香期貼的資料仿筍晃算披露+未©瓦愚霽號之修訂屠於二零一沽年一蕪髒

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) (續)

HKFRS 9 Financial instruments (續)

The Directors anticipate that the adoption of HKFRS 9 in the future may have significant impact on amounts reported in respect of the Group's financial assets. The application of the new Standard may affect the amounts reported in respect of the Group's available-for-sale investments. In addition, the application of HKFRS 9 will affect the classification and measurement of the available-for-sale investments and held-for-sale investments. The application of HKFRS 9 will have material effect on the financial liabilities.

2. 應用新增及經修訂之香港財務申報準則(「香港財務申報準則」)

(續)

香港財務申報準則第9號 金融工具 (續)

董事預期，日後應用香港財務申報準則第9號可能會對本集團就金融資產呈報的金額構成重大影響。應用新準則可能影響本集團可供出售股本投資的呈報金額。此外，應用香港財務申報準則第9號將影響可供出售投資及持有至到期投資的分類及計量，惟不預期應用香港財務申報準則第9號會對本集團的金融負債及其他金融資產構成重大影響。

綜合、共同安排、聯營公司及披露的新增及經修訂準則

一系列有關綜合、共同安排、聯營公司及披露的五項準則已於二零一一年六月頒佈，包括香港財務申報準則第10號、香港財務申報準則第11號、香港財務申報準則第12號、香港會計準則第27號(二零一一年經修訂)及香港會計準則第28號(二零一一年經修訂)。

該五項準則的主要規定概述如下。

香港財務申報準則第10號取代香港會計準則第27號「綜合及獨立財務報表」中處理綜合財務報表的部分及香港詮釋常務委員會詮釋第12號「綜合入賬 - 特殊目的實體」。香港財務申報準則第10號載有控制的新定義，包括三個部分：(a)對投資對象的權力；(b)其參與投資對象的營運而獲得的浮動回報的風險或獲得浮動回報的權利；及(c)對投資對象行使其權力以影響投資者回報金額的能力。香港財務申報準則第10號已加入廣泛指引以處理各種複雜情況。

The e file and/or be effective retroactively from beginning on or after 1 Jan at 2013. Earlier a lica ion i elined he ided ha all of he e file and/or be a lied earl a he ame ime.

該五項準則於二零一三年一月一日或以後開始的年度期間生效，並可提早應用，惟全部五項準則須同時提早應用。

2. 應用新增及經修訂之香港財務申報準則(「香港財務申報準則」)

(續)

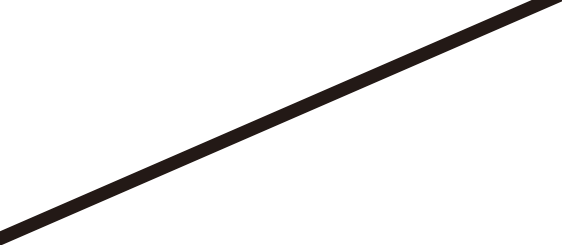
綜合、共同安排、聯營公司及披露
的新增及經修訂準則(續)

董事預期，本集團的綜合財務報表將於二零一三年一月一日開始的年度期間採納該五項準則。應用該五項準則可能會對綜合財務報表呈報的金額構成重大影響。應用香港財務申報準則第10號可能導致本集團不再合併處理其部分投資對象，而合併處理此前並無被合併的投資對象(例如：根據香港財務申報準則第10號有關控制的新定義及有關指引的基準，本集團於聯營公司的投資可能成為本集團的附屬公司)。然而，董事不曾就該等準則的應用影響進行詳細分析，因此不曾量化影響的範圍。

香港財務申報準則第13號 公平值計量

香港財務申報準則第13號設立有關公平值計量及公平值計量之披露的單一指引。該準則界定公平值、設立計量公平值的框架，以及有關公平值計量的披露規定。香港財務申報準則第13號的範圍廣泛，其應用於其他香港財務申報準則規定或允許公平值計量及有關公平值計量披露的金融工具項目及非金融工具項目，惟特定情況除外。整體而言，香港財務申報準則第13號所載的披露規定較現行準則所規定者更為全面。例如，現時僅規限香港財務申報準則第7號「金融工具：披露」項下的金融工具

香港財務申報準則第



2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") ()

Amendments to HKAS 12 Deferred tax – Recovery of underlying assets

The amendments to HKAS 12 provide an exception to the general principle in HKAS 12 that the measurement of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities should reflect the consequences that would follow from the manner in which the entity expects to recover the carrying amount of an asset. Specifically, under the amendments, in the event that the entity has also measured the fair value of an asset in accordance with HKAS 40, the measurement of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities should be based on the highest of the three measurement methods available. In the event that the entity has also measured the fair value of an asset in accordance with HKAS 40, the measurement of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities should be based on the highest of the three measurement methods available. In the event that the entity has also measured the fair value of an asset in accordance with HKAS 40, the measurement of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities should be based on the highest of the three measurement methods available.

The amendments to HKAS 12 are effective from the annual reporting period beginning on or after 1 January 2012. The Directors are aware that the application of the amendments to HKAS 12 in full is accounting for the measurement of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities recognized in the period regarding the Group's income tax expense of which the carrying amount of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities is the highest available. In the opinion of the Directors, the application of HKAS 12 may result in a decrease in the Group's net income and an increase in the deferred tax liabilities at the end of the reporting period. A table of additional deferred tax liabilities on land and a provision for a decrease in the Group's net income is located in the Periodic Report of the Republic of China (the PRC) showing the effect in the period that the amendments will have on the Group's net income. The Directors have not performed a detailed analysis of the impact of the amendments and hence have not identified the effect on the impact.

The Directors are aware that the application of the amendments and related HKFRS will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

2. 應用新增及經修訂之香港財務申報準則(「香港財務申報準則」)(續)

香港會計準則第12號之修訂 遞延稅項 - 收回相關資產

香港會計準則第12號之修訂為香港會計準則第12號所載之一般原則提供例外情況，即遞延稅項資產及遞延稅項負債之計量應反映該實體預期將收回資產之賬面值之方式所產生之稅務影響。具體而言，在此修訂下，就計量遞延稅項而言，假定根據香港會計準則第40號「投資物業」以公允價值模式計量之投資物業可從出售中收回，除非在若干情況下假定被駁回則另作別論。

香港會計準則第12號之修訂對於二零一二年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效。董事預期，在日後會計期間應用香港會計準則第12號之修訂可能導致本集團調整其於以往年度就假定可通過出售收回賬面值的投資物業所確認遞延稅項金額。董事認為，應用香港會計準則第12號將由於就本集團位於中華人民共和國(「中國」)的投資物業(假定將通過出售收回其賬面值)的土地增值稅的額外遞延稅項撥備，致使本年度的溢利減少及呈報期間結束時的遞延稅項負債增加。然而，董事不曾就該等修訂的應用影響進行詳細分析，因此不置量化影響的範圍。

董事預期，應用其他新增及經修訂之準則、修訂及詮釋將不會對綜合財務報表構成重大影響。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosure required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the Listing Rules) and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the measurement of certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair value, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include all the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (i.e. subsidiaries). Control is achieved when the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The full subsidiaries acquired wholly owned during the year are included in the consolidated income statement from the effective date of acquisition and the effective date of disposal, as applicable.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with those adopted by the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries have been determined on the basis of the Group's shareholding.

3. 主要會計政策

綜合財務報表乃按香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務申報準則編製。此外，綜合財務報表載有聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)及香港公司條例規定之適用披露。

綜合財務報表乃按歷史成本基準編製，惟如下列會計政策所闡述，投資物業及若干金融工具則按公平值計量。

綜合賬目基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及本公司控制之實體(附屬公司)財務報表。當本公司有權力操縱某實體之財政及經營政策以藉其活動之中獲益，將視為擁有控制權。

於年內收購或出售之附屬公司之業績，自實際收購日期起及實際出售日期止(視適用情況而定)已列入綜合收益表內。

如需要，將會就附屬公司之財務報表作出調整，致使其會計政策與本集團其他成員公司所用者貫徹一致。

所有集團內公司間交易、結餘、收入及開支於綜合賬目時對銷。

於附屬公司之非控股股東權益在本集團權益內分開呈列。

3. 主要會計政策(續)

分配全面收益總額至非控股股東權益

附屬公司之全面收益及開支總額應分配至本公司之持有人及非控股股東權益(即使此舉導致非控股股東權益出現虧損(自二零一零年一月一日起生效))。

本集團於現有附屬公司之擁有權權益之變動

本集團於附屬公司的擁有權權益變動如不會導致喪失控制權，會入賬列為股權交易。本集團的權益及非控股股東權益的賬面值已予調整，以反映兩者在附屬公司的相對權益的變化。非控股股東權益調整金額與所付或所收代價公平值兩者之間的差額直接於權益內撥歸附屬公司。

倘繳納有權歸還交

易。巨導尿詢寺寺易 志僑”應用 焜柱與鞋旨悞 答



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註
F 附註 31 D 2011

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

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Business combinations ()

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the amount paid for the combination over the fair value of the identifiable intangible assets acquired, and the fair value of the identifiable intangible assets is determined as the fair value of the identifiable intangible assets (if any) less the fair value of the identifiable intangible assets acquired and the fair value of the identifiable intangible assets (if any), the excess is recognized immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Non-controlling interest has been determined as the fair value of the interest in the subsidiary at the date of acquisition, less the fair value of the identifiable intangible assets acquired. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis. Other than a liability, on the basis specified in another standard.

3. 主要會計政策(續)**業務合併(續)**

所轉撥代價、與被收購方之任何非控股股東權益及收購方先前持有被收購方股權(如有)之公平值合計,倘超出所收購可識別資產及所承擔負債於收購日期之淨額,超出之部分確認為商譽。倘(經評估後)已收購之可識別資產及承擔之負債於收購日之淨額超出所轉撥代價、於被收購方任何非控股股東權益之金額及收購方先前持有被收購方權益(如有)之公平值總和,超出部分即時於損益賬中確認為議價收購收益。

屬現時擁有權益且於清盤時賦予其持有人按比例分佔實體資產淨值之非控股股東權益可初步按公平值或非控股股東權益應佔被收購方可識別資產淨值之已確認金額比例計量。計量基準之選擇乃按每次交易為基礎。其他類型之非控股股東權益乃按其公平值或(如適用)按另一項準則要求基準計量。

3. 主要會計政策(續)

商譽

收購業務所產生之商譽，按成本減任何累計減值虧損(如有)列賬，並於綜合財務狀況表獨立呈列。

就減值測試而言，商譽分配到預期從收購(轉入)

(併格築 立鮎鬚手)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

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Investments in associates

An associate is an entity which the Group has significant influence and has no subsidiary non-influence in a joint venture. Significant influence is the ability to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control or shared control.

The assets and liabilities of an associate are included in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, in the income statement, an associate's share of income is recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position as cost and adjusted to reflect the Group's share of the profit or loss and the comprehensive income of the associate. When the Group's share of the income of an associate is allocated in excess of its share, the Group discontinues recognizing its share of the profit or loss. Additional income is recognized only if the investee has the legal obligation to make a payment on behalf of the associate.

An expense of the cost of acquisition of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of an associate is recognized at the date of acquisition and recognized as goodwill, which is included in the carrying amount of the investment.

An expense of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the cost of acquisition, after payment, is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策(續)**於聯營公司之投資**

聯營公司指本集團對其有重大影響力之實體，且不屬於附屬公司或合資企業之權益。重大影響力指參與投資對象之財務及經營政策決策之權力，但並無控制或共同控制該等政策。

聯營公司之業績及資產與負債乃按權益會計法納入綜合財務報表內。根據權益法，於聯營公司之投資，乃初步按成本於綜合財務狀況表列賬，並就本集團應佔該等聯營公司之損益及其他全面收益後作出調整確認。當本集團應佔一間聯營公司之虧損相等於或超出其於該聯營公司之權益，則本集團不再確認其應佔之進一步虧損。額外虧損會作出確認，惟僅以本集團已產生法定或推定責任或代表該聯營公司支付之款項為限。

任何收購成本超出本集團應佔於收購日期已確認之聯營公司可識別資產、負債及或然負債中之公平值淨額之部分，均確認為商譽並乃計入投資之賬面值中。

任何本集團應佔可識別資產、負債及或然負債之公平值淨額超出收購成本之部分，經重估後即時於損益中確認。





Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

F 附註 31 D 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

共同控制實體(續)

香港會計準則第39號規定，如需就本集團於共同控制實體之投資確認任何減值虧損，應用該會計準則。如需要，投資全數賬面值(包括商譽)根據香港會計準則第36號「資產減值」作為單一資產作減值測試，方法為將賬面值與可收回金額(使用價值與公平值減出售成本之較高者)加以比較。任何已確認之減值虧損構成該投資賬面值的一部分。倘該投資之可收回金額其後增加，則根據香港會計準則第36號確認該減值虧損之撥回。

本集團於涉及失去共同控制之共同控制實體當集意售出棧同控制實體干，城據香港R斛よ帝酮 絨

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When a global entity has acquired a joint controlled entity, both and the entity being from the transaction with the joint controlled entity are recognized in the Global consolidated financial statements only if the entity is in the joint controlled entity has a net balance of the Global.

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共同控制實體(續)

當集團實體與其共同控制實體進行交易時，如於共同控制實體之權益與本集團無關，與共同控制實體交易中的損益會在集團之綜合財務報表確認。

營業額乃按已收或應收代價之公平值計算，並指於一般業務過程中銷售貨品及提供服務之應收金額，減折扣、退貨及銷售相關稅項後計算。

銷售貨品所得營業額在貨品交付、所有權益轉移並達致以下全部條件時確認：

本集團將商品所有重大風險或回報之擁有權已轉讓予買方；

本集團保留概不慣常地參予持續管理涉及相關之擁有權也不出售商品有效之控制權；

營業額金額可能可靠地計量；

對本集團帶來經濟利益之有關交易
流入之可能性；及

有關交易能可靠地計量產生或被產生之成本值。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

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Investment properties

Investment properties are held to earn rental and/or capital appreciation.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair value. Gain or loss arising from change in the fair value of investment properties is included in profit or loss in the period in which the change occurs.

An investment property is derecognised on disposal when the investment property is no longer held to earn rental and/or capital appreciation and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal. A gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit or loss in the period in which the item is derecognised.

Properties held for development

Properties held for development are those that are available for sale in the form of completed lots and are held for sale.

Costs relating to the development of properties, comprising land lease payments, land and development costs, are included in properties held for development until such time when they are completed.

The Group transfers properties held for development to investment properties when there is a change of intention to hold the properties to earn rental and/or capital appreciation. The transfer is made at the fair value of the property, which is evidenced by the commencement of an active leasing arrangement. A difference between the fair value and the carrying amount of the property is recognised in profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策(續)**投資物業**

投資物業乃持作賺取租金及／或資本增值之物業。

投資物業乃初步按成本計量，包括任何直接應佔開支。於初步確認後，投資物業按公平值計量。投資物業公平值變動產生之盈虧計入其產生期間之損益內。

投資物業於出售后，或當永久停止使用該投資物業，及預期出售不會產生未來經濟利益時剔除確認。剔除確認該物業所產生之任何盈虧乃按出售所得款項淨額與該資產賬面值間之差額計算，並計入剔除確認項目期間之損益內。

持作待發展物業

持作未來出售之待發展物業按成本及可變現淨值兩者之較低者列賬。

發展物業相關之費用(包括土地之預付租賃款項及發展成本)將計入待發展物業，直至完成發展為止。

當本集團意向有變，由於日常業務過程中出售改為持有物業以賺取租金或／及資本增值時，本集團將持作出售之待發展物業轉撥至投資物業，意向變動以向另一方訂立的經營租賃開始為憑。於轉撥日期公平值與物業以往賬面值之間之差額，在損益確認。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

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Properties, plant and equipment ()

If an item of property, plant and equipment becomes an investment property because its use has changed as evidenced by ending its non-current asset classification, a difference between the carrying amount and the fair value of the item at the date of transfer is recognised in the comprehensive income and accumulated in other comprehensive income. On the balance sheet, the item of the fair value, the value and the fair value will be transferred directly to retained profits.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised on disposal when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal of the item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the profit or loss.

Licenced properties, plant and equipment

Licenced property, plant and equipment (included in property, plant and equipment) held under licence fee income are added in the consolidated statement of financial position as lease liabilities, accumulated depreciation and an accumulated impairment loss, if any.

Depreciation is recognised as a charge off the cost of the item of licenced property, plant and equipment less its residual value over its useful life using the straight-line method. The estimated useful life, residual value and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, if the effect of an change in the estimate is significant.

3. 主要會計政策(續)**物業、廠房及設備(續)**

在擁有人佔用完結時，以此證明物業、廠房及設備項目用途改變，成為投資物業，該項目賬面值與於該日公平值之間的差額在其他全面收益確認，並在物業重估儲備累計。其後出售或報廢資產時，相關重估儲備直接轉撥至保留溢利。

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售或預期持續使用該資產不會產生未來經濟利益時剔除確認。出售或報廢物業、廠房及設備項目所產生的任何盈虧為該資產出售所得款項與賬面值之間的差額，該差額在損益中確認。

授權使用物業、廠房及設備

持作賺取授權使用費的授權使用物業、廠房及設備(計入物業、廠房及設備)，乃按成本減其後累計折舊及任何累計減值虧損(如有)在綜合財務狀況表列賬。

授權使用物業、廠房及設備項目之折舊乃根據其估計可使用年期，於扣減其估計剩餘價值後，以直線法撇銷其成本。估計可使用年期、剩餘價值及折舊方法於各報告期間結束當日予以檢討，估計如有任何變動，在日後入賬。

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存貨按成本或可變現淨值兩者中之較低者入賬。成本包括直接物料及(如適用)直接勞工成本及使存貨達致現有位置及狀況所產生之間接成本。成本按加權平均法計算。可變現淨值指存貨估計售價減估計完成所需之全部成本以及銷售所需之成本。

授權使用存貨在綜合財務狀況表列為其他非流動資產，按成本或可變現淨值兩者中之較低者入賬。可變現淨值指存貨估計售價減估計完成所需之全部成本以及銷售所需之成本。

個別收購並具有有限可使用年期之無形資產乃按成本減累計攤銷及任何累計減值虧損列賬。具有有限可使用年期之無形資產於估計可使用年期内以直線法攤銷。估計可使用年期及攤銷方法於各報告期間結束當日予以檢討，估計如有任何變動，在日後入賬。

Annual Report 2011 **Kingboard Chemical Holdings Limited**
二零一一年年報 建滔化工集團

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

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Intangible assets ()**Impairment**

Intangible assets are classified as finite life assets and are amortised in accordance with the relevant indicators. An impairment may be identified (see the accounting policies in respect of intangible assets) if the carrying amount is greater than the recoverable amount.

Impairment losses (other than goodwill (see the accounting policies in respect of goodwill))

At the end of the reporting period, the Group tests the carrying amount of identifiable intangible assets to determine whether there is an indication that the assets are impaired. If an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the assets is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an identifiable asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Where a cash-generating unit and cash-generating unit allocation can be identified, cash-generating unit allocation is allocated to individual cash-generating units, and the cash-generating unit allocation is allocated to the cash-generating unit to which a cash-generating unit allocation can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and carrying amount. In assessing fair value, the Group estimates the cash flows attributable to the cash-generating unit and reflects the time value of money and the specific risks to the cash-generating unit. If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策(續)**無形資產(續)****減值**

倘有跡象顯示具有有限可使用年期之無形資產可能出現減值，則對有關資產進行減值測試(請參閱下文有關減值虧損之會計政策(商譽除外))。

減值虧損(商譽除外(請參閱有關商譽之會計政策))

於報告期間結束當日，本集團須審閱其資產之賬面值，以確定是否有任何跡象顯示該等資產出現減值虧損。倘出現任何有關跡象，則估計資產可收回金額，以釐定減值虧損的幅度(如有)。倘不能估計單一資產的可收回金額，則本集團會估計其資產所屬現金產生單位的可收回金額。於可識別合理和一貫分配基準的情況下，企業資產亦會被分配到個別的現金產生單位，否則或會被分配到可合理地及按一貫分配基準而識別的最小的現金產生單位中。

可收回金額為公平值減銷售成本或使用價值之較高者。評估使用價值時，估計未來現金流量乃使用稅前貼現率折現至其貼現值，該貼現率反映目前市場對資金時間值之評估以及估計未來現金流量未經調整之資產的獨立風險。

倘某項資產(或現金產生單位)之可收回金額估計低於其賬面值，則該項資產(或現金產生單位)之賬面值須削減至其可收回金額。減值虧損即時在損益中確認。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

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Leasing ()**Leasehold land and building**

When a lease includes both land and building elements, the Group assesses the classification of each element as a finance or an operating lease separately based on the assessment of whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the Group, irrespective of whether the elements are operating leases in which case the entire lease is classified as an operating lease. Specifically, the minimum lease payments (including an initial fee from a tenant) are allocated between the land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair value of the leasehold in the land element and building elements of the lease at the inception of the lease.

The entire allocation of the lease payments can be made reliable, in the leasehold land has accounted for an operating lease is deemed a prepaid lease payments, in the consolidated statement of financial position and amortised over the lease term on a straight-line basis. For the leasehold classified and accounted for in the elements are deemed the fair value model. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements, the entire lease is generally classified as a finance lease and accounted for as a lease, land and elements, irrespective of whether the elements are operating leases, in which case the entire lease is classified as an operating lease.

3. 主要會計政策(續)**租約(續)****租約土地和樓宇**

當租賃包括土地及樓宇，本集團需要考慮其風險與報酬是否全部轉移至集團並把每項資產劃分為融資租約或經營租約，如該等部分明顯為經營租約，整項資產分類為經營租約。尤其是，最低應付租賃款項包括任何一次性預付款，在租賃期開始時，按租約土地權益於土地及樓宇項目之間的公平值比例予以分配。

租賃款項能夠可靠地分配時，入賬列為經營租約的土地權益應在綜合財務狀況表中列為「預付租賃款項」，按直線法在租賃期間攤銷，惟分類為並以公平值模式列作投資物業者除外。當租賃款項不能夠在土地和樓宇間可靠地分配時，整項租約視為融資租約，並作為物業、機器及設備列賬，除非該等項目均清楚地屬於經營租約，則整項租約分類為經營租約。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

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Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of the entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the local economic environment in which the entity operates) at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value are also denominated in foreign currencies and are translated at the exchange rate prevailing on the date when the fair value is determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not translated.

Exchange differences arising on the elements of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise, except for exchange differences arising on a monetary item that forms part of the Company's net investment in a foreign operation, in which case, the exchange difference is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity and will be reclassified from equity to profit or loss on disposal of the foreign operation. Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items in respect of which gain and loss are recognised directly in other comprehensive income, in which case, the exchange difference is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

3. 主要會計政策(續)**外幣**

編製各集團實體之財務報表時，以該實體之功能貨幣以外貨幣（外幣）進行之交易乃按其功能貨幣（即實體主要經營之經濟環境之貨幣）於交易日期當時之匯率記錄。於報告期間結束當日，以外幣列值之貨幣項目以該日之匯率重新匯兌。按公平值列賬且按外幣列值之非貨幣項目乃按釐定公平值當日匯率重新匯兌。以外幣過往成本計算之非貨幣項目不予重新匯兌。

結算貨幣項目及重新匯兌貨幣項目所產生之匯兌差額會於產生期間在損益中確認，惟由構成本公司於海外業務淨投資一部份之貨幣性項目而引致的匯兌差額則除外，在此情況下，該等匯兌差額於其他全面收益確認及累積於權益，並於出售海外業務時，將由權益重新計入損益中。重新匯兌按公平值列賬之非貨幣項目產生之匯兌差額計入期內損益，惟重新換算非貨幣性項目而引致的匯兌差額，盈虧直接在其他全面收益確認，在此情況下，該等匯兌差額直接於其他全面收益確認。

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For the purpose of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated in the functional currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollar) using the exchange rate prevailing at the end of the reporting period. Income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rate for the year. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in the consolidated income and accumulated in equity under the heading of translation reserve (a non-distributable reserve).

On the di- al of a foreign e-ia (i.e. a di- al of the Gl- 'en in e-ia in a foreign e-ia, a di- al in ing l- of c- b- e/a b-ial% ha incl de a foreign e-ia, a di- al in ing l- of join c- b- e/a join l- c- b- en i- ha incl de a foreign e-ia, a di- al in ing l- of igrifican infl ence e- an a-ia e ha incl de a foreign e-ia), all of the e- change difference acc m- la ed in e- i- in e- ec- of ha e-ia in a- b- e- he e- ne- of the C- an a- b- la- ified e- b- e- . In addi- ion, in e-ia e- a- a- di- al of a- b-ial% ha de n- b- l- in the Gl- l- ing c- b- e- he b-ial%, he e- a- e- ha- of acc m- la ed e- change difference a- b- e- a- b- ed e- non-c- b- l- ing in e- and a- n- b- c- g- n- ed in e- b- e- . For all the a- di- al (i.e. a- di- al of a-ia e- e- join l- c- b- en i- e- ha de n- b- l- in the Gl- l- ing igrifican infl ence e- join c- b-), he e- a- e- ha- of the acc m- la ed e- change difference i- b- la- ified e- b- e- .

外幣(續)

就呈列綜合財務報表而言，本集團海外業務之資產及負債均按報告期間結束當日匯率匯兌為本集團之呈列貨幣（即港元）。收入及開支項目乃按年內平均匯率匯兌。所產生匯兌差額（如有）於其他全面收益確認，並於權益以匯兌儲備名目（非控股權益（如適用））累計。

出售海外業務時(即出售本集團海外業務之全部權益,或出售可控制擁有海外業務之附屬公司之控制權、出售可控制擁有海外業務之共同控制實體之共同控制權、或出售有喪失重大影響力之海外業務之聯營公司),本公司持有人應佔該業務之所有累計於權益中之匯兌差額,則重新分類至損益。另外,部分出售但未導致集團失去控制的附屬公司,其累計匯兌差額按相應比例再次計入非控股權益,不會損益確認。至於所有其他部分出售(即部分出售聯營公司或共同控制實體,而不會導致本集團喪失重大影響力或共同控制權),累計匯兌差額按比例重新分類至損益。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

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Foreign currencies ()

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable intangible assets acquired during an acquisition of a foreign subsidiary on or after 1 January 2005 are measured at the end of the reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial performance.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable intangible assets acquired during an acquisition of a foreign subsidiary before 1 January 2005 are measured at non-monetary foreign currency rates of the acquisition and are valued using the historical cost of the date of acquisition.

Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the period in which the Group recognises the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial performance when the related costs are recognised as an expense in the consolidated statement of financial performance and the related costs are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial performance.

3. 主要會計政策(續)**外幣(續)**

於二零零五年一月一日或之後因收購海外業務時而就收購可識別資產而產生之商譽及公平值調整被視作該海外業務之資產及負債，並按報告期間結束當日之匯率匯兌。所產生匯兌差額於匯兌儲備中權益下確認。

於二零零五年一月一日前因收購海外業務時而就收購可識別資產而產生之商譽及公平值調整被視為收購方之非貨幣外幣項目，以收購當日之歷史成本呈報。

政府資助

本集團在獲得合理保證將遵守政府資助所附帶的條件及收取政府資助前，不會確認政府資助。

政府資助乃就集團確認的有關支出(預期補助可予抵銷成本的支出)期間按系統化的基準於損益中確認。具體而言，以本集團購買、建造或以其他方式獲得非流動資產為主要條件的政府資助，作為相關資產賬面值剔除部分於綜合財務狀況表中確認，並於相關資產可使用年內轉撥至損益。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

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Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are those assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of the related asset until such time as the asset has substantially reached its intended use or sale. In the event income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their intended use or sale is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Retirement benefit costs

Payments for defined contribution pension benefits, a self-managed pension benefit scheme and the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contribution.

Taxation

Income taxes are recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

The current tax liability is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in consolidated income statement because of the timing of income recognition and the availability of deductions for the year and if the deferred tax item has not been available for deduction. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using the rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

3. 主要會計政策(續)**借貸成本**

與收購、建造或生產合資格資產(需一段長時間方可作擬定用途或可供銷售的資產)直接有關之借貸成本均加至該等資產之成本,直至該等資產大致可作其擬定用途或可供銷售為止。特定借貸中,在其應用於合資格的資產之前所作的臨時投資所賺取的投資收入,須於資本化的借貸成本中扣除。

所有其他借貸成本均於產生期間於損益中確認。

退休福利成本

向定額供款退休福利計劃、國家管理退休福利計劃及強積金計劃支付之供款均於僱員提供服務致使其有權獲得有關供款時以開支形式確認。

稅項

所得稅開支指現時應繳稅項及遞延稅項之總和。

現時應繳稅項乃按本年度應課稅溢利計算。應課稅溢利與綜合收益表中所申報之溢利不同,乃由於前者不包括在其他年度應課稅或可扣稅收入或開支,並且不包括從未課稅或扣稅之項目。本集團即期稅項之債務乃按報告期間結束當日已頒佈或實際已頒佈之稅率計算。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

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Taxation ()

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding base used in the tax authority's taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences if the entity has a taxable profit which will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (whether in a business combination or otherwise) of an asset and liability in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on income taxes on dividends and associates, and income taxes on joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences are recognised where it is probable that the entity will be able to realise the benefit of the temporary difference and the asset is recorded in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced if the entity no longer has sufficient taxable profit which will be available against all or part of the assets to be realised.

3. 主要會計政策(續)**稅項(續)**

遞延稅項乃根據綜合財務報表資產及負債賬面值與計算應課稅溢利所採用相應稅基間之臨時差額確認。遞延稅項負債一般會就所有應課稅臨時差額確認，而遞延稅項資產乃按可能出現可利用臨時差額扣稅之應課稅溢利時確認。因商譽或因業務合併以外交易初步確認其他資產及負債且不影響應課稅溢利亦不影響會計溢利而引致之臨時差額，則不會確認該等資產及負債。

遞延稅項負債乃按於附屬公司及聯營公司之投資及於合資企業之權益而引致之應課稅臨時差額而確認，惟若本集團可控制臨時差額之撥回及臨時差額有可能不會於可見將來之撥回之情況則除外。與該等投資及權益相關的可扣減臨時差額所產生的遞延稅項資產，僅在按可能出現可利用臨時差額扣稅之應課稅溢利時，並預期於可見將來撥回。

遞延稅項資產之賬面值於各報告期間結束當日作檢討，並在沒可能會有足夠應課稅溢利收回全部或部分資產時加以遞減。



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

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Financial instruments ()**Financial assets**

The Group's financial assets are classified in loan and receivable, held-for-sale, held-for-investment and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular payments or receipts of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis. Regular payments or receipts of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis. Regular payments or receipts of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis. Regular payments or receipts of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

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The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts all the cash flows (including all fees and costs received or paid) to the net carrying amount of the financial asset at initial recognition. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts all the cash flows (including all fees and costs received or paid) to the net carrying amount of the financial asset at initial recognition.

Interest income is recognized on an effective interest basis for debt instruments.

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Loan and receivable are non-derivative financial assets that are held for the purpose of earning interest or principal. Subsequent to initial recognition, loan and receivable (including held-for-sale, held-for-investment and available-for-sale, bill receivable and bank balance and cash) are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less an identified impairment loss (see accounting policy on impairment loss on financial assets below).

3. 主要會計政策(續)**金融工具(續)****財務資產**

本集團之財務資產分類為貸款及應收賬款、持有至到期投資及可供出售財務資產。分類視乎財務資產性質及目的而定，在初始確認時釐定。所有日常買賣之財務資產於交易日確認及剔除確認。日常買賣之財務資產指須根據市場規則或慣例訂立之時間內交收資產買賣。

實際利率法

實際利率法是一種計算財務資產攤銷成本與分派利息收入到相關期間之方法。實際利率是以精確將財務資產可使用年期或(如適用)更短期間估計未來現金收入(包括所有已付或已收並構成實際利率整體之費用、交易成本及其他溢價或折價)折現至初步確認時之賬面淨值之折現比率。

債務工具的利息收入乃按實際利率基準確認。

貸款及應收賬款

貸款及應收賬款為在活躍市場上並無報價而具有固定或待付之非衍生財務資產。於初次確認後，貸款及應收賬款(包括其他非流動資產、貿易及其他應收賬款、應收票據及銀行結餘及現金)以實際利率法按攤銷成本減任何已識別減值虧損列賬(請參閱下文有關財務資產減值之會計政策)。



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2011

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

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Financial instruments ()**Impairment of financial assets ()**

For certain categories of financial assets, which are trade receivable, a loss allowance is determined based on the expected credit loss (ECL) model. In addition, a loss allowance is also determined for financial assets that are not trade receivable. The objective of the ECL model is to provide a loss allowance for trade receivable that includes the Group's assessment of the credit risk of the trade receivable, an increase in the probability of default of the trade receivable, and a change in the credit risk of the trade receivable. The ECL model is based on the credit risk of the trade receivable and the credit risk of the trade receivable. The ECL model is based on the credit risk of the trade receivable and the credit risk of the trade receivable.

For financial assets that are measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is recognised in the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the expected cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

For financial assets that are measured at cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the expected cash flows discounted at the current market rate of a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets other than trade receivable, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Change in the carrying amount of the allowance account is recognised in profit or loss. When a trade receivable is considered non-collectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recovery of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策(續)**金融工具(續)****財務資產減值(續)**

就若干類別的財務資產(如貿易應收賬款)而言,經評估不會單獨作出減值的資產會於彙集一併評估減值。應收賬款組合出現減值的客觀證據包括本集團過往收款經驗、組合內逾期超過平均信貸期之還款數目上升、國家或地區經濟狀況出現明顯變動導致應收賬款未能償還。

就按攤銷成本計值的財務資產而言,減值虧損金額會以資產的賬面值與估計未來現金流量的現值(以財務資產的原始實際利率折現)間的差額計算。

就按成本計值的財務資產而言,減值虧損的金額以資產的賬面值與估計未來現金流量的現值(以類似財務資產的當前市場回報率折現)間的差額計算。該等減值虧損不會於其後期間撥回。

所有財務資產的減值虧損會直接於財務資產的賬面值中作出扣減,惟貿易應收賬款除外,其賬面值會透過撥備賬作出扣減。撥備賬內的賬面值變動會於損益中確認。當貿易應收賬款被視為不可收回時,其將於撥備賬內撇銷。於其後重新收取的先前撇銷的款項將計入損益。

金融工具(續)

當可供出售財務資產被視為減值，以往在其他全面收益確認的累計盈虧在減值出現期間重新分類至損益。

就以攤銷成本計算的財務資產而言，倘於

隨商鯨蕉蓼獮頤顛基顛禰鎧卷轆綴撿燭售新裝闔菱蛭蠟裝



3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

對沖會計法

本集團利用衍生金融工具(即利率掉期合約)對沖銀行借貸利率變動風險。於對沖關係之開始,本集團記錄對沖工具和被對沖項目的關係,及進行各類對沖交易之風險管理目標及其策略。此外,於對沖開始和進行期間,本集團記錄用於對沖關係之對沖工具是否能高度有效地抵銷被對沖項目的現金流量變動。

現金流量對沖

指定和符合現金流量對沖之衍生工具公平值變動,其有效部分於其他全面收益確認,並在對沖儲備累計。其無效部分之收益或虧損,即時於損益內確認為其他收益或虧損。

先前於其他全面收益確認及於權益(對沖儲備)累計之金額,重新分類為當對沖項目於損益中確認期間之損益,與綜合全面收益表確認為對沖項目的同一行。

當本集團解除對沖關係、對沖工具已屆滿、售出、終止、行使或不再符合對沖會計法,對沖會計法將被終止。當時於其他全面收益確認並於權益累計之任何盈虧將保留於權益內即時於當 於終止時 益亦確認於 認抵

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

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Financial instruments ()**Derecognition**

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset, the Group continues to recognise the asset to the extent of its continuing involvement and recognises an associated liability. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing from the lender received.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that has been recognised in the income statement is recognised in the income statement.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in the income statement.

3. 主要會計政策(續)**金融工具(續)****剔除確認**

若從資產收取現金流量之合約權利已到期，或本集團轉讓財務資產及已將其於財務資產擁有權之絕大部份風險及回報轉移予另一實體，本集團方會剔除確認財務資產。倘本集團並無轉移或保留擁有權之絕大部份風險及回報，並持續控制所轉讓資產，本集團以其持續參與為限繼續確認資產，並確認為相關負債。倘本集團保留所轉讓財務資產擁有權之絕大部份風險及回報，本集團繼續確認該財務資產，亦就所收取所得款項確認為抵押借貸。

於剔除確認全數財務資產時，資產賬面值與已收及應收代價及已直接於其他全面收益確認及於權益累積之累計收益或虧損之差額，將於損益中確認。

倘於有關合約之責任獲解除、註銷或到期時，本集團方會剔除確認財務負債。剔除確認之財務負債賬面值與已付及應付代價之差額於損益中確認。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

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Share-based payment transactions**Share options granted on or before 7 November 2002, or granted after 7 November 2002 and vested before 1 January 2005**

The financial impact of share options granted is not recorded in the consolidated financial statements until the time at which the options are exercised, and no charge is recognised in profit or loss in respect of the share options granted. Upon the exercise of the share options, the resulting share issued are recorded as additional share capital at the nominal value of the share, and the excess of the exercise price over the nominal value of the share is recorded as share premium. Options which have been cancelled are not included in the share-based payment transactions.

Share options granted after 7 November 2002 and vested on or after 1 January 2005

Share Options Granted in December and Employee of the Group

The fair value of services received determined by reference to the fair value of share options granted at the grant date is entered on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase in share-based payment expense.

At the end of the vesting period, the Group determines the fair value of the share options that have been exercised. The impact of the share options that have been exercised during the vesting period, if any, is recognised in profit or loss, which has the corresponding effect on the share-based payment expense, with a corresponding adjustment to share-based payment expense.

When the share options are exercised, the amount recognised in share-based payment expense will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date, the amount recognised at the end of the period will be transferred to retained profits.

3. 主要會計政策(續)**以股份形式付款交易**

於二零零二年十一月七日或之前授出、或於二零零二年十一月七日後授出，並於二零零五年一月一日前歸屬之優先購股權

直至優先購股權獲行使前，已授優先購股權之財務影響並無記錄在綜合財務報表內，因此，並無於損益內確認已授優先購股權之價值。行使優先購股權時，因行使優先購股權而發行之股份按股份面值記錄為額外股本，每股行使價超出股份面值之部分記錄為股份溢價。於行使日期前失效或註銷之優先購股權將自尚未行使優先購股權登記冊內刪除。

於二零零二年十一月七日之後授出及於二零零五年一月一日或之後歸屬之優先購股權

以股份形式付款交易

授予本集團董事及僱員之優先購股權

所獲服務之公平值乃參考優先購股權於授出日期之公平值釐定，並於歸屬期按直線法支銷，且於優先購股權儲備中作相應增加。

於報告期間結束時，本集團修訂對預期最終可歸屬之優先購股權數目的估計，並將修訂歸屬期內估計的影響(如有)於損益內確認，使累計開支反映經修訂估計，優先購股權儲備亦作相應之調整。

優先購股權獲行使時，過往於優先購股權儲備中確認之數額將轉移至股份溢價。當優先購股權於歸屬日後被沒收或於屆滿日仍未獲行使，則過往於之優先購股權儲備中確認之數額將轉撥至保留溢利。

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (續)

Critical judgements in applying the entity's accounting policies (續)

Held-to-maturity investments

The directors have exercised the Group's held-to-maturity investments in the light of financial maintenance and liquidity requirements and have confirmed the Group's ability to reinvest and ability to hold these investments to maturity. The carrying amount of the held-to-maturity investments is a nominal HK\$972,883,000 (2010: nil). Details of the investments are given in note 23.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and which are the source of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Estimated impairment of goodwill

Determining the impairment of goodwill is an estimate of the value of the cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated. The value in the calculation of the goodwill impairment is the cash flow expected to be generated from the cash-generating unit and a reliable discount rate in the calculation of the present value. When the actual cash flows are lower than expected, a material impairment may arise. At 31 December 2011, the carrying amount of goodwill is HK\$2,288,149,000 (2010: HK\$2,288,149,000). Details of the recoverable amount calculation are disclosed in note 21.

4. 重大會計判斷及估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

應用實體會計政策之重大判斷(續)

持有至到期投資

董事按資本維持及流動資金需要，審閱了本集團持有至到期投資，董事確認，本集團有意圖並有能力持有該等資產至到期。持有至到期投資的賬面值約為972,883,000港元(二零一零年：無)。該等資產的詳情載於附註23。

估計不明朗因素之主要來源

下文詳述有關日後主要假設及於報告期間結束當日估計不明朗因素之其他主要來源，而該等假設及不確定估計或會造成須對資產及負債於下個財務年度之賬面值作出重大調整之重大風險。

商譽減值估計

釐定商譽是否出現減值時，須估計商譽所獲分配之現金產生單位使用價值。本集團計算使用價值時須就預期源自該現金產生單位之日後現金流量及合適之折現率作出估計，以計算現值。倘實際未來現金流量少於預期數額，則可能會產生重大減值虧損。於二零一一年十二月三十一日，商譽之賬面值約為2,288,149,000港元(二零一零年：2,288,149,000港元)。可收回款項計算詳情於附註21披露。

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (續)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (續)

Income taxes

At 31 December 2011, deferred tax assets consist of (i) a balance of HK\$12,522,000 (2010: HK\$12,522,000) in relation to net deferred tax; (ii) a balance of HK\$2,270,000 (2010: HK\$5,580,000) in relation to net cash flow hedge recognized in hedging balance; and (iii) a balance of HK\$19,933,000 (2010: HK\$17,023,000) in relation to net deferred tax in income tax. The deferred tax assets have been recognized in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position. No deferred tax assets have been recognized on the balance of HK\$361,863,000 (2010: HK\$305,289,000) due to the non-deductibility of the related losses. The realizability of the deferred tax assets mainly depends on the effectiveness of the available tax loss carry forward. The difference will be available in the future. In case the effective tax rate is significantly greater than expected, a material reversal of deferred tax assets may be required, which should be recognized in the profit or loss in the period in which the reversal takes place.

4. 重大會計判斷及估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

所得稅

於二零一一年十二月三十一日，(i)有關未動用稅項虧損之遞延稅項資產約12,522,000港元(二零一零年：12,522,000港元)；(ii)有關於對沖儲備確認之現金流量對沖虧損之遞延稅項資產約2,270,000港元(二零一零年：5,580,000港元)；及(iii)有關撇減存貨之遞延稅項資產約19,933,000港元(二零一零年：17,023,000港元)，已於本集團綜合財務狀況表中確認。由於不能確定未來溢利，故未就361,863,000港元(二零一零年：305,289,000港元)之稅務虧損確認遞延稅項資產。變現遞延稅項資產主要視乎是否有足夠未來可評估溢利或將來可供利用之應課稅臨時差額而定。倘產生之未來實際溢利少於預期溢利，則遞延稅項資產可能須作重大撥回，並於該撥回期間於損益中確認。

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (續)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

4. 重大會計判斷及估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

物業、廠房及設備之減值

本集團管理層釐定物業、廠房及設備之估計可使用年期、剩餘價值及相關折舊費用。該估計的依據為性質及功能類似的物業、廠房及設備的過往實際可使用年期。倘預期可使用年期較原先估計短，管理層將增加折舊費用，或撇銷或撇減陳舊或已棄用或出售的非策略性資產。該等估計變動或會對本集團業績造成重大影響。如有跡象顯示資產出現減值，本集團根據會計政策測試物業、廠房及設備是否蒙受任何減值。倘管理層預期有所不同，估計變動期內物業、廠房及設備的賬面值及撇減數額將受影響。於二零一一年十二月三十一日及二零一零年十二月三十一日，物業、廠房及設備的賬面值分別約為18,357,984,000港元及17,574,362,000港元(扣除減值虧損136,738,000港元(二零一零年：無))。

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (續)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (續)

Estimated impairment losses due to flooding and estimated insurance claim (續)

During the year ended 31 December 2011, claim

4. 重大會計判斷及估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

水災所引致之估計減值虧損及估計保險索償額(續)

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度，已確認索償賠償62,680,000港元，計入其他收入(在財務報表附註9披露)。

董事在行使判斷時，考慮了香港會計準則第37號「撥備、或然負債及或然資產」詳述的確認條件，尤其是否肯定本公司將具備經濟利益流入。

5. 資本風險管理

本集團管理其資本以確保通過優化債務與股本結存為股東爭取最高回報，使集團實體能夠持續經營。本集團之整體策略與過往年度相同。

本集團之資本結構包括銀行借貸、現金及現金等值項目淨額及本公司持有人應佔權益(包括已發行股本、儲備及保留溢利)，在綜合權益變動表內披露。

本公司董事每半年審閱資本結構。作為審閱一部分，董事將考慮資本成本，及與各類別資本相關之風險。董事認為本集團將通過支付股息、發行新股、購回股份、發行新債或者贖回現有債項，以平衡整體資本結構。

6a. 金融工具類別

	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Finance assets Loan and receivable (including cash and cash equivalents) Trade and other receivable bill receivable bank balance and cash	財務資產 貸款及應收賬款(包括現金及現金等值項目) - 貿易及其他應收賬款 - 應收票據 - 銀行結餘及現金	5,587,262 1,932,724 5,143,658

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (續)

6b. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include trade and other receivables, bill receivables, bank balances and cash, held-for-sale investments, available-for-sale investments, derivatives financial instruments, trade and other payables, bill payables and bank borrowings. Details of the financial instruments are disclosed in Note 12. The Group is exposed to the financial instruments include market risk (currency risk, interest rate risk and credit risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to manage the financial instruments are set out below. The management manages and monitors the financial instruments on a risk-based approach to implement an overall and effective manner.

Market risk

Currency risk
Several subsidiaries of the Company have foreign currency assets and liabilities, which are in the Group's foreign currency risk. A prima facie 26.6% (2010: 28.9%) of the Group's assets are denominated in currency other than the functional currency of the group in making the sale, while almost 25.2% (2010: 35.5%) of liabilities are denominated in currency other

6. 金融工具(續)

6b. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括貿易及其他應收賬款、應收票據、銀行結餘及現金、持有至到期投資、可供出售投資、衍生金融工具、貿易及其他應付賬款、應付票據及銀行借貸。該等金融工具的詳情於各附註披露。該等金融工具相關之風險包括市場風險(貨幣風險、利率風險及股本價格風險)、信貸風險及流動資金風險。下文載列與如何降低該等風險之政策。管理層管理及監控該等風險，以確保及時和有效地採取適當之措施。

市場風險

貨幣風險

本公司若干附屬公司以外幣進行銷售及採購，令本集團承擔外幣風險。本集團約26.6%(二零一零年：28.9%)的銷售以非集團實體功能貨幣列值，而約25.2%(二零一零年：35.5%)的採購以非相關集團實體功能貨幣列值。

本集團以外幣列值的貨幣資產及負債於報告期結束時之賬面值於相關附註披露。管理層持續監控外幣風險，並將於有需要時考慮進一步對沖外幣風險。

6. 金融工具(續)

6b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

貨幣風險(續)

敏感度分析

本集團主要面對美元(「美元」)、歐元、日圓(「日圓」)及港元(「港元」)的外幣波動風險。下表詳述本集團對人民幣兌相關外幣升跌10%(二零一零年：10%)的敏感度。10%(二零一零年：10%)為向管理人員作內部外匯風險報告所用的敏感度比率，亦是管理層對外匯匯率可能出現之合理變動的評估。敏感度分析包括尚未到期以外幣列值的貨幣項目，對報告期間結束日之匯率10%(二零一零年：10%)變動作兌換調整。敏感度分析包括貿易及其他應收賬椅及織薩

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)**6b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)****Market risk (continued)****Currency risk (continued)****Sensitivity analysis (continued)**

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
US\$	美元		(168,565)
HK\$	港元		364,919
EUR	歐元		(1,940)
JPY	日圓		7,072

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to cash flow in the balance sheet in relation to variable-rate bank borrowing (see Note 33 for details of the borrowing). In relation to the variable-rate borrowing, the Group aims at keeping certain portion of its borrowing at fixed rate. In order to achieve this, the Group had entered into interest rate swap contracts to hedge against the potential variability of cash flow arising from change in variable interest rate (see note 31 for details). The management continues to monitor the interest rate fluctuation and will consider further hedging in the future if the need arise.

6. 金融工具(續)**6b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)****市場風險(續)****貨幣風險(續)****敏感度分析(續)****利率風險**

本集團就浮息銀行借貸承擔現金流量利率風險(該等借貸詳情見附註33)。就該等浮息借貸而言,本集團致力將若干部分借貸利率保持穩定。為達致此目的,本集團訂立利率掉期合約,以對沖因浮息變動而產生之現金流量潛在變動(詳情見附註31)。管理層持續監控利率波動,並將於有需要時考慮進一步對沖利率風險。



6. 金融工具(續)

6b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

利率風險(續)

敏感度分析

以下敏感度分析根據報告期間結束

當日附息銀行結餘、銀行借貸及利

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (續)
6b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (續)

Market risk (續)

Interest rate risk (續)

Sensitivity analysis (續)

the debt side hedging percentage would

decrease by HK\$3,622,000/F1 1 T87)24 .4 decrease by

6. 金融工具(續)

6b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

利率風險(續)

敏感度分析(續)

借方對沖儲備將減少約

HK\$3,000,000(二零一零年：減少11,669,000港元)

), 主要理由是利率掉期合約公平值變動; 及

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度投資重估儲備將扣除約25,422,000港元(二零一一年：無), 理由是其有固定息券的可供出售上市債券證券之公平值變動。

倘香港銀行同業拆息利率跌10個點子(二零一零年：10個點子), 而所有其他因素不變, 本集團:

由於本集團承受附息銀行結餘及浮息借貸之利率風險, 以及附帶固定息券的可供出售上市債券證券之公平值變動風險, 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度之除稅後溢利分別減少3,328,000港元及增加12,567,000港元及756,000港元(二零一零年: 減少213,000港元及增加8,676,000港元及零); 及

借方對沖儲備將增加約756,000港元(二零一零年: 增加2,334,000港元), 主要理由是利率掉期合約公平值變動; 及

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度投資重估儲備將計入約2,631,000港元(二零一一年: 無), 理由是具有固定息券的可供出售上市債券證券之公平值變動。

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (續)**6b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (續)****Market risk (續)****Equity price risk**

The Group's equity price risk arises from investments in listed equity securities. The management manages this risk by maintaining a diversified investment portfolio with different risk profiles and the Group has also entered a special team to monitor the price risk and implement hedging where the need arises.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the equity price risk at the end of the reporting period.

If the price of the equity available-for-sale is increased by 10%, which has been implemented at the end of the reporting period, had been 10% higher (2010: 10% higher).

At the end of the year ended 31 December 2011, the increase in fair value of the available-for-sale equity securities was HK\$12,374,000 (2010: nil). The change in fair value of the available-for-sale equity securities is as follows:

If the price of the equity available-for-sale is decreased by 10%, which has been implemented at the end of the reporting period, had been 10% lower (2010: 10% lower).

At the end of the year ended 31 December 2011, the decrease in fair value of the available-for-sale equity securities was HK\$12,374,000 (2010: nil). The change in fair value of the available-for-sale equity securities is as follows:

6. 金融工具(續)**6b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)****市場風險(續)****股本價格風險**

本集團因投資於上市股本證券而承擔股本價格風險。管理層藉持有不同風險之投資組合管理此類風險。本集團委任一支特別團隊監控價格風險，有需要時將考慮對沖風險。

敏感度分析

下文的敏感度分析，乃根據報告期間結束當日所承擔的股本價格風險而釐定。

倘於報告期間結束當日各已減值之可供出售股本上市證券之價格增加10% (二零一零年：增加10%)：

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度之除稅後溢利將增加約12,374,000港元 (二零一零年：無)，原因為該等可供出售投資公平值變動。

倘於報告期間結束當日已減值之可供出售股本上市證券之價格減少10% (二零一零年：減少10%)：

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度之除稅後溢利將減少約12,374,000港元 (二零一零年：無)，原因為該等可供出售投資公平值變動。

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (續)**6b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (續)****Market risk (續)**

Exchange rate risk (續)

Sensitivity analysis (續)

If the price of the receivable-denominated assets were to increase by 10%, which has not been implemented at the end of the reporting period, had been 10% higher (2010: 10% higher)

in the net financial assets would be a decrease of HK\$373,790,000 (2010: decrease of HK\$171,534,000) as a result of the change in fair value of the receivable-denominated assets.

If the price of the receivable-denominated assets were to decrease by 10%, which has not been implemented at the end of the reporting period, had been 10% lower (2010: 10% lower)

as a result of the exchange rate ended 31 December 2011 would decrease by a decrease of HK\$87,212,000 (2010: nil) as a result of the change in fair value of the receivable-denominated assets; and

in the net financial assets would be a decrease of HK\$286,578,000 (2010: HK\$171,534,000) as a result of the change in fair value of the receivable-denominated assets.

Commodity price risk

The Group is exposed to commodity price risk from the trading commodity and contracts at the end of the reporting period. The management considers that the price risk of the derivative in the net assets is not significant to the Group.

6. 金融工具(續)**6b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)**

市場風險(續)

股本價格風險(續)

敏感度分析(續)

倘於報告期間結束當日並無減值之可供出售股本上市證券之價格增加10%(二零一零年：增加10%)：

投資重估儲備將計入約373,790,000港元(二零一零年：171,534,000港元)，原因為該等可供出售投資公平值變動。

倘於報告期間結束當日各並無減值之可供出售股本上市證券之價格減少10%(二零一零年：減少10%)：

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度之除稅後溢利將減少約87,212,000港元(二零一零年：無)，原因為該等可供出售投資公平值變動；及

投資重估儲備將減少約286,578,000港元(二零一零年：171,534,000港元)，原因為該等可供出售投資公平值變動。

商品價格風險

本集團承受於報告期間結束當日尚未到期之商品遠期合約產生之商品價格風險。管理層認為該等衍生工具之價格風險對本集團並不重大。

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (續)**6b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (續)****Credit risk**

The Group's main measure to credit risk in the event of the counterparty's failure to perform his obligation is a 31 December 2011 and 2010 in relation to each class of recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of the asset as recorded in the consolidated statement of financial position. In order to minimise the credit risk, the management has delegated the members of the board of directors to be in a position to eliminate credit limits, credit allowances and the monitoring process to be in place to have full - action taken to recover the debt. In addition, the Group also has the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at the end of the reporting period to be made as a provision. In this regard, the directors consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The credit risk from bank deposits and bank balances is considered minimal as the amounts are placed in a bank with good credit rating and hence no significant concentration of credit risk.

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk in trade and receivable in the Group's head office and branches in the PRC and elsewhere. However, the Group is exposed to the concentration in geographic region of the People's Republic of China (the PRC). As at 31 December 2011, approximately 90% (2010: 86%) of the Group's trade and receivable are arising from counterparty in the PRC.

6. 金融工具(續)**6b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)****信貸風險**

倘交易方於二零一一年及二零一零年十二月三十一日未能履行彼等就各類已確認財務資產之承擔，則本集團須承受之最高信貸風險為於綜合財務狀況表所載該等資產賬面值。為將信貸風險降至最低，管理層已委派董事會成員負責制訂信貸限額、信貸審批及其他監控程序，以確保採取跟進措施收回逾期未付之債項。此外，於各報告期間結束日，本集團審閱每項個別貿易債項之可收回金額，以確保就不可收回金額作出足夠減值虧損。就此而言，董事認為，本集團之信貸風險已大幅降低。

由於銀行存款及銀行結餘乃存放於信譽評級良好之銀行，故該等款項之信貸風險屬微不足道，且概無重大集中信貸風險。

本集團貿易及其他應收賬款並無高度集中之信貸風險，有關風險由多個交易方及客戶分攤。然而，本集團承受地區分部集中在中華人民共和國(「中國」)之風險。於二零一一年十二月三十一日，本集團約90%(二零一零年：86%)之貿易及其他應收賬款由主要營業地點位於中國之交易對方產生。

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (續)**6b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (續)****Credit risk (續)**

At 31 December 2011, the Group has held concentrated investments in available-for-sale instruments in which 76.7% of the total available-for-sale instruments are concentrated in listed entities in Hong Kong. The Directors considered that the credit risk on the instruments is limited as the listed entities are listed in Hong Kong in which financial background and a signed high credit rating by international credit rating agencies. At 31 December 2010, the Group has held concentrated investments in available-for-sale instruments in which 17.5% of the total available-for-sale instruments are concentrated in listed bonds issued by listed entities in Hong Kong. The Group's available-for-sale listed bonds are held in the default of the issuer. However, the Directors considered that the credit risk on the instruments is limited as the listed bonds are issued by certain entities in Hong Kong in which financial background and a signed high credit rating by international credit rating agencies.

At 31 December 2011, the Group has held concentrated investments in held-to-maturity instruments in which 65% (2010: nil) of the total held-to-maturity instruments are concentrated in listed bonds issued by listed entities in Hong Kong. The Group's held-to-maturity listed bonds are held in the default of the issuer. However, the Directors considered that the credit risk on the instruments is limited as the listed bonds are issued by certain entities in Hong Kong in which financial background and a signed high credit rating by international credit rating agencies.

6. 金融工具(續)**6b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)****信貸風險(續)**

於二零一一年十二月三十一日，本集團的可供出售投資有集中風險，在可供出售投資總額中，76.7%集中在兩間在香港上市的發行人的兩款上市權益。董事認為，該等投資的信貸風險有限，原因在於上市權益發行人在香港上市及擁有雄厚財力，獲國際信貸評級機構給予高度信貸評級。於二零一零年十二月三十一日，本集團的可供出售投資有集中風險，在可供出售投資總額中，17.5%集中在兩間在香港上市的發行人的三款上市債券證券。本集團的可供出售上市債券證券承受信貸風險，原因是債券發行人拖欠還款。然而，董事認為，該等投資的信貸風險有限，原因在於上市債券以發行人若干資產作抵押，而且，發行人在香港擁有雄厚財力，獲國際信貸評級機構給予高度信貸評級。

於二零一一年十二月三十一日，本集團的持有至到期投資有集中風險，在持有至到期投資總額中，65%(二零一零年：無)集中在一間在香港上市的發行人的一款上市債券證券。本集團的持有至到期上市債券證券承受信貸風險，原因是債券發行人拖欠還款。然而，董事認為，該等投資的信貸風險有限，原因在於上市債券以發行人若干資產作抵押，而且，發行人在香港上市及擁有雄厚財力，獲國際信貸評級機構給予高度信貸評級。



6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (續)**6b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (續)****Liquidity risk (續)**

此外，下表詳述本集團衍生金融工具之流動資金分析。編製該表時，所依據者為以淨額結算的衍生金融工具之非折現合約現金(流入)流出淨額。本集團衍生金融工具之流動資金分析以合約到期日為編製基準，原因在於管理層認為合約到期日對了解衍生工具現金流量時間至為重要。

6. 金融工具(續)**6b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)****流動資金風險(續)****流動資金及利率風險表**

此外，下表詳述本集團衍生金融工具之流動資金分析。編製該表時，所依據者為以淨額結算的衍生金融工具之非折現合約現金(流入)流出淨額。本集團衍生金融工具之流動資金分析以合約到期日為編製基準，原因在於管理層認為合約到期日對了解衍生工具現金流量時間至為重要。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (續)

6b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (續)

Liquidity risk (續)

流動資金風險(續)

6. 金融工具(續)

6b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

流動資金及利率風險表(續)

	Weighted average effective interest rate in the table	On demand	3 months or more than 3 months	6 months or more than 6 months	1 year or more than 1 year	2 years or more than 2 years	3 years or more than 3 years	Total undiscounted cash flows	Carrying amount
	加權平均實際利率 %	按要求或三個月內	三個月以上一年	一年兩年	兩年五年	五年	總額	賬面值	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日								
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生財務負債								
Trade and other payable	貿易及其他應付賬款	1,758,271	1,538,949				3,297,220	3,297,220	
Bill payable	應付票據	1,163,337					1,163,337	1,163,337	
Bank borrowing	銀行借貸								
Fixed rate	- 定息	4.2	574,447	68,069	174,898		817,414	760,629	
Variable rate	- 浮息	1.3	1,167,559	2,132,908	2,594,629	2,898,681	8,793,777	8,216,579	
Variable rate hedged by interest rate swap contracts	- 浮息(以利率掉期合約對沖)	2.6	390,465	1,215,668	1,909,817		3,515,950	3,350,900	
			5,054,079	4,955,594	4,679,344	2,898,681	17,587,698	16,788,665	
Derivatives - net settlement	衍生工具 - 結算淨額								
Commodity and interest rate	商品遠期合約		29,429	8,499			37,928	33,493	
Interest rate swap contracts	利率掉期合約		6,012	9,470	52,095		67,577	64,332	
			35,441	17,969	52,095		105,505	97,825	



6. 金融工具(續)
6b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (續)**6c. Fair value (續)**

The fair value of derivative financial instruments is measured at a fair value based on the valuation provided by a reliable financial institution for the instrument.

The Directors consider that the carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair value.

Fair value measurements recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that have been initially recognised at a fair value, graded in Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

Level 1 fair value measurements are those determined from quoted prices (adjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 fair value measurements are those determined from inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. a price) or indirectly (i.e. determined from price).

Level 3 fair value measurements are those determined from unobservable inputs included in the asset or liability that have not been observable market data (non-observable inputs).

6. 金融工具(續)**6c. 公平值(續)**

衍生金融工具公平值按公平值計量，參考交易方金融機構就該等工具提供的估值。

本公司董事認為，以攤銷成本記錄於綜合財務報表之財務資產及財務負債之賬面值與其公平值相若。

於綜合財務狀況表確認之公平值計量

下表提供在按公平值作初步確認後計量之金融工具之分析，據觀察所得之公平值分類為第一類至第三類。

第一類，可識別資產或負債在活躍市場報價（未經調整）所得公平值計量。

第二類，除第一類計及的報價外，就資產或負債直接（即價格）或間接（即自價格所得）觀察所得的計算項目所得之公平值計量。

第三類，利用估值技術，包括輸入根據不可於市場上觀察的數據（不可觀察之項目）釐定的資產或負債，得出公平值計量。

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (續)**6c. Fair value (續)**

Fair value measurements recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position
()

6. 金融工具(續)**6c. 公平值(續)**

於綜合財務狀況表確認之公平值
計量(續)

		At 31 December 2011 於二零一一年十二月三十一日			
		Level 1 第一類 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 2 第二類 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 3 第三類 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售財務資產				
Listed equity securities	上市股本證券				
Listed bond securities	上市債券證券				
Derivatives in net income	符合指定對沖會計關係之衍生工具				

		At 31 December 2010 於二零一零年十二月三十一日			
		Level 1 第一類 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 2 第二類 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 3 第三類 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售財務資產				
Listed equity securities	- 上市股本證券	1,715,337			1,715,337
Listed bond securities	- 上市債券證券			403,191	403,191
		1,715,337		403,191	2,118,528
Financial liabilities at FVTPL	按公平值計入損益之財務負債				
Derivatives financial in net income	衍生金融工具		33,493		33,493
Derivatives in net income	符合指定對沖會計關係之衍生工具				
Derivatives in net income			64,332		64,332

The disclosures can be seen in Level 1 and 3 during the year ended 31 December 2010 and 2011.

截至二零一零年及二零一一年十二月三十一日止各年度，第一類至第三類之間概無進行轉撥。



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

Financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

7. REVENUE

Revenue represents the net amount received and receivable by the Group from the sale of goods and services rendered to its customers, net of discounts, rebates and sales related taxes, and rental income received and receivable, for each year and analysed as follows:

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Sale of laminate	銷售覆銅面板		10,559,428
Sale of chemical	銷售化工產品		13,701,813
Sale of PCB	銷售印刷線路板		8,704,865
Rental income	租金收入		125,679
Others (Note)	其他(附註)		799,737
			33,891,522

Note: Amount included service income of HK\$62,745,000 (2010: HK\$50,753,000) and sale of LCD and magnetic head of HK\$696,054,000 (2010: HK\$748,984,000) for the year ended 31 December 2011.

7. 營業額

營業額指本集團於各年內自對外客戶銷售貨品(減折扣、退貨及銷售相關稅項)、提供服務之所收及應收金額淨額以及已收及應收租金收入,分析如下:

附註: 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度,包括服務收入62,745,000港元(二零一零年:50,753,000港元)以及銷售液晶顯示屏及磁電產品收入696,054,000港元(二零一零年:748,984,000港元)。

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION

HKFRS 8 Operating Segments, the objective of segment reporting is to provide information about the components of the Group that have a bearing on the decisions that the chief operating decision maker (CODM) in allocating resources to the segments and assessing their performance. Specifically, the Group's operating segments under HKFRS 8 are organized in the following divisions: (i) manufacturing and aluminium, (ii) manufacturing and aluminium printed circuit boards (PCB), (iii) manufacturing and aluminium chemical, (iv) products development and innovation (P&D) and (v) other (including manufacturing and aluminium liquid crystal display and magnetic head).

Under HKFRS 8, the operating segments information is based on the internal management reporting information that has a bearing on the decisions that the CODM of the Group makes. The management allocates the Group's operating segments under HKFRS 8 as the same as those used in its HKFRS financial statements. The CODM of the Group is the chief executive officer, who is responsible for allocating resources to the segments and assessing their performance. The CODM of the Group is also responsible for the following: (i) manufacturing and aluminium, (ii) manufacturing and aluminium printed circuit boards (PCB), (iii) manufacturing and aluminium chemical, (iv) products development and innovation (P&D) and (v) other (including manufacturing and aluminium liquid crystal display and magnetic head).

8. 分部資料

香港財務申報準則第8號「經營分部」要求以集團之主要營運決策者(「主要營運決策者」)在對分部作資源分配及評估其表現上所定期審閱的有關集團不同部門之內部報告作為確定經營分部之基準。具體而言,在香港財務申報準則第8號下,本集團之經營分部分為五個主要經營分部 - (i)製造及銷售覆銅面板、(ii)製造及銷售印刷線路板(「印刷線路板」)、(iii)製造及銷售化工產品、(iv)物業發展及投資(「物業」)及(v)其他(包括製造及銷售液晶體顯示屏及磁電產品)。

根據香港財務申報準則第8號,呈報分部資料乃根據內部管理呈報資料。該等資料由本集團之執行董事(主要營運決策者)定期審閱。本集團用以根據香港財務申報準則第8號作分部呈報之計量政策,與其用於香港財務申報準則財務報表一致。執行董事以經營溢利之計量來評估分部之溢利或虧損。當中若干項目並未有包括在達致經營分部之分部業績內(應佔聯營公司及共同控制實體業績、可供出售投資之減值虧損、出售可供出售投資之收益或虧損、出售附屬公司之收益、所得稅開支、融資成本、以股份形式付款、未分配之公司收入及公司支出)。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

(a) Segment revenues and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and identifiable intangible assets:

	Laminates 覆銅面板 HK\$'000 千港元	PCBs 印刷線路板 HK\$'000 千港元	Chemicals 化工產品 HK\$'000 千港元	Properties 物業 HK\$'000 千港元	Others 其他 HK\$'000 千港元	Eliminations 對銷 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
Year ended 31 December 2011	截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度						
Segment revenue 對外銷售額	分部收益						

8. 分部資料 (續)

(a) 分部收益及業績

以下為按申報分部劃分之本集團營業額及業績之分析：

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

(b) Segment assets and liabilities

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by reportable segments:

	Laminates 覆銅面板 HK\$'000 千港元	PCBs 印刷線路板 HK\$'000 千港元	Chemicals 化工產品 HK\$'000 千港元	Properties 物業 HK\$'000 千港元	Others 其他 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 December 2011 於二零一一年十二月三十一日						
Assets 資產						
Segment assets 分部資產						
Available-for-sale investments 可供出售投資						
Held-to-maturity investments 持有至到期投資						
Investments in associates 於聯營公司之投資						
Unallocated company assets 未分配之公司資產						
Bank balances and cash 銀行結餘及現金						
Deferred tax assets 遞延稅項資產						
Taxation recoverable 可收回稅項						
Others 其他						
Consolidated total assets 綜合資產總值						
Liabilities 負債						
Segment liabilities 分部負債						
Unallocated company liabilities 未分配之公司負債						
Bank borrowing 銀行借貸						
Taxation payable 應繳稅項						
Deferred tax liabilities 遞延稅項負債						
Others 其他						
Consolidated total liabilities 綜合負債總額						

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

(b) Segment assets and liabilities (continued)

8. 分部資料(續)

(b) 分部資產及負債(續)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued) (c) Other information

8. 分部資料 (續) (c) 其他資料

		Laminates 覆銅面板 HK\$'000 千港元	PCBs 印刷線路板 HK\$'000 千港元	Chemicals 化工產品 HK\$'000 千港元	Properties 物業 HK\$'000 千港元	Others 其他 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
Year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度							
Capital addition 資本增添							
Depreciation and amortisation 折舊及攤銷							
Impairment recognised in respect of trade and other receivables 就貿易及其他應收款項確認之減值虧損							
Release of pre-paid lease payments 預付租賃款項撥回							
Impairment recognised in respect of properties, plant and equipment 就物業、廠房及設備確認之減值虧損							
Impairment recognised in respect of inventories 就存貨確認之減值虧損							
(Gain) on disposal of plant and equipment, land and equipment 出售及撇銷物業、廠房及設備之(收益)虧損							
Loss on disposal of available-for-sale investments 出售可供出售投資之虧損							
Share-based payments 以股份形式支付							
Year ended 31 December 2010 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度		Lamina e 覆銅面板 HK\$'000 千港元	PCB 印刷線路板 HK\$'000 千港元	Chemical 化工產品 HK\$'000 千港元	Properties 物業 HK\$'000 千港元	Others 其他 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
Capital addition 資本增添		730,480	500,765	468,527	3,288,507	42,278	5,030,557
Depreciation and amortisation 折舊及攤銷		778,452	542,218	698,651	800	38,994	2,059,115
Impairment recognised in respect of trade and other receivables 就貿易及其他應收款項確認之減值虧損		2,452	45,469	60,243			108,164
Release of pre-paid lease payments 預付租賃款項撥回		7,180	6,527	7,125			20,832
Loss on disposal of plant and equipment, land and equipment 出售及撇銷物業、廠房及設備之虧損		8,258	4,852			149	13,259
Share-based payments 以股份形式支付			303				303

The Group's operations are located in the PRC and Thailand.

本集團的主要業務位於中國及泰國。

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (in million HK dollars)

(c) Other information (in million HK dollars)

The analysis of the Group's performance by geographical area is as follows:

9. OTHER INCOME

9. 其他收入

	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Other income include:		
Dividend from available-for-sale investments		29,785
Gain on fair value change of investment properties		68,824
Net exchange gain		55,373
Claim on compensation		
Interest income		38,639
Interest income on held-to-maturity investments		

10. IMPAIRMENT LOSS ON AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

10. 可供出售投資之減值虧損

During the year ended 31 December 2011, impairment loss on available-for-sale investments of HK\$83,878,000 (2010: nil) was recognized as a result of significant prolonged decline in fair value below the cost of certain of the Group's listed securities and impairment loss on a listed bond because the fair value of the listed bond fell below its cost.

於截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度內，由於本集團持有的若干上市股本投資的公平值顯著或長期低於其成本價，以及因為一款上市債券證券公平值低於其成本價而錄得減值虧損，因此共錄得可供出售投資之減值虧損83,878,000港元（二零一零年：沒有）。

12. 所得稅開支

	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

Financial Statements 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

12. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

The amount of the expense can be reconciled to the profit before taxation as follows:

12. 所得稅開支(續)

本年度之稅項與除稅前溢利之對賬如下：

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit before taxation	除稅前溢利		5,166,338
Tax charge on the domestic income at a rate of 25% (2010: 25%) (Note a)	以國內企業所得稅率25% (二零一零年：25%) 計算之稅款 (附註a)		1,291,585
Tax effect of the non-deductible expenses	不可扣稅費用之稅務影響		19,945
Tax effect of income not taxable at a rate	毋須課稅收益之稅務影響		(109,544)
Tax effect of share of profit of an associate	應佔聯營公司業績之稅務影響		(50,218)
Tax effect of share of profit of joint controlled entities	應佔共同控制實體業績之稅務影響		1,759
Under/(over) provision in respect of losses	過往年度撥備不足(超額撥備)		(1,616)
Tax effect of a holiday (Note b)	免稅期之稅務影響(附註b)		(258,563)
Tax effect of a loss not recognised	未予確認稅項虧損之稅務影響		33,755
Utilisation of a loss brought forward not recognised	動用以往未確認之稅項虧損		(1,856)
Effect of difference in the applicable tax rates in the PRC and other regions	於中國以外其他司法權區地區經營附屬公司之不同稅率之影響		(34,834)
Tax exemption (Note c)	稅項豁免(附註c)		(381,419)
Withholding tax (Note d)	預扣稅(附註d)		7,227
Others	其他		
Tax expense	本年度之稅務開支		516,221

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

12. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

Note:

- (a) The domestic income tax rate of 25% (2010: 25%) has been the PRC Enterprise Income Tax which the Group's operations are substantially based.
- (b) Pursuant to certain laws and regulations in the PRC, certain subsidiaries of the Company in the PRC are exempted from PRC Income Tax for a certain period of time. For example, the Company's subsidiary, Kingboard Chemical (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. ("Kingboard Chemical"), has been exempted from PRC Income Tax for a period of five years (from 2008 to 2012). In addition, certain subsidiaries also enjoyed a preferential tax rate of 15% (from 2008 to 2012). In addition, certain subsidiaries also enjoyed a preferential tax rate of 15% (from 2008 to 2012). In addition, certain subsidiaries also enjoyed a preferential tax rate of 15% (from 2008 to 2012).
- (c) Pursuant to certain laws and regulations in Macau, the Company's subsidiary, Kingboard Chemical (Macau) Co., Ltd. ("Kingboard Chemical (Macau)"), has been exempted from Macau Income Tax for a period of five years (from 2008 to 2012).
- (d) The withholding tax has been the deferred tax recognized on the 5% withholding tax in respect of the distributable profits from the PRC subsidiaries.

12. 所得稅開支(續)

附註：

- (a) 國內企業所得稅稅率25%(二零一零年：25%)為本集團大部分業務依據的中國企業所得稅。
- (b) 根據中國相關法律及法規，本公司若干中國附屬公司自首個獲利年度(即溢利超過任何結轉之稅務虧損)起計兩年內獲豁免繳納中國所得稅，其後三年所得稅率獲減免50%(「免稅期」)。該等附屬公司享有之免稅期將於二零一二年或之前屆滿。
- (c) 本公司若干澳門附屬公司之溢利獲豁免利得稅。
- (d) 預扣稅為就中國聯營公司可分派溢利確認之遞延稅項的5%預扣稅。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

13. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

13. 本年度溢利

	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit for the year has been adjusted for the following changes (including):	本年度溢利已經扣除(加上)以下項目:	
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	2,058,419
Amortisation of intangible assets (included in administrative expenses)	無形資產攤銷(已計入行政成本)	696
		2,059,115
Net exchange gain (included in other income)	匯兌收益淨額	303,721

14. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

The emoluments paid to each of the directors (2010: eleven) are as follows:

已付或應付十二名(二零一零年：十一名)董事之酬金如下：

Year ended 31 December 2011												
截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度												
Cheung Kwok Wing	Chan Wing Kwan	Cheung Kwong Kwan	Chang Wing Yiu	Ho Yin Sang	Cheung Wai Lin, Stephanie	Mok Cham Hung, Chadwick	Chen Maosheng	Lai Chung Wing, Robert	Henry Tan	Cheng Wai Chee, Christopher	Tse Kam Hung	Total
張國榮	陳永鋈	張廣軍	鄭永耀	何燕生	張偉連	莫湛雄	陳茂盛	黎志榮	陳亨利	鄭維志	謝錦洪	合計
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
(附註1)						(Note 2)						

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

14. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (續) 14. 董事及僱員酬金(續)

Year ended 31 December 2010 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度											
		Mr. Mak		Mr. Lai							
Cheung Kwok Wing	Chan Wing Kwan	Cheung Kwok Kwan	Chang Wing Yi	Hui Yin Sang	Cheung Wai Lin	Cham Hing, Chadick	Chung Wing, Robert	Henley Tan	Cheng Wai Chee, Chikheik	Tse Kam Hing	Total
張國榮	陳永鏗	張廣軍	鄭永耀	何燕生	張偉連	莫湛雄	黎忠榮	陳亨利	鄭雄志	謝錦洪	合計
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元

Fee	袍金						180	180	480	380	1,220
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14. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (續)

No Director had received an emolument during the year ended 31 December 2010 and 2011 and the five highest paid individuals in the Group for the year ended 31 December 2011 included five (2010: three) Directors.

The emoluments of the remaining individuals in 2010 are as follows:

	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries and other benefits		4,732
Contribution to retirement scheme		207
Performance related incentives		32,000
		36,939

Emoluments of the individuals are within the following band:

	Number of individuals 人士數目	
	2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年
HK\$16,500,001 - HK\$17,000,000		1
HK\$20,000,001 - HK\$20,500,000		1
		2

During both years, no emoluments were paid or receivable by the Directors of the Group's five highest paid individuals, including Directors, as an independent non-executive director of the Group's company in Hong Kong.

14. 董事及僱員酬金(續)

概無董事於截至二零一零年及二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度放棄任何酬金。本集團於截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度五名最高薪人士有五名(二零一零年：三名)為董事。

餘下兩名人士於二零一零年之酬金如下：

該等人士之酬金在以下範圍內：

於兩個年度內，董事或本集團五名最高薪人士(包括董事)概無已收或應收任何酬金，作為吸引彼等加盟或加盟時支付之獎勵或作為離職之補償。

15. DIVIDENDS

15. 股息

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Dividends declared and paid	已宣派及派發股息		
In relation to dividend for 2011 就 HK40 cen (2010: HK50 cen) VIDO: HK50 cn)			

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

Financial Statements 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

16. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share is based on the net income of the Company attributable to the following data:

16. 每股盈利

本公司持有人應佔每股基本及攤薄盈利按下列數據計算：

	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Earnings from the basic calculation 計算每股基本盈利之盈利 basic earnings per share		3,620,818
Less: Adjustment of the share of profit of EEIC and its subsidiaries 減：攤薄每股應佔EEIC及其附屬公司盈利之溢利調整 attributable to diluted earnings per share		(1,473)
Earnings from the diluted calculation 計算每股攤薄盈利之盈利 diluted earnings per share		3,619,345

16. EARNINGS PER SHARE (continued)

16. 每股盈利(續)

	Number of shares 股份數目	
	2011	2010
	二零一一年	二零一零年
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the basic earnings calculation 計算每股基本盈利之普通股加權平均數		846,433,936
Add: Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares 加上：具潛在攤薄效應之普通股：		
Outstanding warrants issued by the Company 本公司發行而未行使之優先購股權		6,687,049
Outstanding authorized but unissued shares of the Company 本公司發行而未行使之認股權證		1,249,070
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the diluted earnings calculation 計算每股攤薄盈利之普通股加權平均數		854,370,055

The calculation of diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2011 does not take into account the effect of warrants granted in 2011 as the exercise price of the outstanding warrants of the Group is higher than the average market price during the year.

於截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度內，計算每股攤薄盈利時並無考慮本公司於二零一一年授出之優先購股權之影響，因該年本集團尚未行使優先購股權之行使價，都較其股份的市場平均價為高。

17. 投資物業

Note:

附註：

(i) The fair value of the lease held from lease, land and premises at the end of the year ended 31 December 2010 had been valued at an amount called "on hand balance". Memf Wong S & Co Limited, independent allied estate connected to the Group. Change of fair value HK\$7,268,000 added to the profit or loss.

(i) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度，該等轉撥自物業、廠房及設備之物業於轉撥日期之公平值，乃按與本集團並無關連之獨立合資格估值師黃開基測計師行有限公司於該日進行估值之基準達致。公平值變動7,268,000港元計入物業重估儲備。

(ii) During the year ended 31 December 2011, certain leasehold premises were classified as investment properties on change in use, evidenced by commencement of leasing lease. The fair value of the lease held from lease, land and premises at the end of the year ended 31 December 2011 had been valued at an amount called "on hand balance". Roma A Real Estate Limited, independent allied estate connected to the Group. As the date of the change in fair value of the lease held from lease, land and premises was HK\$691,000 added to the profit or loss and the change in fair value of the lease held from lease held from premises was recognized in profit or loss and included in the income statement.

(ii) 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度，在經營租約開始證明的用途變動下，若干待發展物業重新分類至投資物業。截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度，該等轉撥自物業、廠房及設備及待發展物業於轉撥日期之公平值，乃按與本集團並無關連之獨立合資格估值師羅馬國際評估有限公司於該日進行估值之基準達致。於轉撥日期，該等轉撥自物業、廠房及設備之物業之公平值變動691,000港元計入物業重估儲備，而該等轉撥自待發展物業之公平值變動在損益確認，並計入公平值增加。

17. 投資物業(續)

本集團投資物業於二零一一年十二月三十一日之公平值乃按與本集團並無關連之獨立合資格估值師羅馬國際評估有限公司，於該日進行估值之基準達致。羅馬國際評估有限公司為香港測量師學會會員。是次估值乃參考類似物業交易價值之市場憑證釐定。

本集團投資物業於二零一零年十二月三十一日之公平值乃按與本集團並無關連之獨立合資格估值師黃開基測計師行準達酷迦奪司，於該日憑證釐定。

公平值

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

Financial year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

The carrying amount of investment properties held at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

17. 投資物業 (續)

以上所示投資物業賬面值包括：

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Properties held in Hong Kong	按下列租約於香港持有之物業權益：		
Medium-term lease	中期租約		19,650
Properties held outside Hong Kong	按下列租約於香港以外持有之物業權益：		
Medium-term lease	中期租約		2,078,760
Long lease	長期租約		31,800
			2,110,560
			2,130,210



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

18. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

		Freehold lands 永久 產權土地 HK\$'000 千港元	Buildings for own use 自用樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	Leasehold improvements 租約 物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Plant and machinery 廠房及機器 HK\$'000 千港元	Licensed assets 授權 使用資產 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture, fixtures and equipment 傢俬、 裝置及設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Transportation equipment 運輸設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Property, plant and equipment under construction 在建物業、 廠房及設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT	折舊及減值									
At 1 January 2010	於二零一零年 一月一日		431,542	178,557	6,807,856		209,238	122,440		7,749,633
Exchange adjustments	匯兌調整		11,210	11,306	191,510		7,543	3,117		224,686
Provided for the year	本年度撥備		64,731	61,290	1,774,652		128,006	29,740		2,058,419
Eliminated on disposal and write-off	出售時註銷及撇銷		(178)	(2,699)	(331,477)		(24,459)	(8,415)		(367,228)
Eliminated on disposal of subsidiaries (Note 40)	出售附屬公司時註銷 (附註40)		(5,547)		(8,285)		(177)	(68)		(14,077)
Eliminated on transfer to investment properties in the interim (Note (i))	轉撥至投資物業時 註銷(附註(i))		(2,729)							(2,729)
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年 十二月三十一日		499,029	248,454	8,434,256		320,151	146,814		9,648,704
Exchange adjustments	匯兌調整		19,222	4,589	421,714	9,517	18,787	2,574		476,403
Provided for the year	本年度撥備		95,273	64,432	1,758,001	50,632	133,402	32,910		2,134,650
Eliminated on disposal and write-off	出售時註銷及撇銷		(5,201)	(17,566)	(202,481)		(8,118)	(13,098)		(246,464)
Eliminated on disposal of subsidiaries (Note 40)	出售附屬公司時註銷 (附註40)		(1,205)		(32,676)		(2,098)	(902)		(36,881)
Eliminated on transfer to investment properties in the interim (Note (ii))	轉撥至投資物業時 註銷(附註(ii))		(576)							(576)
Impairment loss recognised	減值損失									
	(Note 40)									

18. PROPERTIES, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(續)

The above items of property, plant and equipment have been depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following rates annually:

Freehold land	Nil
Building for own use	On the remaining useful life of leasehold premises, whichever is shorter
Leasehold improvements	On the shorter of lease term and 10-20%
Plant and machinery	10-20%

18. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

除在建物業、廠房及設備外，上述物業、廠房及設備項目以直線基準按下列年度比率計提折舊：

永久產權土地	沒有
自用樓宇	按照租約內剩餘未完的年期或50年(以較短者為準)
租約物業裝修	按照租約年期或10-20%(以較短者為準)
廠房及機器	10-20%
授權使用資產	10-20%
傢俬、裝置及設備	10-33 $\frac{1}{3}$ %
運輸設備	10-20%

於二零一一年十二月三十一日，本集團共有60,754,000港元(二零一零年：60,912,000港元)永久產權土地位於香港境外。

附註：

(i) 年內，本集團改變若干租約物業用途，並出租予獨立第三方，以獲得租金收入。倘用途有變，在從物業、廠房及設備中轉撥至投資物業時，該等物業按公平值重估，重估收益約為691,000港元(二零一零年：7,268,000港元)，已計入物業重估儲備。

(ii) 年內，本集團亦審閱了製造資產。由於本集團一個履行印刷線路板製造職能的現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)蒙受損失，因而釐定該等資產出現減值。故此，本集團就用於製造印刷線路板的自用樓宇、廠房及機器、傢俬、裝置及設備分別確認減值虧損20,184,000港元、77,021,000港元及2,795,000港元。釐定相關資產的可收回金額時按使用價值為基礎。計算使用價值金額的折現率為相關資產的10%。

此外，泰國發生嚴重水災，本集團一家經營若干印刷線路板生產業務的製造廠受到影響。受損物業、廠房及設備按賬面淨值36,738,000港元確認減值虧損，在損益中扣除。



18. PROPERTIES, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(continued)

Note: (continued)

(iii) (continued)

- (c) The machine, equipment and facilities are from time to time located at the site in Fagang and Lianhua.

The licensed site, land and equipment are located at the site and the licensed income in the 20 licensed licence income of HK\$10 million each month is able to advance on the full day of each calendar month, a half of the income is b KBCF general income from the site and the remaining facilities. Accordingly, the licensed site, land and equipment have been classified as licensed assets and equipment.

The Group conducted a review of the recoverable amount of the licensed site, land and equipment determined based on the fair value in the calculation of the net carrying amount. The key assumptions for the fair value in the calculation are in relation to the Group believe that 1) the increased value of the land and equipment would not be affected by the market of KBCF and 2) the licensed site, land and equipment can be licensed to the site of the licence agreement in the future. The fair value of the remaining assets and equipment is determined based on the fair value of the assets and equipment.

19. PREPAID LEASE PAYMENTS

All of the Group's prepaid lease payments are prepaid for medium-term leasehold land in Hong Kong.

19. 預付租賃款項

本集團全部預付租賃款項均為香港境外中期租約土地之預付款項。

	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Analysed as follows: 就報告分析如下：		
Current assets 流動資產		23,617
Non-current assets 非流動資產		919,313
		942,930

Movement in prepaid lease payments is as follows:

預付租賃款項之變動如下：

	HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2010 於二零一零年一月一日	955,897
Exchange adjustment 匯兌調整	36,325
Addition 添置	135,205
Disposal 出售	(172,973)
Acquired from acquisition of subsidiary (Note 39) 收購附屬公司而獲取 (附註39)	15,953
Disposal of subsidiary (Note 40) 出售附屬公司 (附註40)	(6,645)
Change in lease 本年度支出	(20,832)
At 31 December 2010 於二零一零年十二月三十一日	942,930
Exchange adjustment 匯兌調整	40,121
Addition 添置	77,702
Disposal 出售	(47,776)
Disposal of subsidiary (Note 40) 出售附屬公司 (附註40)	(14,990)
Change in lease 本年度支出	(24,146)
At 31 December 2011 於二零一一年十二月三十一日	973,841

The lease term is such that the prepaid lease payments are amortised on a straight-line basis over the lease term of 35 to 50 years.

預付租賃款項按介乎35年至50年不等租期攤銷。

20. OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS

This balance represents the licence fee payable to the Licencee (see note 28) for the period from 1 September 2011 to 31 August 2013. Under the licencing agreement, the Licencee may use, consume and dispose of the licensed inventory which include consumable and stock in trade. However, the Licencee is prohibited to place and use the licensed inventory, consumed or disposed during the licence period at the end of the licence period.

20. 其他非流動資產

此乃於二零一一年九月一日至二零一三年八月三十一日授權獲授權人使用的存貨(見附註28)。根據授權使用協議,獲授權人使用、耗用及出售授權使用存貨,當中包括易耗品及貿易存貨。然而,於授權使用期結束時,獲授權人須向本集團重置及退還已使用、耗用或出售的授權使用存貨。

21. GOODWILL**21. 商譽**

		HK\$'000 千港元
CARRYING VALUE	賬面值	
At 1 January 2010, 31 December 2010 and 31 December 2011	於二零一零年一月一日、 二零一零年十二月三十一日及 二零一一年十二月三十一日	
		2,288,149

Particulars regarding impairment testing on goodwill arising from acquisition of subsidiary are disclosed as follows:

有關收購附屬公司所產生之商譽之減值測試詳情披露如下:

The balance of impairment testing on goodwill has been allocated to cash generating units (CGU) of laminate, PCB and chemical business. At 31 December 2011 and 2010, the carrying amount of goodwill allocated to the CGU of laminate, PCB and chemical business are HK\$390,781,000, HK\$1,717,519,000 and HK\$179,849,000, respectively.

就減值測試而言,商譽已分配予包括覆銅面板、印刷線路板及化工產品的業務分部之現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)組別。於二零一一年及二零一零年十二月三十一日分配予覆銅面板、印刷線路板及化工產品業務分部之現金產生單位組別之商譽賬面值分別約為390,781,000港元、1,717,519,000港元及179,849,000港元。

21. 商譽(續)

覆銅面板、印刷線路板及化工產品之現金

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

22. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

22. 於聯營公司之權益

	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of investments in associates Unlisted in the PRC		211,230
Share of associates' profits and losses when the income, net of dividends received		353,217
		564,447

At 31 December 2011 and 2010, the Group had interests in the following associates:

於二零一一年及二零一零年十二月三十一日，本集團擁有以下聯營公司權益：

Name of entity 實體名稱	Form of business structure 業務架構形式	Place of registration/ incorporation 註冊 成立地點	Principle place of operation 主要營業地點	Equity interest held by the subsidiary 該附屬公司所持股權 2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年	Attributable equity interest of the Group 本集團應佔股權 2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年	Principal activities 主要業務
CNOOC Kingboard Chemical Incorporated Limited [#] 中海石油建滔化工有限公司 [#]	Incorporated 註冊成立	PRC 中國	PRC 中國		40%		40%	Manufacture and distribution of methanol 製造及分銷甲醇
山西金能建滔投資有限公司 [#]	Incorporated 註冊成立	PRC 中國	PRC 中國		49%		49%	Coal mining and distribution of coal 煤炭開採及分銷
Linkfi Investments Holding Limited (Linkfi) 聯發投資控股有限公司 (「聯發」)	Unlisted private 非上市私營實體	Samoa 薩摩亞	PRC 中國					Investment holding 投資控股

[#] The companies are established in the PRC in the form of Sino-Foreign Equity Joint Ventures.

[#] 此等公司乃以中外合資合營企業形式在中國成立。

22. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

聯發之主要附屬公司之主要業務為酒店營運及物業發展。

於二零一一年六月二十一日，本集團以總現金代價30,000,000港元認購聯發股份。因此，本集團於聯發的權益由11.34%增加至21.57%，而聯發成為本集團聯營公司。因此，本集團於聯發的投資由可供出售投資重新分類為聯營公司之投資。

在認購聯發股份後，本集團以總現金代價20,988,000港元進一步收購聯發股份。因此，本集團於聯發的權益由21.57%增加至29.67%。

本集團聯營公司之財務資料概述如下：

23. HELD-TO-MATURITY INVESTMENTS

23. 持有至到期投資

	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Li ed bond ec lie i ed b c on and li ed in he Singa E change Sec lie Trading Limi ed (SGX) Incl ded in he li ed bond ec lie a a 31 Decembe 2011 i HK\$634,247,000 from the li ed i el in Hong Kong and li ed in SGX. Incl ded in he ab e held- ma lie in e men ab fi ed c on bond hich ca c on be hangng from 7% a 11.13%. The in e men ill be ma ed from A e 2014 a 3 A g 2018. On 1 Jan a e 2011, he GL ha cla ified ce ain bond from a ailable- r ale in e men a held- ma lie in e men . The al fai ale a a da e of cla ification am n HK\$79,064,000, hich becme he in e men ' ne am ed c . Incl ded in held- ma lie in e men ab he follo ing am n denmina ed in c encie a he han he f nc onal c enc of he gl en i ie a hich he la e:		
	2011 二零一一年 Amount 金額 '000 千元	2010 二零一零年 Amount 金額 '000 千元
US\$	美元	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

Financial Statements 財務報表 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

24. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

Available-for-sale investments comprise:

24. 可供出售投資

可供出售投資包括：

	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Available-for-sale investments, at fair value (note a): 上市投資，按公平值 (附註a): Equity securities listed in Hong Kong 於香港上市之股本證券 Equity securities listed in United States 於美國上市之股本證券 Equity securities listed in Singapore 於新加坡上市之股本證券		1,710,259
		5,078
		1,715,337
Available-for-sale investments, at fair value (note b): 香港上市發行人發行於新交所上市之上市債券證券，按公平值 (附註b): Fixed rate bonds with a 6% annual interest rate from 27 October 2015 and a 4.885% annual interest rate from 28 October 2015 to 27 October 2020 and a 5.638% annual interest rate from 28 October 2020 to 27 October 2025, issued by the London Interbank Offered Rate benchmark Fixed rate bonds with a 8% annual interest rate from 1 December 2016 to 31 August 2017	- 於二零一五年十月二十七日以前具有年息6厘之固定票息，而於二零一五年十月二十八日至二零二零年十月二十七日止具有年息五厘之固定票息，其後年息按3個月倫敦銀行同業拆息加5.638厘之永久性債券 - 具有年息8厘之固定票息，並於二零一六年十二月一日到期 - 具有年息9.65厘之固定票息，並於二零一七年八月三日期到	324,127
		38,694
		40,370
		403,191
Unlisted investments, at cost Private equity investments in the PRC (note c) Private equity investments in Hong Kong (note d)	非上市股本投資，按成本 - 在中國之私募股本投資 (附註c) - 在香港之私募股本投資 (附註d)	36,525
		144,883
		181,408
Total	合計	2,299,936

24. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

(續)

At the end of the reporting period, all listed available-for-sale

24. 可供出售投資(續)

於報告期間結束當日，所有可供出售上市投資均按公平值列賬。該等上市投資之公平值乃經參考交投活躍市場所報競投價釐定。由於不能可靠計算非上市股本投資之公平值，故按成本列賬。

附註：

(a) 於二零一一年十二月三十一日，上市投資包括兩間香港上市發行人的3,286,511,000港元。

(b) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度內，本集團購買香港上市發行人發行於新加坡上市的債券證券。該等上市債券證券於收購當日被指定為可供出售投資。

於二零一一年一月一日，本集團意向有變，持有若干上市債券證券約79,064,000港元至到期。因此，該等上市債券證券重新分類至持有至到期投資(附註23)。

於二零一一年十二月三十一日，上市債券證券全部金額來自一(二零一零年：兩)間香港上市公司發行的一(二零一零年：兩)款上市債券證券。

(c) 於二零一零年十二月三十一日非上市股本投資指(i)於中國成立之非上市私營實體之11.34%股權，該實體從事酒店營運業務；及(ii)於中國成立之非上市私營實體之5%(二零一一年：5%)股權，該實體從事物業發展。於本年度，從事酒店營運業務的非上市私營實體股權重新分類為聯營公司之投資。

(d) 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度內，本集團認購一間於英屬處女群島註冊成立之私營實體之10%股權，該私營實體於香港從事物業發展業務。該實體現時擁有一棟位於香港之樓宇多個物業單位，該大廈擬定重建(「重建計劃」)。本集團參予此重建計劃之總金額為21,000,000美元(約163,800,000港元)。於二零一一年十二月三十一日，本集團就參予計劃已付約151,342,000港元(二零一零年：144,883,000港元)。

於報告期結束當日，由於公平值之合理估算幅度龐大，致使董事認為未能可靠計算其公平值，故該投資按成本扣除減值計算。

24. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

(continued)

Included in available-for-sale investments are the following amounts denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the group in which the balance:

	2011 二零一一年 Amount 金額 '000 千元	2010 二零一零年 Amount 金額 '000 千元
US\$ 美元		70,917
HK\$ 港元		1,746,783

24. 可供出售投資(續)

可供出售投資包括下列以集團實體相關之功能貨幣以外貨幣計值之款額：

25. INTERESTS IN JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES**25. 於共同控制實體之權益**

	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Carried in investments in jointly controlled entities 共同控制實體之非上市投資成本		15,953
Share of share-acquisition losses 應佔收購後虧損		(33,100)
		(17,147)
Amount due from jointly controlled entities (Note) 應收共同控制實體款項(附註)		18,222
		1,075

Note: The amount due from jointly controlled entities is unsecured, interest-free, non-refinanced, non-recourse and payable on demand.

附註：應收共同控制實體款項為無抵押、免息，且無固定還款期，毋須於可見將來償還。

25. INTERESTS IN JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES (continued)

The summarized financial information in respect of the Group's interests in jointly controlled entities which are accounted for using the equity method is as follows:

25. 於共同控制實體之權益 (續)

以權益法列賬之本集團之共同控制實體權益之財務資料概述如下：

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Total assets	資產總值		13,576
Total liabilities	負債總額		(41,666)
Net liabilities	負債淨額		(28,090)
Group's share of net liabilities of jointly controlled entities	本集團應佔共同控制實體負債淨額		(28,090)
Revenue	營業額		19,517



27. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

27. 無形資產

		Know-how fee 專業知識費 HK\$'000 千港元
COST	成本	
At 1 January 2010	於二零一零年一月一日	3,605
Exchange adjustment	匯兌調整	144
Disposal	出售	(2,304)
At 31 December 2010 and 2011	於二零一零年及二零一一年 十二月三十一日	1,445
AMORTISATION	攤銷	
At 1 January 2010	於二零一零年一月一日	2,983
Exchange adjustment	匯兌調整	70
Charge for the year	本年度支出	696
Eliminated on disposal	出售時註銷	(2,304)
At 31 December 2010 and 2011	於二零一零年及二零一一年 十二月三十一日	1,445
CARRYING VALUES	賬面值	
At 31 December 2010 and 2011	於二零一零年及二零一一年 十二月三十一日	
Know-how acquired from third parties, having finite useful life and amortised on a straight-line basis over 5 years.		向第三方收購之專業知識有固定可使用年期，並按直線基準於五年內攤銷。

28. INVENTORIES

28. 存貨

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Raw material	原料		3,021,324
Work in progress	在製品		784,295
Finished goods	製成品		217,609
			4,023,228

During the year ended 31 December 2011, the Group changed the ownership of a certain amount of raw material HK\$712,707,000 and licenced them to the Licensee for licence fee income. Under the licence agreement, the Licensee may use, consume and dispose of the licenced inventory which include consumable and stock in trade. However, the Licensee is prohibited to replace and to use the licenced inventory for other commercial purposes during the licence period. The Group at the end of the licence period. Accordingly, the licenced inventory are classified as non-current assets (note 20).

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團改變其若干約712,707,000港元存貨的用途，授權獲授權人使用該等存貨，以賺取授權費收入。根據授權使用協議，獲授權人使用、耗用及出售授權使用存貨，當中包括易耗品及貿易存貨。然而，於授權使用期結束時，獲授權人須向本集團重置及退還已使用、耗用或出售的授權使用存貨。因此，授權使用存貨重新分類為其他非流動資產（附註20）。

29. PROPERTIES HELD FOR DEVELOPMENT

Development properties held for development are as follows:

		HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2010	於二零一零年一月一日	1,980,068
Exchange adjustments	匯兌調整	79,203
Additions	添置	2,566,128
At 31 December 2010 and 1 January 2011	於二零一零年十二月三十一日 及二零一一年一月一日	4,625,399
Exchange adjustments	匯兌調整	209,159
Additions	添置	4,842,812
Acquired from acquisition of subsidiary (note 39)	收購一間附屬公司而獲取 (附註39)	404,228
Transfers from investment properties	轉撥至投資物業	(854,235)
At 31 December 2011	於二零一一年十二月三十一日	9,227,363

Properties held for development are located in the PRC with medium-term lease and are leased as at 31 December 2011 and 2010.

Properties held for development which are expected to be completed after the end of the reporting period are classified as construction in progress. Included in the amount of properties held for development is a property in HK\$7,580,403,000 (2010: HK\$4,625,399,000) has been expected to be completed after the end of the reporting period.

During the year ended 31 December 2011, the Group received the government grant of HK\$168,499,000 for properties held for development in PRC. The amount received has been deducted from the carrying amount of properties held for development.

29. 待發展物業

待發展物業變動如下：

於二零一一年及二零一零年十二月三十一日，待發展物業位於中國，按中期租約持有，並按成本列賬。

預期於報告期間結束當日起計未來12個月後變現的待發展物業已分類為流動資產，原因為預期在本集團正常經營週期內變現。持作出售之待發展物業包括約888,000,000

HK\$168,499,600 (2010: HK\$4,625,399,000)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

Financial Statements 財務報表 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

30. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

Trade and other receivables and prepayments and bills receivables

30. 其他財務資產

貿易及其他應收賬款及預付款項及應收票據

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivable	貿易應收賬款		5,159,244
Advance payment	預付供應商款項		

30. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS (continued)**Trade and other receivables and prepayments and bills receivables (continued)**

The Group has provided full allowance for trade receivables aged over 240 days because historical experience indicates that trade receivables aged generally not recoverable. Allowance on trade receivables between 120 and 240 days made based on the estimated recoverable amount by reference to a default experience and objective evidence of impairment determined by the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate.

In determining the recoverability of the trade receivables, the Group monitors any change in the credit quality of the trade receivables since the credit is granted and at the end of the reporting period. The Director considered that the Group has no significant concentration of credit risk, since the trade receivables are spread over a number of companies and countries.

Movement in the allowance for doubtful debts

	2011	2010
At 1 January	1,000	1,000
Provision made during the year	1,000	1,000
At 31 December	2,000	2,000

30. 其他財務資產(續)**貿易及其他應收賬款及預付款項及應收票據(續)**

過往經驗顯示逾期240日以上之應收賬款一般無法收回，故本集團對該等應收賬款全數作出撥備。賬齡介乎120至240日之貿易應收賬款之準備，乃參考過往欠賬經驗釐訂之估計不可收回金額後釐訂，減值之客觀證據根據賬面值與以原有實際利率折現估計日後現金流量現值間之差額計算。

在釐定貿易應收賬款之可收回性時，自在早前授出信貸起至報告期間結束為止，本集團監察貿易應收賬款信用質素之任何變動。董事認為，本集團並無重大集中信貸風險，風險由多個交易方及客戶分攤。

呆壞賬準備之變動

30. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS (續)**Movement in the allowance for doubtful debts**

(千元)

Included in the allowance for doubtful debts are individual impaired trade receivable in an aggregate balance of HK\$559,306,000 (2010: HK\$502,232,000) which have either been placed under liquidation or in a state of financial difficulty. The Group does not hold an allowance for the balance.

Included in trade and other receivable and bill receivable are the following amounts denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the group entities which are:

	2011 二零一一年 Amount 金額 '000 千元	2010 二零一零年 Amount 金額 '000 千元
US\$ 美元		318,279
HK\$ 港元		1,345,469
EUR 歐元		160
JPY 日圓		

Bank balances and cash

Bank balance and cash comprise cash held by the Group and held in bank deposits in an original maturity of three months or less. At 31 December 2011, the bank balance and deposits are in the prevailing market rate which range from 0.01% to 3.30% (2010: 0.01% to 1.26%) per annum.

Included in bank balance and cash are pledged bank deposits of HK\$133,245,000 (2010: HK\$121,636,000) at 31 December 2011 which are pledged to bank in connection with banking facilities of the Group.

30. 其他財務資產(續)**呆壞賬準備之變動(續)**

呆壞賬準備包括個別已減值之貿易應收賬款，總結餘為559,306,000港元(二零一零年：502,232,000港元)，該等款項為清盤或財務困難項下之款項。本集團就該等結餘並無持有任何抵押品。

貿易及其他應收賬款及應收票據包括下列以集團實體相關功能貨幣以外貨幣計值之款額：

銀行結餘及現金

銀行結餘及現金包括本集團持有之現金及原到期日為三個月或以下之短期銀行存摺。



31. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

		Liabilities	
		負債	
		2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Interest rate swap contracts	利率掉期合約		
derivative hedge accounting - 以對沖會計法列賬之	衍生工具		64,332
Commodity swap contracts	商品遠期合約		33,493
			97,825
Analysed for cash flow hedges	就報告分析如下：		
Cash	流動		47,070
Non-cash	非流動		50,755
			97,825

(a) Interest rate swap contracts under cash flow hedges

(a) 現金流量對沖項下利率掉期合約

截至二零一一年及二零一零年十二月三十一日止各年度，本集團透過將浮息轉為定息，利用利率掉期合約（每季淨額結算）減低按浮息計算之港元銀行借貸若干現金流量變動之風險。該等利率掉期合約之條款經磋商後與對沖銀行借貸之主要條款相吻合（即：衍生工具之面值與銀行借貸之本金金額相同、幣值及利率指標均相同）。董事認為利率掉期合約為極有效之對沖工具，並就對沖會計法而言，指定該等工具為現金流量對沖工具。

31. 衍生金融工具(續)

(b) 並非以對沖會計法列賬之商品遠期合約

於二零一一年十二月三十一日，本集團並無尚未到期商品遠期合約。

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止各年度，本集團訂立商品遠期合約，以對沖本集團承受銅價波動之部分風險。於各到期日，該等合約與發行人以現金作淨額結算。該等於二零一零年十二月三十一日尚未

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

32. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES AND BILLS PAYABLES

32. 貿易及其他應付賬款及應付票據

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade payable	貿易應付賬款		2,197,025
Accrued expense	應付費用		728,226
Payable for acquisition of leasehold land and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備的應付款項		698,828
Receivable advance	預收款項		176,111
Other payable	其他應付稅項		135,892
VAT payable	應付增值稅		87,525
Other payable	其他應付賬款		345,278
			4,368,885

The following is an aged analysis of the trade payable at the end of the reporting period:

於報告期間結束為止，貿易應付賬款之賬齡分析如下：

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
0 - 90 da	0 - 90日		1,658,076
91 - 180 da	91 - 180日		347,702
Over 180 da	180日以上		191,247
			2,197,025

All bill payable of the Group are aged within 90 days at the end of the reporting period.

本集團所有應付票據賬齡均為報告期間結束後的90日之內。

**32. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES AND
BILLS PAYABLES (續)**

Included in trade and other payable and bill payable are the following amounts denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the group entities which the payable:

		2011 二零一一年 Amount 金額 '000 千元	2010 二零一零年 Amount 金額 '000 千元
US\$	美元		114,122
HK\$	港元		180,321
JPY	日圓		947,961
EUR	歐元		341

**32. 貿易及其他應付賬款及應付票據
(續)**

貿易及其他應付賬款及應付票據包括下列以集團實體之相關功能貨幣以外貨幣計值之金額：

33. 銀行借貸

b) conținutul adevărat în demand
clasa (în nomenclatură)

33. BANK BORROWINGS (續)

The bank borrowings are secured and bear interest at a market rate.

Included in the above bank borrowings are the fixed-rate bank borrowings of HK\$689,947,000 (2010: HK\$760,629,000) at 31 December 2011, which are payable within five years from the end of the reporting period. The fixed-rate bank borrowings carry interest ranging from 5.31% to 7.93% (2010: 1.22% to 5.4%) annually.

The part of the bank borrowings are at variable-rate borrowings which carry interest ranging from HIBOR+0.54% to HIBOR+1.9% (2010: HIBOR+0.4% to HIBOR+2%) annually.

The range of effective interest rate (which also at the end of the reporting period) on the Group's bank borrowings are as follows:

		2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年
Effective interest rate	實際利率		
Fixed-rate borrowings	定息借貸		1.22% to 5.4%
			1.22厘至5.4厘
Variable-rate borrowings	浮息借貸		0.82% to 2.49%
			0.82厘至2.49厘

Included in bank borrowings are the financing amount denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the group, in which the balance:

		2011 二零一一年 Amount 金額 '000 千元	2010 二零一零年 Amount 金額 '000 千元
US\$	美元		70,476
HK\$	港元		8,450,855
JPY	日圓		162,995

33. 銀行借貸(續)

銀行借貸為無抵押，並按市場利率計息。

於二零一一年十二月三十一日，上述銀行借貸包括須於報告期間結束當日起計五年內償還之定息銀行借貸689,947,000港元（二零一零年：760,629,000港元）。定息銀行借貸年息率介乎5.31厘至7.93厘不等（二零一零年：1.22厘至5.4厘）。

餘下銀行借貸為浮息借貸，年息率介乎銀行同業拆息加0.54厘至銀行同業拆息加1.9厘（二零一零年：銀行同業拆息加0.4厘至銀行同業拆息加2厘）不等。

本集團銀行借貸之實際利率（相當於已訂約利率）範圍如下：

銀行借貸包括下列以集團實體之相關功能貨幣以外貨幣計值之金額：

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

34. DEFERRED TAXATION

The following table shows the major deferred tax liabilities (assets) recognised and movements thereon during the period and reconciliation:

34. 遞延稅項

下表為本報告期間及以前報告期間內已予確認之主要遞延稅項負債(資產)以及當中之變動:

		Accelerated tax depreciation	Tax losses	Write-down of inventories	Revaluation of properties	Hedging instruments	Undistributed profits of an associate 一間聯營公司	Total
		加速稅務折舊 HK\$'000 千港元	稅務虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	存貨撇減 HK\$'000 千港元	物業重估 HK\$'000 千港元	對沖工具 HK\$'000 千港元	之未分配溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	合計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2010	於二零一零年一月一日	41,690	(12,522)	(15,185)	24,586	(15,650)		22,919
Exchange adjustments	匯兌調整	70						70
(Credit) charge on consolidated income statement for the year (Note 12)	本年度綜合收益表之(撥回)支出(附註12)	(598)		(1,838)	17,206		7,227	21,997
Credit to consolidated income statement for the year	計入本年度權益					(8,373)		(8,373)
Released consolidated income statement for the year	撥回本年度綜合收益表					18,443		18,443
Utilised during the year	本年度已動用						(7,227)	(7,227)
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	41,162	(12,522)	(17,023)	41,792	(5,580)		47,829
Exchange adjustments	匯兌調整	2,480			4,225			6,705
(Credit) charge on consolidated income statement for the year (Note 12)	本年度綜合收益表之(撥回)支出(附註12)	(2,299)		(2,910)	100,217		9,224	104,232
Charged to consolidated income statement for the year	扣自本年度權益					3,310		3,310
Utilised during the year	本年度已動用						(9,224)	(9,224)
At 31 December 2011	於二零一一年十二月三十一日	41,343	(12,522)	(19,933)	146,234	(2,270)		152,852

34. DEFERRED TAXATION (continued)

For the year of the presentation in the consolidated statement of financial position, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balance for financial reporting:

	2011 二零一一年 Amount 金額 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 Amount 金額 HK\$'000 千港元
Deferred tax liabilities 遞延稅項負債		73,378
Deferred tax assets 遞延稅項資產		(25,549)
		47,829

Under the EIT Law of the PRC, a withholding tax is imposed on dividends declared in respect of profits earned by PRC subsidiary from 1 January 2008 onwards. Deferred tax has not been provided for in the consolidated financial statement in respect of the temporary difference attributable to accumulated profits of the PRC subsidiary since 1 January 2008 amounting to HK\$6,873,785,000 (2010: HK\$4,348,959,000) as the Group is able to control the timing of the disposal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

At 31 December 2011, deferred tax assets of (i) a premium of HK\$12,522,000 (2010: HK\$12,522,000) in relation to unexpired contracts; (ii) a premium of HK\$19,993,000 (2010: HK\$17,023,000) in relation to the deduction of interest and (iii) a premium of HK\$2,270,000 (2010: HK\$5,580,000) in relation to the cash flow hedge recognised in hedging have been recognised in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position.

34. 遞延稅項 (續)

若干遞延稅項資產及負債因應綜合財務狀況表呈示用途而作出抵銷。以下為該等遞延稅項結餘用作財務申報的用途時作出的分析：

中國企業所得稅法規定，自二零零八年一月一日起，將向於中國的附屬公司就其所賺取之溢利而宣派之股息徵收預扣稅。本公司之中國附屬公司自二零零八年一月一日起賺取之累計溢利應佔之臨時差額為6,873,785,000港元(二零一零年：4,348,959,000港元)，本集團並未就該遞延稅項於綜合財務報表作出撥備，原因是本集團能控制撥回臨時差額之時間，且有關臨時差額將可能不會於可見將來撥回。

於二零一一年十二月三十一日，(i)有關未動用稅項虧損之遞延稅項資產約12,522,000港元(二零一零年：12,522,000港元)；(ii)有關撤減存貨之遞延稅項資產約19,993,000港元(二零一零年：17,023,000港元)；及(iii)有關於對沖儲備確認之現金流量對沖虧損之遞延稅項資產約2,270,000港元(二零一零年：5,580,000港元)已於本集團綜合財務狀況表確認。

34. DEFERRED TAXATION (continued)

At 31 December 2011, the Group has not recognised deferred tax arising from a loss amounting to a maximum of HK\$369,029,000 (2010: HK\$305,289,000) due to the non-availability of the future tax stream. All a loss can be carried forward indefinitely. The Group also has not recognised deferred tax in 2011 (2010: HK\$1,623,000) in relation to its on-call financial hedge recognised in hedging the debt of the non-availability of the future tax stream.

34. 遞延稅項 (續)

於二零一一年十二月三十一日，本集團有未確認遞延稅項資產，原因為無法預計為數約369,029,000港元(二零一零年：305,289,000港元)之稅項虧損所產生之未來溢利來源。全部稅項虧損可無限期結轉。此外，本集團就已於對沖儲備中確認之現金流對沖虧損並無未確認遞延稅項資產(二零一零年：1,623,000港元)，原因為無法預計未來溢利來源。

35. SHARE CAPITAL**35. 股本**

	Number of shares 股份數目	Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each 每股面值0.10港元之普通股		
Authorised		

35. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

		Number of shares		Share capital	
		股份數目		股本	
		2011	2010	2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年	二零一一年	二零一零年
				HK\$'000	HK\$'000
				千港元	千港元
Issued and fully paid	已發行及繳足				
At beginning of the year	於年初		844,739,046		84,474
Exercise of share option (see Note 37)	行使優先購股權 (見附註37)		4,670,000		467
Exercise of share warrant (see Note 36)	行使認股權證 (見附註36)		88,176		9
At end of the year	於年終		849,497,222		84,950

36. WARRANTS**36. 認股權證**

於二零一零年三月二日，本公司已提呈向於二零一零年四月二十六日名列本公司股東名冊之股東發行紅利認股權證(「認股權證」)，基準為每持有十股股份獲派一份認股權證。其後，84,473,904份認股權證獲發行，該等認股權證賦予其持有人權利，可於二零一零年五月五日起至二零一二年十月三十一日(包括首尾兩日)內隨時按初步認購價每股股份40港元(可予以調整)最多認購合共84,473,904股本公司股份，合共認購價相當於約3,378,956,000港元。



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註
For the year ended 31 December 2011

37. SHARE OPTIONS (續)
(a) Employees' share option scheme of the Company (續)

37. 優先購股權 (續)
(a) 本公司僱員優先購股權計劃 (續)

根據有效期為十年之該計劃，本公司董事會可酌情向對本公司長遠增長及盈利作出貢獻之合資格參與者(「合資格參與者」)授出優先購股權，以認購本公司股份。合資格參與者包括(i)本公司、其任何附屬公司或本集團持有任何股權之任何實體(「受投資實體」)之任何全職或兼職僱員，包括本公司、任何該等附屬公司或任何受投資實體之任何執行董事；(ii)本公司、其附屬公司或任何受投資實體任何非執行董事，包括獨立非執行董事；(iii)本集團任何成員公司或任何受投資實體之任何貨品或服務供應商；(iv)本集團或任何受投資實體之任何客戶；(v)本集團任何成員公司或任何受投資實體之任何股東或本集團任何成員公司或受投資實體之任何已發行證券持有人；及(vi)董事會不時按其表現及或服務年期而認為曾經或可能對本集團發展及增長作出貢獻，或按其於業內工作經驗、知識及其他相關因素而被視為本集團寶貴資源之任何人士或實體。本公司股份之認購價須為至少相等於本公司股份面值、本公司股份於緊接要約授出優先購股權日期前五個交易日於聯交所所報平均收市價及本公司股份於要約授出優先購股權日期於聯交所所報收市價之最高者。優先購股權須於授出日期28個營業日內接納，接納時須支付1港元，優先購股權可於董事釐定並通知各承授人之期間內行使，該期間可由接納要約授出優先購股權之日起，惟無論如何須不遲於該計劃採納日期起計十年止。

37. SHARE OPTIONS (續)**(a) Employees' share option scheme of the Company (續)**

The total number of the Company's shares which may be issued on exercise of all outstanding options granted under the Scheme and an option scheme of the Group (excluding options issued in accordance with the terms of the Scheme and an option scheme of the Group) must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the Company's shares in issue at the date of adoption of the Scheme. The limit on the number of the Company's shares which may be issued on exercise of all outstanding options granted and exercised under the Scheme and an option scheme of the Group must not exceed 30% of the Company's shares in issue from time to time. The total number of the Company's shares issued and exercisable on exercise of the options granted to each grantee (including both exercised and outstanding options) under the Scheme of the Group in an 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the Company's shares in issue at the date of grant unless a period by the Company's shareholders in general meeting.

In accordance with the terms of the 2002 Scheme and the Scheme, shares issued by the Company at the date of grant.

During the year, the shares issued under the Scheme were granted on 21 March 2011 and the exercise period of the shares issued at a premium of HK\$279,054,000.

At the date of this annual report, the total number of shares available under the Scheme is 28,000,000 shares, representing a premium of 3.28% of the issued share capital of the Company.

37. 優先購股權 (續)**(a) 本公司僱員優先購股權計劃 (續)**

因根據該計劃及本集團任何其他計劃所有將予授出之優先購股權 (不包括根據該計劃及本集團任何其他計劃之條款已失效之優先購股權) 獲行使而可發行之本公司股份總數，合共不得超過本公司於批准該計劃日期已發行股份10%。因根據該計劃及本集團任何其他計劃所有已授出尚未行使及有待行使之優先購股權獲行使而可發行之本公司股份數目限額，不得超過本公司不時已發行股份30%。於截至授出日期止任何十二個月期間，因根據該計劃或本集團任何其他計劃授予各承授人之優先購股權 (包括已行使及尚未行使之優先購股權) 獲行使而發行及將予發行之本公司股份總數，不得超過本公司於授出日期已發行股份1%，除非獲本公司股東於股東大會批准，則作別論。

根據二零零二年計劃及該計劃之條款，本公司所發行之優先購股權於授出日期起歸屬。

年內，該計劃項下優先購股權於二零一一年三月二十一日授出，該等優先購股權的公平值約為279,054,000港元。

截至本年報日期，該計劃項下可予發行的股份總數是28,000,000股，相當於本公司已發行股本約3.28%。

10 SHARE OPTIONS (續)**(a) Employees' share option scheme of the Company (續)**

Note:

- (i) The share option scheme 2002 Scheme was granted on 11 October 2002 and exercise price of HK\$0.74 per share. The exerciseable period of the scheme ended on 15 October 2002 and 2 July 2012.
- (ii) The share option scheme of the Scheme was granted on 21 March 2011 and exercise price of HK\$40.70 per share. 25% of the total share option was exercised immediately at the date of grant. The remaining 75% will be exercised in three tranches and will be exercised on 21 March 2012, 2013 and 2014. The closing price of the Company's share immediately before the date of grant was HK\$39.55.

In respect of the share option exercised during

(續)

(a) 本公司僱員優先購股權計劃

(續)

附註：

- (i) 二零零二年計劃項下優先購股權於二零零二年十月十一日授出，行使價為每股0.74港元。該等優先購股權可於二零零二年十月十五日至二零一二年七月二日期間行使。
- (ii) 該計劃項下優先購股權於二零一一年三月二十一日授出，行使價為每股40.70港元。優先購股權總額之25%於授出日期即時歸屬。餘下75%將平均分為三組，分別於二零一二年、二零一三年及二零一四年三月二十一日歸屬。緊接授出日期前日本公司股份的收市價為39.55港元。

就年內行使的優先購股權而言，緊接行使日期前五個交易日在聯交所所報本公司股份平均收市價為42.80港元(二零一零年：35.79港元)。

該計劃項下優先購股權公平值根據柏力克-舒爾斯定價模式計算。該模式的輸入數據如下：

37. SHARE OPTIONS (續)**(a) Employees' share option scheme of the Company (續)**

The Black-Scholes model has been used to estimate the fair value of the share options. The model has been adjusted, based on management's best estimate, for the effect of non-transferability, exercise restrictions and behavioural considerations.

The Group recognized the total expense of HK\$167,039,000 for the year ended 31 December 2011 (2010: nil) in relation to share options granted by the Company under the Scheme.

The Black-Scholes option pricing model has been used to estimate the fair value of the share options. The model has been adjusted, based on management's best estimate, for the effect of non-transferability, exercise restrictions and behavioural considerations.

(b) Employees' share option scheme of EEIC

The 2002 Elec & Elec Empl Share Option Scheme (the 2002 EEIC Scheme) which was adopted from 12 November 2002 to the date of 5 years, had been terminated in November 2007 without affecting the rights of holders of any share options granted and outstanding under the 2002 EEIC Scheme.

37. 優先購股權 (續)**(a) 本公司僱員優先購股權計劃 (續)**

預期波幅按本公司去年股價的過往波幅釐定。該模式所用預期年期按管理層對不可轉讓性、行使限制及行為考慮因素的影響的最佳估計作出調整。

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團就本公司根據該計劃授出的優先購股權確認開支總額167,039,000港元(二零一零年：無)。

柏力克-舒爾斯期權定價模式用以估計優先購股權公平值。計算優先購股權公平值所用的變數及假設乃按董事的最佳估計作出。優先購股權價值視乎若干主觀假設的不同變數而定。

(b) EEIC僱員優先購股權計劃

二零零二年依利安達僱員優先購股權計劃(「二零零二年EEIC計劃」)於二零零二年十一月十二日採納，為期五年，已於二零零七年十一月終止，惟並不影響二零零二年EEIC計劃項下已授出尚未行使優先購股權持有人之任何權利。

37. 優先購股權(續)

(b) EEIC僱員優先購股權計劃(續)

自一九九七年起，EEIC設立優先購股權計劃，以肯定及鼓勵僱員為EEIC及其附屬公司(「EEIC集團」)作出貢獻。鑑於二零零二年EEIC計劃於二零零七年屆滿，EEIC董事有意設立新優先購股權計劃，以取代已屆滿之二零零二年EEIC計劃，旨在向曾為EEIC集團增長及業績作出巨大貢獻之僱員提供機會，參與EEIC之權益，以便推動彼等更加竭誠、盡忠及提供更高水平表現、對彼等過去的貢獻及服務作出肯定，以及將僱員利益與股東利益掛鉤。

二零零八年依利安達僱員優先購股

37. SHARE OPTIONS (續)**(b) Employees' share option scheme of EEIC (續)**

The 2008 EEIC Scheme entitles the eligible holder of the eligible option and his/her spouse or dependent child in EEIC or his/her spouse or child, whichever is applicable, to exercise the option to subscribe for 5 shares of the ordinary shares of EEIC at a price of 5 cents immediately after the exercise date of the eligible option, subject to a condition that the exercise price is defined as the closing price of the ordinary shares of EEIC on the day of exercise of the option shall not exceed 20% of the exercise price.

Option granted at the exercise price of the ordinary shares of EEIC is exercisable after the fifth anniversary of the date of grant and expires on the fifth anniversary of the date of grant.

The duration of the 2008 EEIC Scheme is 10 years and the maximum number of shares in EEIC that may be issued shall not exceed 10% of the total number of EEIC shares in issue at the adoption date of the scheme. Subject to certain conditions being satisfied, 15% of the total issued shares of EEIC excluding treasury shares from time to time. The maximum number of EEIC shares issued and to be issued on the exercise of the option granted to each participant (including both exercised and outstanding option) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the total number of EEIC shares in issue from time to time.

At the date of this annual report, the number of EEIC shares available under the 2008 EEIC Scheme.

Shares may be exercised within 30 days after the exercise date of grant accompanied by a payment of US\$1.00 (or its equivalent) as consideration for the participant, but the grant of shares on the date of exercise shall be subject to the condition that the exercise price shall be defined as the closing price of the ordinary shares of EEIC on the day of exercise of the option shall not exceed 20% of the exercise price.

37. 優先購股權 (續)**(b) EEIC僱員優先購股權計劃 (續)**

二零零八年EEIC計劃賦予優先購股權持有人權利，以相等於緊接相關授出日期前連續五個交易日EEIC股份最後成交價平均數(「行使價」)，或折讓不得超過先前所界定行使價20%之折讓行使價，行使彼等之優先購股權及認購EEIC新普通股。

按行使價或折讓後行使價授出之優先購股權，可分別於授出日期滿一週年或兩週年當日起行使，並於授出日期滿五個週年屆滿。

二零零八年EEIC計劃之年期為十年，可發行之EEIC股份總數不得超過於採納日期EEIC已發行股份總數之10%，或倘符合若干條件後，不得超過EEIC不時已發行股份總數(不包括庫存股份)之15%。每名參與者於任何十二個月期間獲授之優先購股權(包括已經及尚未行使之優先購股權)獲行使時已經及將予發行之EEIC股份總數，不得超過不時已發行EEIC股份總數之1%。

截至本年報日期，二零零八年EEIC計劃項下沒有可予發行的EEIC股份。

優先購股權可於相關授出日期起計30日內由參與者支付1.00美元(或其等值)作為代價予以接納，惟所授出之優先購股權不會賦予購股權持有人收取任何股息或於任何股東大會表決之權利。



37. SHARE OPTIONS (續)**(b) Employees' share option scheme of EEIC**

(續)

Note: The information shall be disclosed:

- (i) 4,055,000 shares issued by the Director and 5,745,000 shares issued by the employee of the Group on 24 June 2005, and the total number of shares issued by the EEIC as an adjusted book value

37. 優先購股權(續)**(b) EEIC僱員優先購股權計劃(續)**

附註：該等優先購股權權益由以下方式產生：

- (i) 該等權益乃基於在二零零五年六月二十四日獲董事及本集團僱員分別接納4,055,000份及5,745,000份優先購股權而擁有。該等優先購股權賦予有關董事及僱員權利，於EEIC於二零零五年十月十三日按一比五基準進行的紅股發行「(紅股發行)」後按經調整認購價每股2.033美元認購EEIC股份。優先購股權分別自二零零六年十一月二十六日、二零零七年十一月二十六日、二零零八年十一月二十六日、二零零九年十一月二十六日及二零一零年三月二十六日起至二零一零年五月二十四日止五個優先購股權期間內分段行使全部或其中部分。
- (ii) 該等權益基於EEIC獨立非執行董事於二零零五年九月二十九日接納150,000份優先購股權而擁有。該等優先購股權賦予有關董事權利，於紅股發行後按經調整認購價每股2.375美元認購EEIC股份。優先購股權可分別自二零零六年九月五日、二零零七年九月五日、二零零八年九月五日、二零一零年九月五日及二零一一年七月五日起至二零一零年九月四日止五個優先購股權期間內分段行使全部或其中部分。
- (iii) 該等優先購股權權益基於EEIC及其附屬公司全職僱員於二零零六年十二月十二日接納1,020,000份優先購股權而擁有。該等優先購股權賦予有關僱員權利，按認購價每股2.400美元認購EEIC股份。優先購股權可分別自二零零八年十一月十三日、二零零九年十一月十三日、二零一零年十一月十三日及二零一一年九月十三日起至二零一一年十一月十二日止四個優先購股權期間內分段行使全部或其中部分。

就年內行使的優先購股權而言，EEIC股份於緊接多個行使日期前五個交易日在新加坡證券交易所有限公司所報之加權平均收市價為3.23美元(二零一零年：2.76美元)。

本集團於截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度就EEIC授出之優先購股權確認約8,000港元(二零一零年：303,000港元)開支總額。

37. SHARE OPTIONS (續)**(c) Employees' share option scheme of KLHL**

The share option scheme of KLHL (the KLHL Scheme) was adopted by the shareholders of KLHL and the shareholders of the Company on 18 March 2007 and 25 June 2007 respectively. The KLHL Scheme has been taken effect after obtaining the approval from the Listing Committee of the Stock Exchange on 6 July 2007.

The KLHL Scheme shall be valid for a period of 10 years. The directors of KLHL may, at their discretion, grant share options to those who are eligible persons who are (i) full-time or part-time employees of KLHL and its subsidiaries (including indirect subsidiaries) in which KLHL and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the KLHL Group) hold an equity interest; (ii) non-executive directors (including independent non-executive directors) of KLHL, an subsidiary of KLHL, an subsidiary of KLHL's Independent Entity; (iii) an officer or employee of a member of the KLHL Group or an KLHL's Independent Entity; (iv) an officer or employee of the KLHL Group or an KLHL's Independent Entity; (v) an employee or officer who has held each of the following positions: (i) a director of KLHL Group or an KLHL's Independent Entity; and (ii) an officer or employee of a member of the KLHL Group or an KLHL's Independent Entity.

37. 優先購股權 (續)**(c) 建滔積層板僱員優先購股權計劃**

建滔積層板股東及本公司股東已分別於二零零七年五月十八日及二零零七年六月二十五日批准採納建滔積層板優先購股權計劃(「建滔積層板優先購股權計劃」)。建滔積層板優先購股權計劃於二零零七年七月六日獲得聯交所上市委員會批准後，現已生效。

建滔積層板優先購股權計劃有效期為十年。建滔積層板董事可酌情向合資格參與者授出可認購建滔積層板股份之優先購股權。合資格參與者為對建滔積層板長遠增長及盈利有貢獻之人士，包括(i)建滔積層板、其任何附屬公司(統稱「建滔積層板集團」)或任何建滔積層板持有股權之實體(「建滔積層板投資實體」)之任何僱員或擬聘用僱員(不論全職或兼職，且包括任何執行董事)、諮詢顧問或顧問；(ii)建滔積層板、其任何附屬公司或任何建滔積層板投資實體之任何非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)；(iii)任何向建滔積層板集團任何成員公司或任何建滔積層板投資實體提供貨品或服務之供應商；(iv)建滔積層板集團或任何建滔積層板投資實體之任何客戶；(v)任何向建滔積層板集團或任何建滔積層板投資實體提供研究、開發或其他技術支援之人士或實體；及(i)建滔積層板集團任何成員公司或任何建滔積層板投資實體之任何股東或建滔積層板集團成員公司或任何建滔積層板投資實體所發行任何證券之持有人。

37. SHARE OPTIONS (續)**(c) Employees' share option scheme of KLHL (續)**

The board of directors of KLHL has adopted the following terms and conditions governing the KLHL Scheme:

(i) the closing price of the shares of KLHL as quoted in the 'Stock Exchange' daily quotation sheet on the date of grant of the option, which must be a business day;

(ii) the average closing price of the shares of KLHL as quoted in the 'Stock Exchange' daily quotation sheet for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant of the option; and (iii) the nominal value of the shares of KLHL.

The option may be accepted by a participant within 28 days from the date of the offer of the grant of the option on the assumption of a consideration of HK\$1. An option may be exercised at any time during a period to be determined and notified by the directors of KLHL to each grantee, and in the absence of such determination, from the date on which the offer of the grant of the option is accepted by the grantee in writing.

37. 優先購股權 (續)**(c) 建滔積層板僱員優先購股權計劃 (續)**

任何根據建滔積層板優先購股權計劃授出之優先購股權所涉及建滔積層板股份之最低認購價必須不能低於以下最高價格：(i)建滔積層板股份於優先購股權授出日期(必須為營業日)之收市價；(ii)建滔積層板股份於緊接優先購股權授出日期前五個營業日之收市價；(iii)建滔積層板股份之面值。

參與者可於獲提呈授出優先購股權之進行之28天內，透過支付代價1港元接納優先購股權。優先購股權可於建滔積層板董事釐定及通知各承授人之期間內隨時行使，倘釐定有關期間，則由優先購股權授出建議獲接納之進行之28天內，或建滔積層板優先購股權計劃之提早終止條文所限。建滔積層板董事可全權酌情向參與者訂定行使所授出之優先購股權前必須持有之最短期間，任何須予達成之表現目標及任何其他須予達成之條件。

37. 優先購股權(續)

(c) 建滔積層板僱員優先購股權計劃(續)

根據建滔積層板優先購股權計劃及建滔積層板任何其他優先購股權計劃授出之所有優先購股權(就此而言不包括按照建滔積層板優先購股權計劃及建滔積層板任何其他優先購股權計劃之條款已失效之優先購股權)獲行使時可予發行之建滔積層板股份總數，合共不得超過建滔積層板於批准建滔積層板優先購股權計劃當日已發行股份總數之10%。

根據建滔積層板優先購股權計劃及建滔積層板任何其他優先購股權計劃所有授出而尚未行使及有待行使之優先購股權獲行使時可予發行之建滔積層板股份數目，最多不得超過建滔積層板不時之已發行股本30%。

於任何十二個月期內向各參與者授出之優先購股權(包括已行使及未行使優先購股權)獲行使而已發行及將予發行之建滔積層板股份總數，不得超過建滔積層板當時已發行股本之1%，除非獲建滔積層板及本公司之股東於股東大會批准則作別論。

年內，優先購股權於二零一一年三月二十一日授出，該等優先購股權的估計公平值約為114,945,000港元。

截至本年報日期，建滔積層板優先購股權計劃下可予發行的建滔積層板股份總數是100,000,000股，相當於已發行建滔積層板股本約

37. SHARE OPTIONS (續)**(c) Employees' share option scheme of KLHL (續)**

At the end of the reporting period, the number of share options granted under the KLHL Scheme for the year ended 31 December 2011 is as follows:

Date of grant	Balance at 1 January 2011	Granted during the year	Cancelled/ Lapsed	Balance at 31 December 2011	Exercise price per share	Exercisable period
	於二零一一年 一月一日的結餘	年內授出	已註銷 失效	於二零一一年 十二月三十一日 的結餘	每股行使價	行使期
授出日期						

Grants of share options to KLHL directors under the Employees' share option scheme of KLHL

37. 優先購股權 (續)**(c) 建滔積層板僱員優先購股權計劃 (續)**

Within the year, the number of share options granted under the Employees' share option scheme of KLHL is as follows:

37. SHARE OPTIONS (續)**(c) Employees' share option scheme of KLHL (續)**

The fair value is calculated using The Black-Scholes option pricing model. The inputs in the model are as follows:

	2011 二零一一年 HK\$ 港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$ 港元
Weighted average share price on the date of grant	於授出日期的加權平均股價	N/A 不適用
Exercise price	行使價	N/A 不適用
Expected volatility	預期波幅	N/A 不適用
Expected life	預期年期	N/A 不適用
Risk-free rate	無風險利率	N/A 不適用
Expected dividend yield	預期股息率	N/A 不適用

Expected volatility is determined by using the historical volatility of the Company's share price over the past one year. The expected life used in the model has been adjusted, based on management's best estimate, for the effect of non-transferability, exercise restrictions and behavioural considerations.

The Group recognised the share option expense of a best estimate HK\$69,052,000 (2010: nil) for the year ended 31 December 2011 in relation to share options granted by KLHL.

The Black-Scholes option pricing model has been used to estimate the fair value of the options. The variable and assumptions used in computing the fair value of the share options are based on the directors' best estimate. The value of an option also differs in different variable of certain objective assumptions.

37. 優先購股權 (續)**(c) 建滔積層板僱員優先購股權計劃 (續)**

該等公平值根據柏力克 - 舒爾斯期權定價模式計算。該模式的輸入數據如下：

預期波幅按本公司去年股價的過往波幅釐定。該模式所用預期年期按管理層對不可轉讓性、行使限制及行為考慮因素的影響的最佳估計作出調整。

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團就建滔積層板授出的優先購股權確認開支總額69,052,000港元(二零一零年：無)。

柏力克 - 舒爾斯期權定價模式用以估計優先購股權公平值。計算優先購股權公平值所用的變數及假設乃按董事的最佳估計作出。優先購股權價值視乎若干主觀假設的不同變數而定。



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

F 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 D 2011 沪 崙 顧衲霏孑零繩樅雋霏ツ霏孑零葢 崙陳樅睢顧衲趨睨 蚩濊薙訕居 瀆國蟻苾祛顧鴉蟻菱苾顧稼蛭ッ觀孑類

39. ACQUISITIONS OF SUBSIDIARIES

During the year ended 31 December 2011, the Group had the following acquisitions of subsidiaries:

- (a) In February 2011, the Group acquired 100% equity interest in a company, principally engaged in the development of land from an independent third party for a cash consideration of approximately HK\$404,555,000. This acquisition is reflected as follows:

39. 收購附屬公司

於截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度內，本集團收購以下一間附屬公司：

- (a) 於二零一一年二月，本集團向一名獨立第三方收購一間主要從事物業發展之公司之100%股權，現金代價約為404,555,000港元。此項收購反映為購買資產。

		HK\$'000 千港元
Consideration transferred:	轉讓之代價：	
Cash paid	支付現金	404,555
Assets acquired and liabilities recognised at the date of acquisition:	於收購日期購入資產及確認負債：	
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	307
Property held for development	待發展物業	404,228
Trade and other receivable and payable	貿易及其他應收賬款及預付款項	12
Bank balance and cash	銀行結餘及現金	36
Trade and other payable	貿易及其他應付賬款	(28)
		404,555
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition:	收購產生之現金流出淨額：	
Cash consideration paid	已付現金代價	(404,555)
Bank balance and cash acquired	購入銀行結餘及現金	36
		(404,519)

39. ACQUISITIONS OF SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2010, the Group had the following acquisitions of subsidiaries:

- (b) In March 2010, the Group acquired 100% equity interest in a company, principally engaged in the development of land, from an independent third party. The cash consideration for the acquisition was HK\$85,800,000. This acquisition has been reflected as a cash outflow.

39. 收購附屬公司(續)

於截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度內，本集團收購下列附屬公司：

- (b) 於二零一零年三月，本集團向一名獨立第三方收購一間主要從事物業發展之公司之100%股權，現金代價約為85,800,000港元。此項收購反映為購買資產。

	HK\$'000 千港元
Consideration transferred:	
Cash paid	85,800
Assets acquired at the date of acquisition:	
Prepayment for acquisition of land lease right	85,800
Outflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the acquisition of a subsidiary:	
Cash consideration paid	(85,800)



39. 收購附屬公司

39. ACQUISITIONS OF SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

(d) In June 2010, the Group acquired 100% equity interest in a company, principally holding a land use right in the PRC for development. The company is an independent subsidiary of the Group. The acquisition cost of HK\$10,526,000. This acquisition has been reflected as a cash outflow.

39. 收購附屬公司(續)

(d) 於二零一零年六月，本集團向一名獨立第三方收購一間主要在中國持有一項土地使用權作重新發展用途之公司之100%權益，現金代價為10,526,000港元。此項收購反映為購買資產。

		HK\$'000 千港元
Consideration transferred:	轉讓之代價：	
Cash paid	支付現金	10,526
Assets acquired at the date of acquisition:	於收購日期購入資產：	
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	249
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃款項	5,943
Other receivable	其他應收賬款	4,252
Bank balance and cash	銀行結餘及現金	82
		10,526
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition:	收購產生之現金流出淨額：	
Cash consideration paid	已付現金代價	(10,526)
Bank balance and cash acquired	購入銀行結餘及現金	82
Net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the acquisition	有關收購之現金及現金等值項目流出淨額	(10,444)

40. DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES

During the year ended 31 December 2011, the Group had the following disposals of subsidiaries:

- (a) In

40. DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2010, the Group had the following disposals of subsidiaries:

- (b) In January 2010, the Group disposed of its entire equity interest in a company, which all engaged in manufacturing and distribution of electronic materials, independent holding of a subsidiary company. The combined net assets of the date of disposal were:

40. 出售附屬公司(續)

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團出售下列附屬公司：

- (b) 於二零一零年一月，本集團向獨立第三方出售主要從事製造及分銷電子原材料之公司之全部股權，現金代價約為115,584,000港元。於出售日期之合併資產淨值如下：

	HK\$'000 千港元
Consideration received:	
Cash received	115,584
Analysis of assets and liabilities over which control was lost:	
Property, plant and equipment	131,256
Non-current assets	172
Prepaid lease payments	1,507
Inventory	37,767
Trade and other receivables	251,317
Bank balance and cash	80,045
Trade and other payables	(262,188)
Bank borrowing	(41,357)
Net assets disposed	198,519
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries:	
Consideration received	115,584
Net assets disposed	(198,519)
Non-controlling interest	82,935
Gain on disposal	
Net cash inflow arising on disposal:	
Cash consideration received	115,584
Less: Bank balance and cash disposed	(80,045)
	35,539

40. DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

- (c) In January 2010, the Group disposed of its entire equity interest in a company, principally engaged in investment holding, an independent subsidiary of the company, for a consideration of HK\$8. The net proceeds are as follows:

	HK\$'000
	千港元

40. 出售附屬公司(續)

- (c) 於二零一零年一月，本集團向一名獨立第三方出售一間主要從事投資控股之公司之全部股權，現金代價約為8港元。於出售日期之資產淨值如下：

40. DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

- (d) In July 2010, the Group disposed of its entire equity interest in a subsidiary, which was engaged in manufacturing and distribution of electronic materials, an independent holding company of the Group. The net proceeds were HK\$469,148,000. The net proceeds are as follows:

40. 出售附屬公司(續)

- (d) 於二零一零年七月，本集團向一名獨立第三方出售主要從事製造及分銷電子原材料之公司之全部股權，總代價約為469,148,000港元。於出售日期之資產淨值如下：

	HK\$'000 千港元
Consideration received:	
Cash received	40,000
Analysis of assets and liabilities over which control was lost:	
Property, plant and equipment	317,273
Prepaid lease payments	5,138
Non-current deposits	6,033
Inventory	75,862
Trade and other receivables	429,322
Bank balances and cash	88,962
Trade and other payables	(403,442)
Bank borrowing	(50,000)
Net proceeds	469,148
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries:	
Contribution received and receivable	469,148
Net proceeds	(469,148)
Gain on disposal	
Net cash outflow arising on disposal:	
Cash contribution received	40,000
Less: Bank balances and cash disposed	(88,962)
	(48,962)

41. COMMITMENTS

	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Capital expenditure contracted for but not provided in the consolidated financial statements in respect of:		
acquisition of lease, land and equipment	- 購買物業、廠房及設備	708,533
acquisition of lease	- 購買物業	503,344
capital injection in an unlisted enterprise	- 非上市投資之注資額	18,917
Capital expenditure incurred for acquisition of lease, land and equipment accounted for by contract but not provided	已授權但未訂約於收購物業、廠房及設備之資本開支	
		1,230,794

42. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

- (a) During the year ended 31 December 2010, the Company's subsidiary, Kai King Elec & Elec No.3 Company Limited (KPEE#3) was involved in a general liability claim and proceeding with one of its PRC customers amounting to a claim of RMB30,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$34,017,000), arising from some negative feedback from the end user of the assembled and contracting PCB supplied by KPEE#3.

KPEE#3 has reached a compromise agreement with its PRC customer and paid a claim of RMB7,500,000 (a claim of HK\$9,000,000) on November 24, 2011 as a full and final settlement against the original claim amount of RMB30,000,000. Accordingly, both the PRC customer and the KPEE#3 have finally and irrevocably discharged and free of any obligation.

42. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (續)

- (b) During the year ended 31 December 2011, KLHL Group and KBCF have been named a defendant in the Supreme Court of Bermuda in respect of an allegation of the affairs of KBCF have been and are being conducted in a manner which is likely to be fraudulent in the interests of KBCF. The directors are seeking an order of the court that the KBCF's have held by the directors be fixed by a final order of the Supreme Court of Bermuda. As at 31 December 2011, the Supreme Court of Bermuda has not made the claim and the directors have advised KLHL and KBCF that they have amended their position taking action to counter the allegation. Management and KLHL's liability for the claim has been identified by the directors as a claim which is likely to be incurred in the future and is a liability. Accordingly, no provision for liability has been made in connection with this claim.

42. 或然負債(續)

- (b) 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度，建滔積層板集團及KBCF在百慕達高級法院被控KBCF事務已經或現正進行的方式乃壓榨或不合理地不利於KBCF少數股東。呈請人尋求法院判建滔積層板按估值師或百慕達高級法院釐定的價格購買所有呈請人所持KBCF股份。於二零一一年十二月三十一日，百慕達高級法院並未撤銷該等申索，而法律顧問告知建滔積層板及KBCF在對指控進行抗辯前等待經修訂的呈請。管理層及建滔積層板法律顧問認為，該等申索並無理據，屬性質猜測並處於非常早期階段。因此，概無就該申索計提責任撥備。



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

F 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

根據本集團訂立之租約，所有租賃款項之

43. OPERATING LEASES ()

43. 經營租約 (續)

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
The Group as lessor	本集團作為出租人 授權人：		
Rental income credited to the consolidated income statement during the year ending 31 December 2011 (2010: HK\$48,664,000)	於年內計入綜合收益表之租金收入，已扣除支銷約 59,213,000 港元 (二零一零年：48,664,000 港元)		77,015
Licence income credited to the consolidated income statement during the year ending 31 December 2011 (2010: nil)	於年內計入綜合收益表之授權使用收入，已扣除支銷約 11,290 港元 (二零一零年：無)		

The Group's investments in properties are held for long-term capital appreciation. The Group has entered into operating leases with tenants for periods ranging from one to seven years. At the end of the reporting period, the Group had contracted with tenants for the following minimum lease terms:

本集團之投資物業均按預早釐定之定額租金租予外界人士，租期最長為七年。於報告期間結束當日，本集團已與租戶訂立合約，可於日後收取之最低租賃款項如下：

		2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year	於一年內		63,414
After one year but not more than five years	於一年後但於五年內		28,189
After five years	於五年後		265
			91,868

43. OPERATING LEASES (continued)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had contracted in advance to receive the following future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases:

Included in the amount within one year is the future minimum licence fee amount of HK\$90,000,000 arising from the licence agreement. The Group has licensed a site and committed the Licensee from the licence agreement as follows:

Within the first eleven months of the licence, either the Group or the Licensee may terminate the licence agreement at its discretion, being on the other hand no less than one month notice in writing and paying the other party HK\$1,000,000 as compensation. A mutually agreed termination has been reached.

After the first eleven months of the licence, the Group may terminate the licence agreement at its discretion, being on the other hand no less than one month notice in writing.

44. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

At 31 December 2011, the Group's bank deposits of HK\$133,245,000 (2010: HK\$121,636,000) are pledged to bank under the banking facilities of the Group.

43. 經營租約 (續)

於報告期間結束當日，本集團已與租戶訂立合約，根據不可撤銷之經營租約可於日後收取之最低租約付款如下：

一年內之金額包括因授權使用協議產生的未來最低授權使用費付款90,000,000港元。根據授權使用協議，本集團授權獲授權人使用的授權使用資產及承擔如下：

在授權使用首十二個月，本集團或獲授權人可行使全權酌情權，向另一方發出不少於一個月事先書面通知，並向另一方支付1,000,000港元或雙方書面協議的其他金額，終止授權使用協議。

在授權使用首十二個月後，本集團可向獲授權人發出不少於一個月事先書面通知，終止授權使用協議。

44. 資產質押

於二零一一年十二月三十一日，本集團銀行存款133,245,000港元(二零一零年：121,636,000港元)質押予銀行，作為本集團銀行融資的抵押品。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

46. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Group entered into the following significant transactions with related parties during the year:

46. 有關連人士交易

本集團與有關連人士在年內進行之重大交易如下：

	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Sale of goods to subsidiaries of the Company's controlling shareholder		170,242
Purchase of goods from subsidiaries of the Company's controlling shareholder		358,370
Sale of goods to a minority shareholder of a subsidiary		227,302
Purchase of goods from a minority shareholder of a subsidiary		19,665
Purchase of goods from an associate		199,660

During the year ended 31 December 2010, the Group sold 35,500,000 shares of KLHL to a subsidiary of the Company at a consideration of HK\$269,800,000 (2011: nil).

Included in trade and other receivable and payable amounts are:





49. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY

49. 本公司主要附屬公司詳情(續)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and operation 註冊成立 登記及營業地點	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital 已發行及繳足股本 註冊資本	Effective equity interest held by the Group 本集團持有 之實際股權	Principal activities 主要業務
			2011 二零一一年 %	2010 二零一零年 %
Heng Yang Kingboard Chemical Co., Ltd. 衡陽建滔化工有限公司	PRC ¹ 中國 ¹	HK\$30,000,000 30,000,000港元	100	Manufacture and distribution of chlorine soda 製造及分銷燒碱
Kingboard (Lianhua) Fibre Glass Co. Limited 建滔(連州)玻璃纖維有限公司	PRC ¹ 中國 ¹	US\$13,700,000 13,700,000美元	66.02	Manufacture and distribution of glass fabric 製造及分銷玻璃纖維布
Kingboard Corporate Holding Limited ²	Bahamas [#] 百慕達 [#]	US\$72,250,000 72,250,000美元	42.63 ⁺	Investment holding 投資控股
Kingboard Investment Limited 建滔投資有限公司	Hong Kong [#] 香港 [#]	HK\$8,000 8,000港元	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Kingboard Laminate Holding Limited 建滔積層板控股有限公司	Cayman Islands [#] 開曼群島 [#]	HK\$300,000,000 300,000,000港元	66.02	Investment holding 投資控股
Kingboard Laminate (Jiangmen) Co., Ltd. 江門建滔積層板有限公司	PRC ¹ 中國 ¹	HK\$189,491,052 189,491,052港元	66.02	Manufacture and distribution of laminate 製造及分銷覆銅面板
Kingboard (Jiangsu) Chemical Co., Ltd. 建滔(江蘇)化工有限公司	PRC ¹ 中國 ¹	US\$28,000,000 28,000,000美元	66.02	Manufacture and distribution of chemical 製造及分銷化工產品



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

F 附註 31 D 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度 麗訊 銳騰 寶麟 倫蠟 房 邦朗 蠟ノ 陨 * 竣 湛 滙

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

Financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and operation 註冊成立 登記及營業地點	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital 已發行及繳足股本 註冊資本	Effective equity interest		Principal activities
			held by the Group		
			本集團持有		
			之實際股權		
			2011	2010	
			二零一一年	二零一零年	
			%	%	
Guangzhou Yili Elec & Elektronik Technology Limited 廣州依利安達微通科技有限公司	PRC ² 中國 ²	US\$24,800,000 24,800,000美元		67.86	Manufacture and distribution of PCB 製造及分銷印刷線路板
Elec & Elek (Thailand) Limited	Thailand 泰國	Bah 780,000,000			



RESULTS

Year ended 31 December

截至十二月三十一日止年度

2007

2008

2009

2010

2011

KB

建滔化工